, 15c. Second floor.
ginghams; white
ink, green and blue
The lowest price at
en sold, a yd., 15c
Suitings—white
with a fancy woven
nd stripe; an imported
a yard..... 15c
rized Waistings—white
with blue, pink, red,
nd yellow stripes and
a yard..... 15c
Values
ns, patterns we are
kly. Also special
First floor.
broideries—All 17 in.
5c, 35c and..... 25c
broidered Flouncings—
lish eyelet 45c
roideries—Odd widths
reduced from 15c, 18c,
d to 15c and..... 10c
mmer.

learing.
ch covers, etc., re-
Sixth floor.
Tapestry portieres, with
cord edges, in oriental
effects, reduced from
.....$7.50
.50 to.....$5.00
.00 to.....$3.75
imported tapestry por-
$20.00 and $22.50 to,
.....$15.00
od oriental effects, re-
00 and.....$2.75
rich glass embroidered
from $4.50 and $4.00
.....$2.25
samples of $1.50 to
.....$7.50
s, 10c
Acorn Library,
ecent fire. The
floor, Wabash-av.
the various
nd tastefully
tative titles:
y. A. Strickland.
in the World's His-
g.
Africa. Charles
nd His Marshals.
n and His Generals.
kson. J. S. Jenkins.
De Segur.
enry Harrison. H.
Rev. John Fleet-
Special.
English mohairs
hing suits. 2d floor.
h mohair Sicilian, in
splendid quality, a
..... 75c
h mohair Sicilian, in
navy blue, and brown,
.....$1.00
am voile, a good cloth
ear, a yard..... 25c
Floor
ll Kinds.
e, variety and
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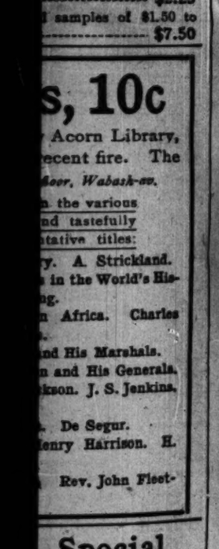

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VOLUME LXIV—NO. 164. TUESDAY, JULY 11, 1905. ☆ ☆ PRICE TWO CENTS.

CALHOUN CHOSEN VENEZUELA ENVOY

Chicago Lawyer, as President's Confidential Agent, Will Decide Equity of Asphalt Company's Claims.

CASTRO'S FATE IN DOUBT.

Roosevelt's Policy Depends on the Report, Which May Recommend Drastic Action in Settlement with Republic.

BY RAYMOND.

Washington, D. C., July 10.—[Special.]—President Roosevelt has decided to get at the truth regarding Venezuela.

He will send a special commissioner to investigate the situation, and on the report of that confidential agent will make his own decision as to how to treat President Castro and his government.

That this report may carry additional weight he has decided upon a man who has had experience in such delicate work. This confidential agent of the president of the United States is no less a person than William J. Calhoun, the Chicago lawyer who was sent by President McKinley on a similar mission to Cuba seven years ago. War followed then, but it may not now.

As a matter of course, the appointment of Mr. Calhoun has not been announced officially. Inquiries have been made, however, of the navy and state departments regarding the powers to be given Mr. Calhoun and the best means of transporting him to and from South America. In this way the president's intentions have begun to leak out.

Aftermath of Bowen Quarrel.

It is recognized at once that the appointment of a confidential commissioner or special envoy is a serious step. It is a course not resorted to except under peculiar diplomatic conditions. The necessity for it arises from the Loomis-Bowen difficulty and the apparent impossibility of getting at the truth through the ordinary diplomatic channels.

Our new minister to Venezuela, Mr. Russell, is entirely unfamiliar with the situation there. Besides that, President Castro has the habit of running off to a nest of his own in the mountains, and in his absence ordinary diplomatic work is suspended, because a South American dictator generally runs his own state department, whoever may be the nominal foreign minister.

Mr. Calhoun's mission is principally to present a report, based on personal observations, as to whether the American Asphalt company has been deprived of its property according to law; and, secondly, as to whether the Venezuelan courts are independent in their decisions or controlled absolutely by President Castro.

Must Determine Court's Impartiality.

The asphalt company has asserted all along that it was being cheated out of its valuable lake by Castro, who had sold the rights to a rival concern. It has been claimed from the outset that after having milked the American company for years, Castro had decided to raise a large sum of money for his personal needs by selling the concession over again.

To avoid the charge of violating his contract, it is alleged that the Venezuelan president referred the matter to the courts. When the magistrates at first found against him and in favor of the American company, he, the asphalt people assert, promptly "reorganized" the Supreme court, and did it so effectually that ever since then the Bermudez Asphalt company has been pushed out of all its holdings, Venezuelan soldiers being employed to compel the Americans to retire from their own property.

It is a well settled principle of international law that no nation has the right to take up the affairs of its own citizens when the case is in process of adjudication by a foreign court, if, however, it cannot be shown that the courts either deny justice absolutely or are manipulated to the disadvantage of the foreigners.

Requires Delicate Handling.

There is, then, an opening for diplomatic treatment. It is this delicate question which the commissioner to Venezuela will be called upon to decide.

As a matter of course, President Castro insists that his courts are beyond suspicion, and he has taken the natural ground of refusing to submit to arbitration the question of whether they are trustworthy or not.

The American Asphalt people undoubtedly have been thrown out of a valuable property. There has been, however, a strong color of correct legal procedure, and, while it is true that troops were used and force employed to dispossess the Americans, it was all done by virtue of an order of the court, which is regular enough on its face.

Few diplomatic missions require more delicate handling than the work which has been imposed on Mr. Calhoun by President Roosevelt. He will be expected to determine for himself the general integrity of the highest legal tribunal of Venezuela, at least so far as concerns the things in which the president of that republic is interested.

Among the papers on file in the state department is the direct charge that President Castro has corrupted his own court for the express purpose of seizing the valuable property of the asphalt company and using it for his own benefit.

Counter Charges Are Serious.

On the other hand, President Castro has insisted from the outset that the American asphalt company has fomented revolution against him and put up money to keep the factions on its feet, and that the asphalt people, therefore, are responsible for the bloodshed and money spent in putting down the rebellion.

Furthermore, is alleged by Venezuela that the asphalt company deliberately violated the fundamental terms of its concession, and that it was seeking to defy the Venezuelan government by calling upon the United States to protect it in its alleged rights on the asphalt lake.

Confidential Commissioner Calhoun, it was

(Continued on page 4, column 2.)

SUMMARY OF The Daily Tribune.

TUESDAY, JULY 11, 1905.

THE WEATHER—

FORECAST—Partly cloudy Tuesday and Wednesday, with probably showers Tuesday, not much change in temperature, variable winds, mostly easterly.

Sunrise, 4:26; sunset, 7:27. Moonset, 12:22 a. m.

CONDITIONS YESTERDAY.

Temperature, max. 68, min. 61, mean 65, normal for the day 70. Deficiency for 1905, 236.

Precipitation for 24 hours to 7 p. m., .71. Excess for 1905, .53 inch.

Wind, N. E., max. 20 miles an hour, at 8:30 a. m.

Relative humidity, 7 a. m. 99%, 7 p. m. 89%.

LARGEST 2 CENT MORNING CIRCULATION IN THE WORLD.

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The Tribune Want Columns Will Be Found on Pages 9, 10, 11, 12.

WASHINGTON.

W. J. Calhoun, Chicago attorney, chosen confidential agent of President Roosevelt in Venezuela to determine equity of asphalt company's claims and administration's policies. Page 1.

Joseph L. Bristow, special Panama railroad commissioner, urged many changes in management and operation of property. Page 4.

One of Root's first undertakings will be to straighten tangle in administration of dependencies, says Richard Weightman. Page 6.

Secretary Bonaparte of Navy told Christian Endeavorers government's great evil is dishonesty. Page 6.

RUSSO-JAPANESE WAR.

Peace, plenipotentiaries will meet at Portsmouth, N. H. Page 5.

Outbreak at Libau caused by orders to kill twenty-three naval mutineers. Firing squad shot officers. Page 5.

FOREIGN.

Field Marshal Roberts said British army was incapable of defending England; warned nation to prepare for war. Page 5.

Premier Rouvier of France announced terms of agreement with Germany concerning Morocco. Page 5.

Charter given William Penn by William and Mary will be auctioned in England. Page 5.

LOCAL.

Council gave permit to Metropolitan "L" to carry freight; postponed till fall Northwestern "L" and St. Paul railway franchise. Page 1.

Ambitious diamond swindle netted projector $640 worth of stones, and only merest chance prevented much larger gain. Page 1.

Julia Berger, miniature painter, died as result of nervous shock suffered at Iroquois fire. Page 1.

Shea threatens to call out drivers if expressmen make deliveries to strike bound firms. Page 2.

Mayor's reappointment of Fire Chief Campion aroused enthusiasm. Page 2.

Forty-three policemen will be retired if age limit of 60 is fixed. Page 3.

Admitted that Chicago is no place for Walter Scott of Death's Valley to spend many thousands in day. Page 3.

Broker C. R. Beatty committed suicide on day set for his elopement. Page 3.

Suicide of L. W. Stone brought to light family feud; coroner's jury found real estate dealer committed suicide. Page 4.

Painting by Alfred Juergens dedicated in St. Paul's Lutheran church Sunday was presented by widow washerwoman. Page 3.

Dilapidated house presented to Hamline vacation school and pupils are to rehabilitate it as lesson in domestic science. Page 7.

Carter H. Harrison asked board of review to increase his assessment, saying assessors overlooked stocks. Page 14.

In tunnel case Lawyer Sears set up plea that alteration of printed report is not forgery. Page 14.

DOMESTIC.

New York insurance department investigation showed up facts about Equitable society more startling than Hendricks' report. Page 1.

People's United States bank of St. Louis closed by state; E. G. Lewis may face criminal prosecution. Page 5.

Prof. N. C. Dougherty, answering Miss Haley, says educational association funds are well guarded. Page 7.

Gov. Folk said universal graft prosecutions show moral awakening, proclaiming new "clean" era. Page 13.

POLITICAL.

Investigation showed how certain west park commissioners make nonsalaried office pay well. Page 2.

Senator Cullom laying plans carefully for new race for toga; Yates delaying campaign. Page 2.

Gov. Deneen told committee of railroad employés he would not interfere with railroad and warehouse commission in reduction in freight rates. Page 4.

Foes of Teachers' Federation slated Edward Tilden for president of school board. Page 7.

NEW YORK.

Ten deaths and more than forty prostrations from heat were reported to police. Page 4.

Arthur Neely, Chicago, forced to jump from window by fire and killed. Page 4.

TRADE AND INDUSTRY.

Federal court approved sale of forty acres of old bank tract for the sum of $125,000. Page 12.

New York stock market received check at opening by selling on anti-dividend rumors. Page 12.

Subway stock advanced on local exchange on purchases from inside. Page 13

SPORTING.

Chicago Nationals batted Pitcher Case hard in couple of innings at Pittsburg and started eastern invasion with a 4 to 1 victory. Page 8.

Rain prevented first game advertised between Boston and White Stockings on latter's grounds; Cleveland beaten at home by Athletics. Page 8.

Brighton Beach racetrack patrons experience day of surprises, five favorites losing. Page 8.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Port.	Arrived.	Sailed.
BOULOGNE		Rhaetia.
DOVER	Zeeland	
GLASGOW	Pretorian	
GLASGOW	Caledonia	
LIVERPOOL	Canada	
NEW YORK	Vaderland	
NEW YORK	Montserrat	
NEW YORK	Minnehaha	
NEW YORK	Ryndam	
PALERMO		Pannonia.
PLYMOUTH	W. Grosse	
SAN FRAN	Korea	
SAN FRAN	Sierra	

HENDRICKS ONLY TOUCHED SURFACE

Records of Superintendent's Equitable Hearing Show Much Greater Graft than Did His Report.

TRY TO SHIELD BOODLERS?

Evidence Exposed Big Frauds, Many of Which Were Not Mentioned; Interesting Sidestepping of Facts.

New York, July 10.—[Special.]—Revelations far more startling than those in the report of Supt. Hendricks are contained in the testimony taken in the state insurance department's investigation of the Equitable Life Assurance society.

Senator Chauncey M. Depew testified that the Depew Improvement company, in which he was interested, obtained a loan from the Equitable of $250,000 on property which the state insurance department valued at only $150,000. He admitted that neither principal nor interest had been paid, and that the Equitable had been forced to foreclose.

He admitted that as a member of the executive committee of the Equitable he had not advised this loan, but had voted for it. He confessed to making a promise that the Equitable should be remunerated, but in the same breath said that promise was not binding legally.

Schiff Denies the Records.

Jacob H. Schiff, confronted with records of the Equitable that Kuhn, Loeb & Co. had sold a large amount of Union Pacific preferred stock to the society, swore that these records were false. In various sales of bonds to the Equitable by his firm he admitted that a large loss was shown. He confessed that he had been a dummy director, but said that since the Equitable scandal developed he had bought five shares of stock, paying $2,000 a share.

It appeared from his testimony and that of Mr. Hyde and others that the Equitable had taken $2,000,000 worth of Union Pacific preferred, apparently at the suggestion of E. H. Harriman. It appeared that this stock was taken under a syndicate agreement that it should not be sold, making the deal a speculative one. No record of this agreement was put in evidence. Mr. Hyde said Mr. Harriman had it, but Harriman was not called as a witness.

Alexander Admits Juggling.

President Alexander admitted that he was in eight syndicates that sold securities to the Equitable. In the case of only two of these did he ostensibly pay back profits to the society. These profits amounted to $40,000, but he was forced to admit that the Equitable had not yet got the money, it being in the hands of a trustee. He admitted sanctioning leases of Equitable property to Hyde's safe deposit companies at nominal rentals, to the great loss of the society.

James H. Hyde admitted participation in eight syndicates that sold securities to the Equitable. He swore positively that President Alexander was in all of these knowingly. He admitted that the $61,000 he had ostensibly paid back to the Equitable had never reached the treasury.

William H. McIntyre, the close friend of Mr. Hyde, testified to the big profits made out of the Equitable by the Hyde syndicates. He said Hyde and Alexander apportioned the shares of the gains to the participants. In one deal alone he said $95,000 was cleared.

Hyde's Bakeoff Enormous.

Alvin W. Krech, president of the Equitable Trust company, told how young Mr. Hyde had made large profits out of the increase in capitalisation of the trust company, while the Equitable, which might have profited largely, really had sustained losses.

The testimony given by Supt. Hendricks, as did his report, reveals a remarkable effort to shield Mr. Harriman, friend of ex-Gov. Odell.

What Was Harriman's Graft?

The following interesting items were omitted from Supt. Hendricks' report:

1. The testimony contains references to an auditor's detailed statement of $7,900,000 of "commissions, advertising, expenses, postage, and exchange."

Where is this statement and what are the items of it? Who else got counsel fees and drew advertising money besides Root, Hill, and Depew?

2. When Mr. Harriman appeared before Supt. Hendricks, was it as a witness or for what purpose? If as a witness, where is his testimony? Why is Mr. Harriman eliminated from the report?

3. What was done with the Union Pacific-Harriman agreement which Hyde testified Harriman would not let him see?

4. Why was Equitable Trust company stock sold to Harriman for $500 a share at a time when the Equitable society was buying it for $1,025?

5. Were the Equitable society's loans on Harriman securities made to Kuhn, Loeb & Co., or to Mr. Harriman?

Mr. Schiff denied that the loans were made to Kuhn, Loeb & Co. The books of the Equitable society show that they were made to Kuhn, Loeb & Co. Were they not, in fact, made to Harriman and under the authority of a resolution of an executive committee, adopted on Feb. 2, 1904?

Did not Mr. Hyde and Mr. Snyder as a subcommittee furnish Mr. Harriman with funds which were used to put up Union Pacific on the stock exchange?

Depew on Salaries.

In his testimony, when asked as to how he earned his $20,000 salary from the Equitable, Mr. Depew said his advice was often asked, and "of course freely given."

As a salary raiser, Mr. Depew said he lifted young Hyde's salary to $100,000 a year at Hyde's request because of what his father did. He raised Alexander's to make it even with Hyde's.

Mr. Schiff, when confronted with absolute proof of charges against him, seems never to have lost his remarkable self-possession. When shown records of transactions between his firm and the Equitable not allowed by the insurance regulations, Mr. Schiff's virtue still stood the test. The records were wrong, he said.

Samples of Schiff's Equanimity.

A sample of his testimony follows:

Q.—The record shows that the Equitable Life Assurance company paid to Kuhn, Loeb & Co. on Jan 22, 1903, $500,000 for $500,000 of that stock; on July 16, 1903, it paid $900,000 to Kuhn, Loeb & Co. for $900,000 of that stock; and on July 26, 1904, paid $270,000 for $380,000 of that stock. They say Snyder and Deming were the only men at the finance committee meeting on July 26, but on the one of July 16 were present Mr. Squire, Mr. Schiff, Mr. Snyder, and Mr. Deming.

A.—I can't remember details of these, but I

(Continued on page 3, column 3.)

THE RECEPTION COMMITTEE WAITING TO GREET MR. SCOTT OF CALIFORNIA.

Arrangements have been made for the reception of Mr. Scott of Los Angeles, who is coming east on a special train to show us how to really spend money. Two thousand well known citizens will welcome him at the station, where a short speech will be made by Shifty Nike, president of the Itinerant Banking corporation. He has been cautioned not to refer to tainted money. The receiving committee will then form in line, with Mr. Scott in the middle, and the procession will proceed to the lake front to witness the scene of the explosion. Mr. Scott will then be provided with carfare and the committee will disperse as quickly as convenient.

OBTAINS JEWELS BY A TRICK

Ingenious Man Gets $640 Worth of Diamonds and Escapes.

SENDS BOGUS MONEY ORDERS.

One Carat Stones to Be Delivered to "George Montgomery."

An ambitious swindle concocted in Buffalo and developed in Chicago has engaged the attention of the postoffice secret service department for a week, and at the same time aroused the liveliest interest among Chicago diamond dealers.

While an accident lost the thief the full amount of the plunder he expected, he got away with at least four one carat diamond rings, each valued at $160, before the alarm was sounded. Even then he escaped easily, and may be working the game in some other big city.

All that is known of him is that he claimed the name, D. M. Maxwell, is Buffalo, and elected to be called George E. Montgomery during the three days he spent in Chicago in a Michigan avenue boarding house.

Asks Quotations on Diamonds.

The first that Chicago jewelers heard of him came through letters, signed "Maxwell," and asking for quotations on one carat diamond rings. Each recipient mailed a price letter back. That was ten days ago.

Included in the firms who quoted prices were Hyman, Berg & Co., Siegel, Cooper & Co., S. T. Altemus & Co., Charles E. Graves & Co., the Edmund-Walker company, Herbert L. Joseph & Bro., the R. Chester Frost company, Mandel Bros., the C. D. Peacock company, A. E. Ziehme & Co., Marshall Field & Co., Rodden & Co., and Marshall & Co.

By return mail each firm received an order for a ring. In every case the "money" for payment was sent in the form of money orders, an order for $100 and another for $60. But "Mr. Maxwell" did not want the rings sent to Buffalo. He explained delicately that he was buying the ring as a gift for a "dear friend, Mr. George E. Montgomery, who lives at 1637 Michigan avenue." He inclosed an engraved card, on the back of which he expressed in courteous, solicitous terms the regard he felt for his dear old friend, whom he begged to accept the ring as a memento. This card he asked each dealer to send with the ring to "Mr. Montgomery."

Comes as "Mr. Montgomery."

Inspector James E. Stewart has evidence which convinces him that "Mr. Maxwell" left Buffalo on the same train with his orders and that he arrived in Chicago on July 8 in time to be ready, in the rôle of "Mr. Montgomery," to accept the diamond rings when they should be delivered.

Some hours before his departure a package of money orders disappeared from the Buffalo postoffice. They are the money orders which are believed to have been mailed on the Chicago mission.

But fate was not kind to the ingenious traveler in one particular. It did not warn him that two of the Chicago houses to whom he sent orders were closely allied. When the firm of Herbert L. Joseph & Bro., 213 State street, received an order from "Maxwell," and the manager found that the R. Chester Frost company, 148 State street, had received an identical order, the postoffice authorities were notified.

Four firms, however, already had sent the parcels before the warning could be passed around. The messengers from two others waited for "Montgomery" on the night of July 6, but he had scented peril and gone.

The landlady of the boarding house at 1637 told Inspector Stuart that her boarder was at least partly honest.

"I lost $30," she said, "and he found it and returned it to me."

FRENCH WARSHIP VIOLATES RULES OF NAVAL ETIQUETTE.

Col. Thorpe of Baltimore Artillery District Received No Salute and Will Not Allow Officers to Return Call.

Baltimore, Md., July 10.—[Special.]—As a result of strained official relations between Col. Frank Thorpe, commandant at Fort Howard, and Capt. Gervais, of the French cruiser Jarien de la Graviere, which came into port last week on a friendly visit, no officer of the artillery district of Baltimore has yet stepped aboard the French vessel or doffed his hat to its commander.

The failure to exchange courtesies is the outgrowth of a technical misunderstanding. When the big French ship arrived last week Forts Howard, Smallwood, Armistead, and Carroll were passed without the slightest recognition in the form of an official salute from the warship.

Upon dropping anchor almost off Fort McHenry the big guns of the Jarien de la Graviere boomed out a salute, which was responded to at Fort Howard, headquarters of Col. Thorpe, commandant of the artillery district.

Lieut. Col. Crawford's headquarters are at Fort McHenry, and a day or two following the Frenchman's arrival in port Capt. Gervais and his aide, Lieut. Jules Cayrol, who acts as interpreter for his chief, made an official call upon Lieut. Col. Crawford, and were most hospitably received. Officers of the local post prepared to return the visit attired in full uniform, the lieutenant colonel heading the procession. Just as they were about to leave the post, an order was promulgated that no officer could visit the warship.

GEN. FRED FUNSTON'S FATHER ARRESTED FOR FREE TALK.

Former Congressman in Toils of Law Because He Criticised Lax Policemen at Iola, Kas.

Iola, Kas., July 10.—E. H. Funston, former congressman and father of Brig. Gen. Fred Funston, was arrested here tonight charged with inflammatory utterances. In talking of the explosion which blew up three saloons here last night he said the occurrence would have been avoided if the officers had done their duty in enforcing the laws.

Funston resisted the policeman who attempted to arrest him and a fight resulted in which the policeman struck Funston, strapped him to his buggy, and took him to jail. Later Funston was released and he swore out a warrant for the policeman.

The policeman charged that Funston came to town with a revolver and a rifle, that he bought some cartridges and had them in his buggy when arrested. His hearing was set for next Saturday.

THEY DIDN'T WEAR TROUSERS.

Teacher of Military Tactics Forgets His Class Is Composed of Women—They Applaud a "Break."

New Haven, Conn., July 10.—[Special.]—Capt. Smoke, in charge of military tactics at the summer school here, during the lecture today on the rudiments of drill, branched off on the subject, "Standing at Attention." The room was nearly full of women, for this seems to have become a popular course with young ladies who want to know all about theoretical war. Only a handful of men were present. The captain has explained these things to his Yale boys so often he now repeats them glibly without thinking of what he is saying.

"In standing at attention," he said, quoting the words of the manual, "let the arms and hands hang naturally by the sides, with the little finger opposite the seam of the trousers."

The cheering section among the young women immediately was heard when Capt. Smoke talked about trousers, and the lecture had a break in it of several minutes before the gallant captain was allowed to proceed.

SHOCK OF IROQUOIS FATAL.

Julia Berger Escapes Fire to Die Long After as Result of It.

PAINTER OF MINIATURES.

Never Recovers from Fright and Horror of the Disaster.

Miss Julia Berger, miniature painter and favorite granddaughter of George Schneider, aged ex-banker and one of the most prominent Germans in the west, escaped from the Iroquois disaster to die finally, after eighteen months, from the lingering effects of a nervous shock incurred in making her escape. Her funeral will be held from the residence of her father, Robert Berger, 45 Roslyn place, this afternoon. The interment will be at Rosehill.

Miss Berger attended the matinée performance of "Mr. Bluebeard" with her friend, Miss Ada Lake. Her seat was near the rear of the playhouse. The girl, who had been graduated the preceding June from the Chicago Art institute, was on the verge of realizing her ambitions. She had worked hard at her miniature painting, had won prizes in different exhibitions throughout the country, and had received the appreciation of many fellow artists.

Usher Tries to Bar Escape.

During that holiday week she relaxed her energies. The work, although pleasant, had been confining. So she decided to attend the performance at the recently opened Iroquois. When the tiny flame caught the flimsy stage drapery, Miss Berger was one of the first to notice that something was wrong. Despite the reassurances of Eddie Foy from the stage, the girl and her companion left their seats.

Emerging into the aisle, they found the exit barred. An usher, with his arms outstretched, is said to have closed the way. The girl, however, was not to be turned back. Struggling with the usher, just as the tide of flame swept over the gallery, withering hundreds of lives, Miss Berger, dragging her companion with her, broke through the door and found herself finally safe in the fresh air. She returned home almost overcome by fright and shock.

Never Recovers from Shock.

From that day she was not the same. An affection at the throat set in, and her work languished. Last January she resumed her painting. But it was the last time. With an old daguerreotype before her, the photograph of one of her ancestors, she painted her last miniature. It was exhibited in Philadelphia and, much to the delight of the artist, won an "H. M."

From the time of the fire Miss Berger was unable to sleep well. That assisted in the undermining of her health. The end was quiet. As her friends expressed it, "she laid her brush aside and went to sleep." Her family declared last night that the death was directly traceable to the shock of the fire horror.

Miss Berger was born June 19, 1888. She attended the Kirkland school, and subsequently was graduated from the Art institute in the class of 1903. While at the institute her company was indispensable at every frolic and ball given by the students.

PRINCE KARL TO RULE NORWAY?

Said That Throne Has Been Offered Second Son of King of Denmark.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

CHRISTIANIA, July 10.—It is stated that the throne of Norway has been offered Prince Karl of Denmark, second son of King Christian. It is not known if he will accept. If he does, the youngest daughter of King Edward of Great Britain will become the queen of Norway, she having married Prince Karl in 1896.

COUNCIL ACTS ON "L" ROAD GRANTS.

Gives Metropolitan a Ten Year Franchise for Doing a Freight and Express Business.

DELAY FOR NORTH SHORE

Ordinance Permitting Electrification of St. Paul Line Referred Back for Report in the Fall.

WORK OF CITY COUNCIL.

Granted Metropolitan elevated railway right to carry freight and express for ten years.

Referred the Milwaukee and St. Paul ordinance back to committee to be brought up again in fall.

Received from the mayor the reappointment of John Campion as fire chief, of L. E. McGann as controller, the appointment of James Hamilton Lewis as corporation counsel to succeed Edgar B. Tolman, and a number of other appointments of lesser importance.

Passed ordinance providing for greater comfort and safety for passengers in street cars.

Passed the ordinance providing for establishing of bureau of compensation.

Settled remuneration for former City Treasurer Hummel by allowing him $30,000 for his two years' administration.

Provided for referendum on charter and municipal electric light measures.

Adjourned to Sept. 25.

The city council before its summer adjournment last night dealt with two pieces of traction legislation. By a vote of 53 to 13 it granted the Metropolitan Elevated railway the right to conduct a freight and express transportation business for ten years.

After a succession of squabbles, which verged on personalities, the aldermen deferred further consideration of the Northwestern Elevated and St. Paul railway extension to the first meeting of the council in the fall.

The council also received from the mayor the reappointment of Fire Chief Campion, the appointment of J. Hamilton Lewis as corporation counsel, and several other selections, as stated in another column.

As to the Metropolitan "L" ordinance, the officials of that road will not recognise their own measure this morning. As Ald. Foreman put it, the council "didn't leave anything of the original but the enacting clause and the title." The term of the grant was reduced from thirty-seven to ten years, the compensation was increased, and the road was directed to place arc lights at all street crossings. These changes were made in the midst of some spectacular aldermanic squabbling, after which Ald. Raymer, who fought hard to save the original provisions, declared the company would never accept the city's terms.

Report of Committee.

As it came from the local transportation committee the ordinance provided that the elevated road should be allowed to conduct a freight transportation busines on all parts of its system except the Union loop, and except during the rush hours of the morning and night. The grant was to extend to 1942, the date of the termination of the franchise of the road itself.

As soon as Chairman Werno of the transportation committee called the ordinance up for passage, Ald. Snow was on his feet with an amendment reducing the term of the grant to twenty years.

"This carrying of freight and express on elevated railways is a new idea," he said. "We do not know how it will work out. Perhaps it will prove to be a nuisance to the traveling public. The railway may find the business so profitable that it will neglect its passenger tranportation. Therefore I think we should go slowly. Let us give them a short period in which to try the experiment. I'm not sure but that twenty years is too long a term."

"I am convinced it is," said Ald. Dever, "and I now offer an amendment reducing the term to ten years."

Move to Table Amendments Fails.

At this point Ald. Raymer came to the defense of the railway. He said the Metropolitan would be compelled to expend a large amount of money to get the freight carrying business started and that it could not be expected to make a fair return on the investment in so short a period as ten years. He wound up by moving to table the two amendments, but the motion was lost. The Dever amendment providing for a term of ten years was then adopted.

It was then pointed out that the compensation arrangement would have to be changed to suit this alteration of the term. The council finally adopted Ald. Young's suggestion, making the compensation 5 per cent of the gross receipts for the first five years and 10 per cent for the remainder of the period.

Then Ald. Harkin put in his oar. He said his constituents had instructed him to "lay for" the Metropolitan "L." They wanted the company to light all streets its tracks crossed, and the alderman declared this a good time to exact the concession. He offered an amendment providing that the railway should install arc electric lights at all streets crossed by its structure. The amendment was adopted with a whoop.

Coughlin Opposes Grant.

By this time Ald. Coughlin unlimbered and took a swing at the entire ordinance.

"There's no telling where this thing will lead to," he exclaimed. "If the Metropolitan gets the right to haul freight the Northwestern will want to go into the business, and then the Lake street and Alley 'L.' The tracks will be full of freight trains and we'll forget what a passenger coach looks like.

"Why, they'll probably be bringing loads of hay downtown on the elevated tracks. I move the recommitment of the whole ordinance to the local transportation committee."

Ordinance Passes.

On motion of Ald. Raymer, Ald. Coughlin's motion was laid on the table and then the ordinance passed as amended. The vote stood 53 yeas, 13 nays, as follows:

YEAS.

Harding,	Zimmer,	Schmidt [24th],
Pringle,	Considine,	Hahne,
Foreman,	Riley,	Reinberg,
Richert,	Maypole,	Lippe,
Dailey,	Harkin,	Butler,
McCormick [9th]	Kunz,	Siewert,
Martin,	Nowicki,	Raymer,
Potter,	Dever,	Larsen,
Young,	Stitz,	Bradley,
Snow,	Conlon,	Roberts,
Bennett,	Ryan,	O'Connell,
Jones,	Powers,	Badenoch,
Moynihan,	Finn,	Eidmann,
Harris,	McCormick [8th],	

Scully.	[21st].	Hunt.
Hoffman.	Reese.	Burton.
Cullerton.	Dougherty.	Hunter.
Uhlir.	Werno.	Race—23.
	NAYS.	
Coughlin.	Smith.	Grey.
Dixon.	Dougherty.	Wendling.
Fick.	Sullivan.	Burns.
Hurt.	Schmidt [23d].	Kohout—13.
Sullivan.		

North Shore Crowd in Gallery.

The Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul ordinance, providing for electrifying the Evanston branch of that road north of Wilson avenue, brought a large crowd of interested north shore residents and property owners to the meeting. A test vote taken on an amendment showed plainly that the ordinance would have been passed had it been put to a vote in the form in which it came from the committee on local transportation.

Ald. Williston, representing the Twenty-fifth ward, which is the one affected by the ordinance, asked that the time given the company in which to elevate its tracks be extended from seven years to ten, and, failing in this, asked that further consideration be postponed until next fall, on the ground that he had reason to believe the company would not accept the ordinance with the seven years' limitation.

The discussion developed some of the most lurid oratory recently heard in the council. Ald. Kunz became pathetic in describing the many unfortunate things which would happen to Chicago and its residents if the ordinance was allowed to pass, and Ald. Coughlin and Cullerton were as strenuously opposed to the measure as was the alderman from the Sixteenth ward. Ald. Kunz said the meeting reminded him of the old days when Charles T. Yerkes tried to pass the fifty year franchise ordinance, and made some side remarks about municipal ownership.

Amendments to Safeguard City.

When the ordinance was called up, Chairman Werno of the committee on local transportation sent up some amendments prepared by the corporation counsel. They were intended to safeguard the city's rights against possible chances and provided for a forfeiture of the ordinance rights if the tracks were not elevated in the required seven years, that the work of electrifying be done in eighteen months, that nothing in the ordinance be construed as a change in the rights of the city or the Union Loop company as to their controversy, that the rights of the city to direct a rerouting of trains on the loop be not abrogated, and that no previous franchises of the Milwaukee road be in any ways affected.

These amendments were all agreed to unanimously, and then Ald. Werno sent in one providing for a station on the Northwestern "L" at Lawrence avenue. It was supported by Ald. Kunz and Carey and opposed by Ald. Williston and Raymer, the latter saying Lawrence avenue was only a trifle over two blocks from Wilson avenue, that if this station were granted others at similar short distances must be, and there would be no rapid transit.

Test Vote Taken.

Ald. Williston moved to lay the amendment on the table, and on this came the test vote on the ordinance. The amendment was beaten 37 to 29, the roll call resulting:

YEAS.

Coughlin.	Riley.	Werno.
Harding.	Maypole.	Butler.
Martin.	Kunz.	Stewart.
Moynihan.	Nowicki.	Larson.
Hurt.	Conlon.	Carey.
Scully.	Brennan.	Wendling.
Hoffman.	Ryan.	Burns.
Cullerton.	Powers.	Hunt.
Uhlir.	Dougherty.	Kohout—29.
Considine.	Sullivan.	

NAYS.

Dixon.	Zimmer.	Reinberg.
Pringle.	Harkin.	Lipps.
Freeman.	Bellman.	Raymer.
Richert.	Smith.	Bradley.
Dailey.	Dever.	Roberts.
McCormick [5].	Pitts.	O'Connell.
Potter.	Finn.	Badenoch.
Young.	McCormick [21].	Eidmann.
Snow.	Reese.	Bihl.
Bennett.	Schmidt [23].	Buxton.
Jones.	Schmidt [24].	Hunter.
Fick.	Williston.	Race—37.
Harris.		

Then Ald. Williston moved to make the time the company has to elevate ten years instead of seven, and Ald. Kunz retaliated with another motion making the term five years.

"This is a matter entirely within the Twenty-fifth ward," replied Ald. Williston, "and 95 per cent of the people interested want this ordinance. If we are making a mistake it is our mistake, and we and nobody else will have to suffer. Nobody else in the city will be harmed."

Kunz Grows Eloquent.

At this he was loudly applauded by the north shore residents in the galleries, and Ald. Kunz grew eloquent in reply. He said the meetings of Twenty-fifth warders advocating the ordinance reminded him of those called by Charles T. Yerkes when he was seeking the passage of a blanket traction ordinance under the Allen act.

"I tell you," he thundered, "this ordinance is a worse thing than was the Yerkes fifty year ordinance, and the galleries of the council chamber are packed tonight through free transportation furnished by the railways, just as Yerkes packed them with street car employes."

This provoked a few hisses but more laughter from the galleries, and Ald. Kunz retorted:

"You may sneer and you may laugh, but you don't know what it means to have a railway take away from you what you have earned by the sweat of your brow."

"I want to say the remark about packing the galleries is an insult to some of the best citizens of Chicago," exclaimed Ald. Williston, at which there was more applause from the galleries, but Ald. Raymer's motion to lay both the Williston and Kunz amendments on the table was carried, 56 to 0, thus keeping the term for track elevation at seven years, and Ald. Williston remarked:

"I have reason to believe the company will not accept the ordinance with this clause. But in order to find out whether it will I move to postpone it until fall. It is useless to pass it now."

Ald. Foreman advocated passing the ordinance at once, saying the council had been bothered long enough with the "clothes line fights of the Twenty-fifth ward and the contract bickerings between Ravenswood and Rogers Park," but the motion to postpone prevailed, 37 to 28, and the ordinance was sent back to the committee.

Ald. Werno had passed the ordinances recommended by the transportation committee providing for greater comfort and safety of passengers in street cars. They regulate the speed of cars, the temperature, and enforce cleanliness and ventilation.

Hummel Appropriation Passed.

The council passed the appropriation recommended by the finance committee for the reimbursement of former City Treasurer Hummel. The item amounts to $25,874. Ald. Bennett, chairman of the committee, explained that the interest on city moneys during Hummel's term amounted to $218,439. It has always been the custom to award the treasurer 25 per cent of the interest out of which he paid his office force.

"Mr. Hummel says that after paying his office expenses he has only $4,126 left out of the 25 per cent of the interest," said Ald. Bennett. "The rate of interest paid by the banks was 1½ per cent, instead of 2 per cent as formerly. But the banks declare that they agreed to pay only 1¼ per cent and refuse to pay any more. Mr. Hummel pledged himself before taking office to accept no more than $15,000 a year whatever the interest amounted to. The committee, therefore, decided to recommend the appropriation to bring his remuneration up to $30,000 for the two years."

The council agreed to the settlement without debate. Ald. Bennett said that the city would receive $123,000 net interest, which is $1,000 more than received from Gunther's administration.

Provision for Referendum.

Ald. Badenoch had passed the ordinances providing for a referendum at the fall election on the new city charter measures and the law for the sale of municipal electric light as passed by the legislature.

Prohibition districts in the Twenty-second, Twenty-seventh, and Thirty-second wards were created.

The council passed unanimously the ordinance allowing the commissioner of public works to install a bureau of compensation and employ the necessary help. It will deal primarily with payments to the city by the users of space under sidewalks for the use of such space. Ald. Snow also had the committee on compensation instructed to report a plan for charging extra where people used more than one story under a sidewalk.

Ald. Martin had passed an ordinance authorizing the controller to make arrangement with hospitals in various sections of the city to care for city employés who might be injured while at their work.

The council adjourned to Sept. 25.

CAMPION TO STAY; NAME IS CHEERED

Mayor Dunne's Reappointment of Fire Chief Arouses Enthusiasm in Council.

OTHER PLUMS GIVEN OUT.

J. Hamilton Lewis Is to Be Corporation Counsel and Maj. Tolman Will Work with Darrow.

Mayor Dunne handed to the council last evening the largest list of appointments he has as yet made. The list is as follows:

JOHN CAMPION, as chief fire marshal, to succeed himself.

J. HAMILTON LEWIS, as corporation counsel, to succeed Edgar B. Tolman, resigned.

LAWRENCE E. M'GANN, as city controller, to succeed himself.

HOWARD S. TAYLOR, as city prosecutor, to succeed himself.

NICHOLAS S. BUDZBAN, as member of the board of local improvements, to succeed Peter Klobassa, deceased.

WALTER S. COOLING, as magistrate at the Logan square police court, to succeed W. D. Wilcox, removed.

GEORGE L. M'CONNELL, as secretary of the board of examiners of plumbers, to succeed himself.

CHARLES J. BOYD, as a member of the board of examiner of plumbers, vice Charles C. Breyer.

L. J. GRIFFIN, as a member of the board of the examining engineers, vice George Goding.

S. ROGERS TOUHY, to succeed himself as member of the board of bridewell inspectors.

JOHN G. RAGGIO, as superintendent of the West Randolph street market, vice R. Fink.

THOMAS WETTA, as poundmaster of the Second district, to succeed himself.

JOHN COLLINS, as Rush street bridgetender, vice Daniel Cahill.

WILLIAM H. ORAN, as State street bridgetender, vice Thomas Moynihan.

JOHN O'HALLERAN, as Twenty-second street bridgetender, to succeed himself.

SIGMUND LOEFFLER, as Throop street bridgetender, to succeed John Hoerger.

BEN FOGLI, as Chittenden avenue bridgetender, to succeed himself.

PATRICK F. SHERIDAN, as North Western avenue bridge tender, vice William Bluhm.

RICHARD MULLEN, as Ninety-fifth street bridgetender, vice Henry J. Lynn.

WILLIAM MOONEY, as Ninety-second street bridgetender, vice William Rankin.

LEO HORN, as Riverdale bridgetender, vice Chris Rippe.

EDWARD M'GILL, One Hundred and Sixth street bridgetender, to succeed himself.

THOMAS KEOH, as poundmaster of the Sixth district, vice Frank Hyman.

FRANK L. SHEEHAN, as poundmaster in the Fifth district, vice M. S. Gorman.

Campion's Name Is Cheered.

The manner in which the appointments were received was remarkable in the council history of Chicago. Ordinarily these announcements are received without marked signs of approval or disapproval, but when the name of Fire Marshal Campion was sent in, spontaneous handclapping and cheers broke out all over the chamber.

It happened that the galleries, lobbies, and floor were all crowded by people interested in the work of the meeting, and this applause was general and was participated in by the aldermen in their seats as well.

Then Maj. Tolman came in for his share of honors. The mayor prefaced the notice of the selection of his successor by saying that he had received a letter from the corporation counsel reciting that his work as special counsel for the city in the traction cases would take all of his time, and he felt he should withdraw from his office.

Ald. Bennett said a few words praising the work the major had done for the city, both as special assessment attorney and corporation counsel, and moved that the council give a vote of thanks to the retiring official. Ald. Dever seconded in a similar speech, and then the vote was passed and the major returned his thanks to the council.

This naturally resulted in applause for the notice of the appointment of Col. Lewis, but it was not as marked as that given to the name of the fire chief. There was a renewal of this applause, however, when Controller McGann was named to succeed himself, and a minor display when the name of Dr. Taylor was sent in. Altogether, it was almost a love feast in the council chamber.

Tolman to Work with Darrow.

The corporation counsel will have practically nothing to do with the traction cases. They will be in the hands of Clarence S. Darrow, formerly appointed special counsel, and Maj. Tolman, who, by the mayor's action of last evening, will be associated with him. Maj. Tolman has been selected on account of his familiarity with the litigation now pending between the city and the companies. The work of the corporation counsel's office will be what it was before the traction difficulties were injected into it.

Col. Lewis said he had tried to decline the position, but could not gracefully do so. He had stipulated, however, he should not be compelled to give up his private practice.

The selection of Mr. Budzman to succeed Peter Klolbassa on the board of local improvements was at the request of the Polish residents of the city. He is in the brewery business and was the democratic candidate for alderman in the Seventeenth ward against Ald. Sitts.

By appointing Justice Cooling to succeed Justice Wilcox as police magistrate at Logan square the mayor ended a local controversy which had grown almost into a scandal. All sorts of charges have been made against Wilcox from time to time, and when the other magistrates were appointed two weeks ago his name was held up.

MAYOR TO APPOINT R. T. FOX.

Will Make Him Superintendent of Street Cleaning as Sixty Day Man—Solon Brings Suit.

Mayor Dunne announced yesterday that he would have Richard T. Fox selected as a sixty day appointee to fill the place of superintendent of street cleaning made vacant by the discharge of Frank W. Solon. An examination under the civil service rules will follow later.

Solon began yesterday a mandamus suit for reinstatement as superintendent of streets. In his petition presented to Judge Honoré, Solon declares that there is no provision in the statutes to cover the charge of abuse of official position on which he was discharged. He further argues that President Powell of the trial board showed animus against him, having asserted before witnesses that he would "get Solon."

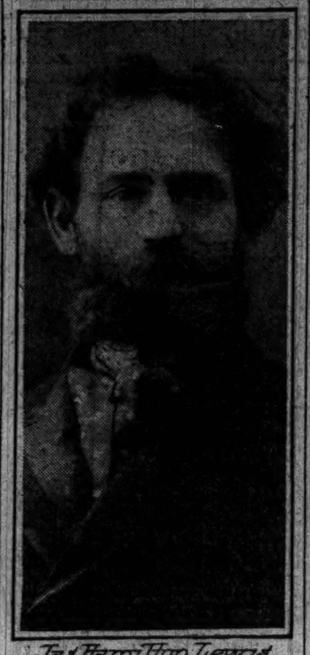
Judge Honoré set the argument for July 20.

COUNCIL BARS BAY WINDOWS.

Property Owners Are Refused Permits for Additions to Buildings by the Committee.

Three owners of property who desired to construct bay windows on their buildings were refused permits yesterday by the building committee of the city council. The committee went so far as to make a definite announcement that no more permits of that nature will be granted. It was the consensus of opinion at the meeting that when such permits have been granted the permits were given in violation of the ordinance, and the committee took the position that it is wrong to allow such infractions of the city law.

Corporation Counsel to Succeed Tolman



Jas Hamilton Lewis

MANY POLICEMEN OVER 60

FORTY-THREE WILL BE RETIRED IF CHIEF HAS HIS WAY.

One of These Men Is William Patton, Who Was First Member of Force on Duty at Great Fire—Another, "Mike" White, Aged 73, Offers to Wrestle Any Man in Station, and Finds No Takers—Commissioner Powell Favors Age Limit.

Forty-three members of Chicago's police department will lose their positions if Chief of Police O'Neill's suggestion for the retirement of all men who have reached the age of 60 years is put into effect. One captain, two lieutenants, six desk and patrol sergeants, and thirty-four patrolmen come within the scope of the rule and, with scarcely an exception, each has a good record. Under the new law these men, if retired, must be given a pension.

William Patton is one of the oldest of the forty-three. He has served on the force continuously since he was sworn in, Aug. 2, 1870. He has served as desk sergeant twenty years, and for the last seven years has been desk sergeant in the West North avenue station. Patton put in the first two years of his service walking a beat and two years following as a roundsman. Later, after an injury caused by a shot from the revolver of a burglar whom he was trying to arrest, he did duty with the Lake street squad for more than two years.

Promoted to patrol sergeant, he occupied that position nearly three years, when he was sent up to the desk. Patton has been on reserve for the last two months, and lately has been returned to duty as acting desk sergeant. The old policeman said last night:

"Well, I am not exactly fond of the idea of being retired, but if it is to come they'll find me willing. My record has been irreproachable. For the last twenty-eight years I have never been before the board nor even called up before a superior for reprimand.

"I have done my duty side by side with men much younger than I and have not been found wanting. I haven't any idea that I will be retired." Patton was the first policeman on the scene of the great fire of 1871.

Mike White 73 Years Old.

Mike White, acting desk sergeant at Harrison street, though 73 years old, is as hale and hearty as a man of 50. White was one of the original "seventy-five" who were sworn in on March 27, 1861. His service, although not continuous, dates back farther than any other policeman's on the entire city force. He has a son, Martin White, a sergeant also at Harrison street.

Policeman White made a wager in the station in the afternoon that he could throw any man there, "collar and elbow," and walked out to the middle of the floor and waited. No one took the offer. "There's not a man on the force today that has done as much work as I have," said White, "nor is there one who can do any more," and his looks bore out his remark.

White is the pride of Harrison street station. No one ever attempts to cross the old policeman and every one holds him in esteem. He writes a good and steady hand and seldom, if ever, it is said, makes a mistake.

Capt. Martin Groves and Lieuts. Francis Smith and Orville Z. Barber are the officers who would come under the ban, should it be set. Capt. Groves is 61 years old, while Smith is 68 and Barber 60.

Powell Favors Retirement.

Commissioner Joseph Powell of the civil service commission is of the opinion that the rule should be enforced. "I think that policemen who have reached the age of 60 years should be retired," said he, "as in nearly all cases they have outlived their usefulness in the department. They should give way to younger and more energetic men, and I think such a rule as Chief O'Neill suggests would be an excellent thing."

Other police officials contend that the old men in most cases are more competent and trustworthy than the younger men. They are less apt to be led astray in the discharge of their duty, it is said, and can at all times be depended upon wherever they are placed.

ERRANT WILL SUCCEED POWELL

Is Elected President of the Civil Service Commission—Is Named by Prentiss.

Joseph Errant was elected president of the civil service commission yesterday, to succeed Joseph Powell. The nomination was made by William Prentiss, the new member of the board, and his vote and that of Mr. Errant made the necessary majority.

Commissioner Prentiss explained at length that his reason for naming Commissioner Errant was in order to provide for regular succession in the office, in other words, passing it around. If the commission follows this plan in the future it would mean that Commissioner Prentiss would be the successor of President Errant next year, and the successor of Commissioner Errant the year following. That is, of course, providing another mayor were not elected a year from next spring, in which case the rule might be changed.

The term of Commissioner Errant expires next June, and that of Commissioner Powell the succeeding one. The latter has had two appointments to the place, and has served as president of the commission three years. He is the republican member of the commission, the law providing all three commissioners cannot be members of the same political party.

His retirement by the vote of the commission yesterday is taken to indicate that his ascendency on the commission is ended. He represented Mayor Harrison more nearly than any other commissioner.

Burnett's Extract of Vanilla

Imparts a superior delicacy of flavor, try it, use it.

SHEA THREATENS THE EXPRESSMEN

Says the Drivers Shall Not Deliver Goods to the Strike-bound Firms.

LIVELY TALK IN COUNCIL.

New Efforts to Be Made to Secure Funds for Relief of Unemployed Men.

The teamsters' joint council indulged last night in some more strike talk, and President Shea, in an effort to show that the drivers' war is not quite a dead issue, delivered a "defi" against the six local express companies which have begun to make deliveries to strikebound houses with nonunion drivers. Shea said he was in a mood to "call any kind of a strike."

Either Shea or the express companies will have to back down today. If the companies deliver goods for the employers, Shea says their 400 drivers will be called out. The expressmen made deliveries yesterday and say they will continue to do so today.

One delegate at the height of the discussion at the meeting of the joint council demanded the floor and proposed a general strike of teamsters today at 12 o'clock. Shea told the man to sit down.

The express situation became acute through the quarrel between the department store drivers and the transfer men. The State street strikers branded the Chicago Cartage company—which makes deliveries to strikebound houses for the six enjoined express concerns—as a machine devised to break the strike and accused the transfer drivers of conniving at the strategy.

Warned Against Hasty Action.

Harry Lapp, Joseph Young, and other delegates from the Transfer Drivers' union attempted to restore the council to a "safe and sane" basis. They argued that a spread of the strike at this time with no money in the teamsters' treasury would be suicidal.

"Well, we might as well go down all together," was the radical argument of the delegate who proposed the general strike.

Shea finally arranged a postponement of hostilities for twenty-four fours "to give the express companies time to think it over."

"I don't believe they will continue to haul goods to the strikebound firms when they find how we stand on the question," Shea said.

Shea was full of schemes for keeping the strike going last night. One which he devised is a morning roll call for strikers. Each morning the strikers will be required to report at their headquarters. The plan is supposed to be a safeguard against desertions. It will be put into effect today.

Increase in the Deliveries.

The employers were enabled to make large gains in deliveries with the aid of the new Chicago Cartage company. This, too, worried Shea. Twenty-four wagons, loaned by the six enjoined express companies, constituted the first day's equipment of the cartage company. This number will be increased to thirty today. Under the direction of Harry Bouchier, secretary of the Expressmen's association, who has charge of the new cartage business, hundreds of deliveries were handled for strikebound houses.

"The plan worked to perfection," said Arthur P. Brink, one of the interested expressmen. "As fast as an order came from a strikebound firm to one of the enjoined companies it was turned over to the cartage company and the delivery made without delay. Nonunion drivers were employed, and the arrangement seemed to please everybody, including our own union teamsters."

More Funds to Be Solicited.

Having decided to preserve a spark of life in the strike, Shea and his allies decided that plenty of money would be needed to postpone the collapse of the struggle until the desired date. Accordingly, Shea prepared again to send out agents all over the country in search of funds, which he has failed to raise in Chicago. These collectors probably will leave the city by the end of the week. Some of their objective points are New York, Philadelphia, and Boston. Practically no contributions have been received from these cities since the strike began, although agents have canvassed the territory thoroughly.

Shea found a greater task in trying to stem the tide of desertions and in maintaining the semblance of a boycott against the strike bound houses.

Delay in Opening Factories.

A lack of nonunion workmen prevented the general reopening of the fourteen woodworking factories which have been closed for a week following a strike of woodworkers.

Only one factory, that of the Brunswick-Balke-Collender company, resumed operations, and that with a force of only thirty men.

MAYOR HAS DALRYMPLE'S REPORT; CONTENTS WITHHELD

Long Expected Opinion of Scottish Expert Regarding Municipal Ownership for Chicago Believed Disappointing.

The long expected report from James Dalrymple of Glasgow, Scotland, as to municipal ownership of street railways in general and those of Chicago in particular reached Mayor Dunne yesterday. The mayor, however, said he could not give it out until he had read it thoroughly himself, and claimed he had not had a chance to do it during the day.

"From what I have been able to learn of Mr. Dalrymple's communication from the cursory looking over I gave it I would hardly call it a report," said the mayor. "A letter might be the better word. I can say nothing about it just now, however, as I am not thoroughly enough acquainted with it. I cannot discuss it."

The inference was that from what the mayor had learned from the letter he was not entirely satisfied with it. It was hardly expected he would be after the publication of Mr. Dalrymple's ideas made while the Glasgow expert was in this country.

Speaking of the attack on the theory of municipal ownership as a remedy for trusts made by Tom Lawson of Boston in his Kansas speech Mayor Dunne said yesterday:

"Lawson says the only remedy in curbing the trusts is to sell off all stocks and bonds and flood the market. I did not say he was an anarchist, but his speeches certainly have an anarchistic tendency."

DEAD TRACKS TO BE TORN UP.

Union Traction Company Promises to Remove Unused Rails from Michigan Avenue.

Commissioner of Public Works Patterson was notified yesterday by the Union Traction company that it will proceed at once to take up the unused street railway tracks in Michigan avenue, between Madison and Adams streets. Michigan avenue property owners, and especially the Chicago Athletic association, have objected to the tracks for several years, but the city was unable to induce the street railway company to remove them.

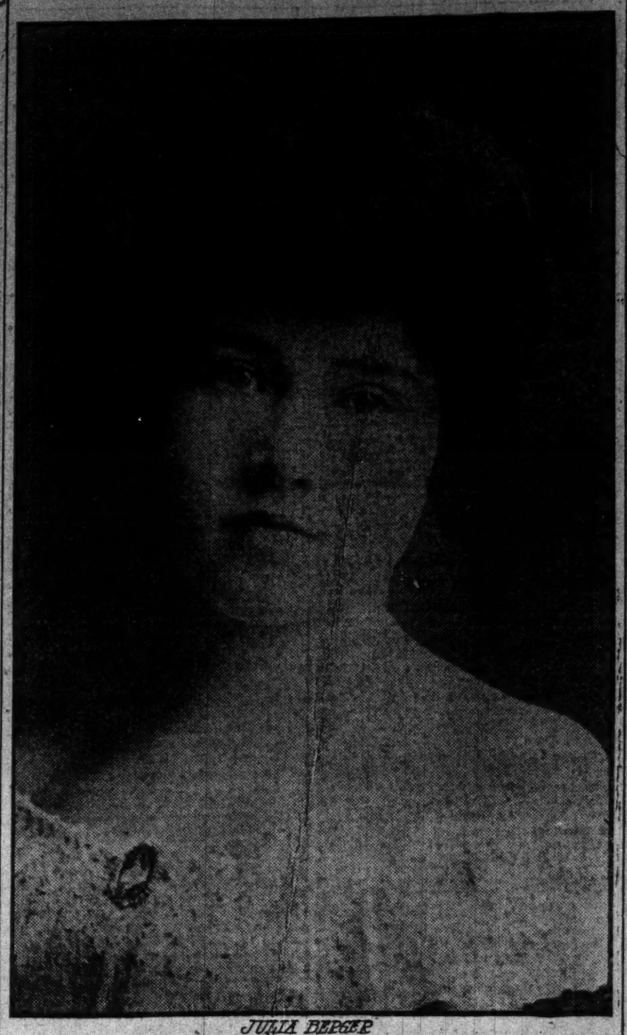
Controller McGann recently arranged a conference between the city officials and the street railway representatives, at which the latter agreed to abolish the old line.

The company has promised to take up the tracks and to replace the granite blocks so that the roadway will be in good condition.

Want Auto Law Amended.

Petitions asking that the auto speed law be amended so as to permit machines to run twelve miles an hour instead of eight miles were presented to the Lake Forest city council last night. Because of the absence of Mayor Gade no action upon the requests was taken by the aldermen. It was decided to hold a special meeting of the council late in the week. Many owners of automobiles want the law amended, but the proposed amendment is being opposed by horse owners.

Dies from Shock of Iroquois Fire.



JULIA BERGER

Miss Berger never recovered from the nervous shock she suffered at the Iroquois fire, from which she escaped with difficulty.

CULLOM READY FOR FIGHT

QUIETLY GATHERING HIS FORCES FOR SENATORIAL CAMPAIGN.

Senator Makes Second New Appointment from Legislature Within a Week—Yates Is Delaying His Campaign Until September—Gov. Deneen Again Postpones for Several Days the Naming of the New State Officials.

While Gov. Deneen is moving slowly with his appointments and thereby retarding the development of the Yates senatorial campaign, Senator Cullom is quietly mooving a few men over the chess board and placing them where they will do the most good.

It was announced yesterday that Guy L. Bush, representative in the legislature from Du Page county, would be made bank examiner with territory in Iowa and part of Illinois. Bush has been bank examiner in North Carolina, and, while the appointment is not a new one, the change of territory places him close at home, where he can be counted on to be most effective in the primary campaign, and besides the transfer may be regarded as pleasing to Bush himself.

He is the second member of the legislature to be well treated by Cullom in less than a week, Representative Charles Cherry having been announced as the recipient of a bank receivership.

Yates Is Holding Back.

Former Gov. Yates, it is announced, will take no steps in the senatorial contest until September. Some of his lieutenants have been urging that a campaign committee be appointed and a plan of action outlined, but Yates has been holding back. The former governor says that if he is to make the fight for the place he does not want it to start until September.

On the outside it is figured that the delay in the new state appointments is holding back the active work of the Yates people. Until they know exactly who of the old state organization stays in office they cannot proceed, it is said. Some of Mr. Yates' friends have made themselves responsible for stories that the present governor and the former governor have been in consultation over these state appointments, but Mr. Deneen's friends assert that the least of the present governor's worries is furnished by the Yates appointees. They assert that no regard will be given senatorial possibilities in making up the list of new appointees and of men who are to hold their places.

Appointments Again Delayed.

The definite announcement was made during the day that Gov. Deneen would do nothing with regard to appointments until at least the last of this week. He will not come to Chicago until then, it is announced, and there will be nothing in sight for the officeholders for some days.

As an indication that there will be harmony in the democratic party for the fall election the announcement was made during the day that both Mayor Dunne and former Mayor Harrison will be invited to the barbecue, the event with which the democratic campaign will be opened soon after Sept. 19, and that both will take the stump for the ticket.

New headquarters for the democratic county central committee are to be sought, it being the intention to change from the present headquarters at 122 La Salle street, which offers at least one advantage, that no rent has to be paid.

RANKS THIRD AMONG COLLEGES

University of Chicago Maintains Place Next to Harvard and Columbia—Has 4,598 Students.

The University of Chicago maintains its position of third place in the ranking of the largest colleges in the country in point of attendance, Harvard and Columbia being the only colleges with a greater number of students. Though an increase of only eighteen students has been made during the last year, the school has now a total enrollment of 4,598.

A big gain, however, has been made in the attendance of summer students over the summer quarter a year ago. There are 100 more registered now than were in school during the summer quarter last year. The present registration is 2,103.

In the annual register issued from the University of Chicago press yesterday it is shown that there is one instructor to every nine students, there being 504 teachers. According to these figures the school leads the world in the matter of a large faculty.

Saloon Closed After Robbery.

In connection with the recent robbery of Edward Schwartz, 97 Dearborn street, of $60 and a diamond ring valued at $200 in rooms adjoining the saloon of Nichols Bros., 59 North Clark street, Mayor Dunne yesterday ordered the revocation of the saloon license.

THIEF CAUGHT IN ATTIC.

ARMED BURGLAR SURRENDERS AT COMMAND OF POLICE.

Found in Residence of I. K. Randel, Which He Had Ransacked While Family Was at Church—Detectives Capture Two Highwaymen in Humboldt Park After a Desperate Battle with Revolvers—Woman Swoons in Street When Man Steals Watch.

When I. K. Randel arrived at his residence, 865 Edgewater avenue, with his family, he saw a light moving in the front room on the second floor. Believing burglars were at work he went to a drug store and sent in a call for the police at the Summerdale station. It was Sunday night, after church hour.

The house was soon surrounded by policemen and Sergeant Joyce and two patrolmen entered and searched for the burglars. On the first floor they found carpets pulled up and chairs overturned and rooms on the second floor also had been ransacked.

Hearing a noise on the attic floor, the policemen cautiously ascended, and, crouched in a dark corner they saw a man who was pointing a revolver at the sergeant.

"Throw up your hands," said the officer, at the same time aiming his revolver at the man, who later gave the police the name of Edward Little. At the sight of the revolver in the hand of the policeman Little surrendered.

The police say the burglar was surrounded by two suit cases and three bundles filled with clothing and silverware valued at hundreds of dollars. It showed he

Little was taken to the identification bureau and it was found that he was arrested in Kansas City, Mo., two years ago for attempted burglary, and in Milwaukee, Wis., shortly after he was released in Kansas City.

Revolver Fight with Thieves.

After a desperate battle in the shrubbery of Humboldt park the West North avenue police captured Fred Johnson and A. Anderson, who have been identified as the men who robbed Ole Anderson, 895 Troy street, Sunday night of $200 and a gold watch worth $100.

Descriptions of two men who committed two other thefts earlier the same night tally with those of Johnson and Anderson. Early in the evening Frank Rakowski, 587 Milwaukee avenue, was robbed of $7 near Will street and Milwaukee avenue. Later the pockets of O. G. Bemen, 1795 Humboldt boulevard, were picked on a North avenue car and $8 taken.

Get Trace of the Pair.

Detectives Wentzel, Troy, and Tully were detailed to search for the two thugs who robbed Ole Anderson, and they saw Axel Anderson and Johnson leave a saloon at Whipple street and North avenue and run into Humboldt park. When they caught sight of the three detectives. The officers followed, firing as they ran, while Johnson and Anderson returned the fire. A score of shots were fired before their ammunition gave out and the detectives approached them and called for them to surrender. Detective Wentzel ran to get hold of Johnson, when he drew a hatchet from under his coat and struck at the detective. The hatchet was wrenched from his hand and the two men clinched. A struggle ensued, ending when Tully and Troy came to the aid of Wentzel after having captured the other man.

PARK PERQUISITES SHOCK WEST SIDE

Present Board Surpasses Predecessors in Making Non-salaried Office Pay.

RELATIVES IN SINECURES.

President's Wife Secretary and Brother-in-Law as "Special" Policeman.

The purely honorary office of park commissioner, to which there is no salary attached, may be made a paying proposition if the policy followed by certain members of the west park board be adopted.

There always have been perquisites of unlimited quantities of flowers and potted plants conceded to these officials, as well as the opportunity of developing some political influence by placing their trusted workers in sinecures, but it remained for the members of the present board to realize fully the chance of assisting relatives, and, in that way, themselves, to a mode of easy life without a care.

First on the list is President F. A. Bangs. Though there is a carriage and pair reserved for his use at Douglas park, and, as he admits, he has used the service of park laborers for work on his property, there was no real financial gain in his proceedings until a vacancy in the general staff of the park system was created and his wife was safely placed in it. For some six months or more she has occupied the position of secretary to the president, her husband, and has performed the onerous duties of attending to his correspondence.

For this service, which necessitated his neglect of her household cares, she has received $100 a month. In addition, her name occasionally has appeared on the pay roll as clerk of the small park commission, a body whose life was taken away by the decision of the Supreme court early in the year.

Vacancy Made for Mrs. Bangs.

The position of secretary formerly was occupied by D. M. Owens, but the vacancy was desired and he was removed. It was not thought best to drop him from the pay roll, and for a month he was called on that list "lieutenant of police," an office which is not recognized by the police system. He was then placed in the general offices of the board as a clerk, a position which he now holds.

In defense of his appointment of his helpmeet as secretary, President Bangs declared yesterday that there was "nothing wrong" about the action, and that, as the office had been in existence for years, it was necessary to have some one to fill it. Why not his wife? The power of appointment lies solely with him, and the pay roll is prepared by the finance committee, composed of President Bangs and Commissioners Graham and Lichtenberg. It was not necessary to have his choice ratified by the board.

Investigation brought to light the above fact, and also that John Skelton, a brother-in-law of President Bangs, is paid $60 a month as a special policeman, although park policemen and employés declare that he seldom is seen on duty.

Large Payment to a Lawyer.

Another slight advantage of holding the office of president of the board was shown in the recent payment of $6,000 to James Jay Sheridan, a lawyer who has his office in the same suite as Mr. Bangs. The president reported to the board that D. Buell, attorney for the board, needed an assistant in the litigation over the Marshall boulevard improvements. Mr. Cole receives $200 a month, but Mr. Sheridan, who was chosen by the president as his assistant, was paid for some four or five months' work on the one case the sum of $6,000.

A son of E. J. Cowan, superintendent of Garfield park, is in charge of the rowboats there. The position is known as "a good thing." Young Cowan has been arrested for drunkenness while on duty. In spite of repeated protests against his presence at the boat landing, he was returned to the office in two days.

Commissioner Edward H. Peters has not escaped his share of the criticism which has been poured forth by west side residents during the last half year. Until last Wednesday his carriage horse is said to have been kept in the stables at Garfield park, where it was fed with park oats and hay and was cared for by park employés. Recently it purchased the property of Joseph Downs at Central Park and Jackson boulevards. It remodeled the building and the work done on the grounds is said to have been performed largely by park laborers. Not satisfied with these changes, he wished to have a large vacant lot facing his residence cleared of weeds. This he caused to be done in the same manner.

Preparing for New Board.

A month ago, when it was expected that Gov. Deneen was about ready to make his appointments for the board, President Bangs began housecleaning. From the pay roll he dropped the names of twenty employés who he confesses were mere parasites. There are more of these on the lists, but they pull, either political or friendly, in sufficient to keep them where they are. It is expected that the governor will soon reform the park board.

There are other criticisms, numerous and varied, that are expressed by west side residents. The old system of handing out books of complimentary tickets for free boat rides to the politically faithful is said to be more common than ever and its prevalence in public parks is strongly censured.

WANTS DEVLIN RECEIVER HERE.

Petitioner Asks Judge Bethea to Appoint One to Take Charge in This District.

A petition in bankruptcy to cover property believed to be owned in the district included in the federal courts in Chicago may be filed here today against Charles J. Devlin and the First National bank of Topeka, Kas., which failed on July 3 owing more than $1,000,000.

J. H. Harkless, representing the petitioners, came to Chicago yesterday and appeared before Judge Bethea. He was unable to show positively that Devlin owns property in this district, and Judge Bethea announced that no petition could be considered until this was shown.

It is said that the prime cause for the financial troubles of Mr. Devlin is the Toluca and Spring Valley railroad, which he began to build recently in Illinois.

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CHICAGO OFFICE, 19 Monroe Street

OPTIMO

RQUISITES WEST SIDE

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WIDOW'S MITE IS $1,000 PAINTING.

Washerwoman Gives It to St. Paul's Lutheran Church in Memory of Dead Son.

"SIGN OF THE CROSS."

Work of Alfred Juergens, and Is Hung in Place of Honor in Vestibule.

In the vestibule of St. Paul's German Lutheran church at Kemper place and Orchard street there now hangs a painting of the Madonna and the Christ child, entitled "The Sign of the Cross." It is by a local painter, Alfred Juergens, attractive in its execution, but the lesson of humility, mother love, and self-sacrifice contained in the story of its presentation is deserving of immortality such as the skill of the painter never can give it.

It was presented by one of the humblest members of the church—Mrs. Anna Kuehn, a widow and a washerwoman, who dwells in the little white frame cottage with the green blinds at 779 Larrabee street.

The painting was dedicated on Sunday. The printed program of the exercises stated that it was donated by Mrs. Kuehn. An inscription on the frame told that it was given in loving remembrance of Friedrich Wilhelm, 8 years and 4 months old, who died Nov. 16, 1903. It was known that it cost $1,000.

Given Place of Honor.

Knowing that two much larger and more costly paintings by the same artist hung in the auditorium of the church in less favored positions, some in the congregation wondered why "The Sign of the Cross" should have been given the place of honor. One of the larger canvases had been donated by Fred Herhold, of F. Herhold & Sons, chair manufacturers, and the other by John Huber, an old resident of Chicago and the organizer of St. Paul's association.

Pastor Rudolph John knew why the paintings were placed thus, but he kept it to himself except in the intimations to be found in his sermon. Most persons who heard it thought the sermon was symbolic. There was one woman, however, who sat obscurely in a pew to the right, attired in deep black, who knew otherwise.

She was a good looking woman in her mourning garb, strong faced, of middle age, with a look of quiet sadness in her eyes and a quiver of the lips that bespoke suppressed emotion. It was the great moment of her life. It summed up and declared the glorious result of years of patient toil and self-abnegation.

She was Mrs. Kuehn, and the painting hung in St. Paul's in memory of her dead boy, the only child she had had, whom she had loved with passionate devotion.

Sermon Hints at the Facts.

In his sermon Pastor John imagined a woman who searched her house for days, from roof to garret, to find a coin of small denomination. It became the talk of many of her neighbors, who were better off in the world's good and who could not understand why so much labor should be lavished on so small a matter. They shrugged their shoulders and laughed at what seemed a case of sheer penuriousness.

"But the well to do neighbors did not understand this woman's motive, just as we often are mistaken," said the pastor. "Because she kept her motive a secret they could not judge her correctly. We should judge an act by its result and by the motive that inspired it."

In the living room and the bedroom—it is one and the same of the basement floor of the white cottage at 779 Larrabee street—hangs a colored crayon portrait of Friedrich Wilhelm, drawn shortly before he was taken suddenly ill and died in 1903. It is the picture of a sturdy little fellow with yellow hair and big blue eyes, dressed in a reefer coat and grasping a toy whip.

Father Dies Before Boy's Birth.

The father had died a few months before the boy's birth, leaving the wife to make her own living by washing the clothes of neighbors. This she did in contentment and the great hope and later the realization of motherhood. When the boy died, it seemed she would lose her mind. It would be best for her to die, she repeated.

Then the neighbors and members of the church saw a change in her.

"She is no saving. It is a bad thing to be so saving," they told each other.

The washerwoman said nothing. Early and late she was seen at the tub and ironing board. Four months ago her purpose was accomplished. She had saved $1,000. She took the money to Pastor John. Could a painting be obtained for that—a good painting? Yes. Then the pastor should see it was done. The painting should hang in the church, in memory of Friedrich Wilhelm. It should be a picture of the Madonna and the Christ child, and the child should be fair haired, and of the age of Friedrich.

All this has been accomplished. It is a great accomplishment. But the washerwoman does not think so. It is her own affair, she said yesterday with a show of severity; it was plain that she regarded public mention of it as sacrilege.

"It is for me and my little boy who is dead," she said, jealously. "It makes no difference to other people."

There are other people, however, to whom it will be a bright inspiration and a source of thankfulness.

Painting Presented to St. Paul's Lutheran Church by Washerwoman.

LOSE ON ARMY UNIFORMS.

GOVERNMENT SAID TO BE OUT MILLIONS ON POOR CLOTHING.

Work on 200,000 Dress Coats Ordered Discontinued by Quartermaster General Humphreys—Loss Said to Be Caused by Loose Methods of Business—Investigation to Be Made at Once—Other Contracts May Be Stopped.

Philadelphia, Pa., July 10.—Work on 200,000 dress coats, contracted for through the Schuylkill arsenal here, has been stopped by a peremptory order of Quartermaster General Humphreys in Washington, and a thorough investigation of the affairs at the arsenal has been begun.

It is believed that the investigation will show that the government has lost to the extent of millions of dollars by the methods in vogue here.

Many Coats Are Paid For.

Because of conditions under which contracts are given out nearly half of the dress coats in question have been manufactured and paid for. They lie in the storehouse at the depot, and in the opinion of experts of the government who have examined them are absolutely worthless for the purpose they were made. A contract for about 200,000 pairs of dress trousers is in the hands of the manufacturers. It is expected that this work also will be stopped.

The contracts in question are held by three firms which have factories in this city, Red Bank, N. J., and Egg Harbor, N. J. The losses are attributed to loose ways of doing business.

Outcome of Last Winter's Trouble.

The investigation is the outcome of the trouble with the arsenal employés dating back to last winter and of the more recent scandal when the foreman of the arsenal was forced to resign and eight cutters were dismissed.

FAT MAN HOPES TO WEAR STAR.

Evanston Heavyweight Sees Ray of Encouragement in New Military Chief.

Evanston's fat man, Weldon Miner, 23 years old and weighing 450 pounds, hopes to get on the police force at last through a new flesh reducing drill which Col. Frost, the new chief, is about to introduce.

Weldon has taken the civil service examination every year for four years, but has failed of appointment because of his excessive weight. He applied to Col. Frost yesterday and was told to report at the station this morning and try the drill.

Since the resignation of three patrolmen who protested at the military drill and white glove orders of the new chief, robbers and blind pigs are said to have increased in number. As a result of this James Woods and the Rev. Reese Bowman Kester are pushing a plan to form a municipal detective association and have fifteen volunteers in plain clothes patrol each ward of Evanston.

DR. JOHN A. ENANDER HONORED.

Decoration Awarded to Him by King of Sweden—To Be Presented on Friday.

The decoration "Litteris et Artibus" has been awarded by King Oscar of Sweden to Dr. John A. Enander of Chicago. This medal is given in recognition of exceptional merit in belles lettres, art, and the drama. Dr. Enander is the author of a "History of the United States," a volume of essays, stories, and poems, books of research in Norse mythology, and countless articles that have appeared in the paper Hemlandet, which he has directed for years. The decoration will be presented by the Rev. Dr. L. G. Abrahamson at an informal dinner to be given at the Swedish Business Men's club next Friday evening.

MAN MAY DIE FROM STINGS.

Bees Attack Driver and Horses, Killing Team—Victim's Condition Is Serious.

Camden, N. J., July 10.—[Special.]—Walter Emmonds, 24 years old, of Louden, a few miles south of here, may die as the result of stings received from a swarm of bees. He was driving along the road, near his home, when he encountered the insects, which attacked both driver and horses. Mad with pain the horses bolted, throwing the young man to the ground. He was stung so that he could not see, and was found some time later by friends and taken home. The horses were dead when found.

LICK OBSERVATORY IN DANGER.

Professors Ask Governor to Send Militia of San Jose to Fight Forest Fires.

San José, Cal., July 10.—Forest fires are threatening the Lick observatory, in which is located the famous Lick telescope. The corps of professors there have telephoned here asking that the governor call out the militia of San José to fight the flames. The fire is now within eight miles of Mount Hamilton, upon which the observatory is located, and the flames are making rapid progress toward the summit of the mountain.

SIXTY BILLS FOR MILWAUKEE.

Grand Jury Expected to Make Returns on Investigation Into Hospital Building Graft.

Milwaukee, Wis., July 10.—[Special.]—It is understood sixty indictments will be returned tomorrow, involving every member of the county board in office when the county hospital was built except five, who have helped District Attorney McGovern secure evidence against the others.

It is probable that the naming of Gates county may also be noticed with indictments. It generally had been supposed that the county was named for J. L. Gates, a Milwaukee lumberman and land owner, because of his promise to give enough land to start the new county in business. The grand jury is said to have learned differently.

In the list of true bills will also be the name of men indicted on other counts at its first report of the grand jury, charging connivance in other items of the hospital building graft, in which it alleges contracts were bled to secure acceptance of their contracts.

WRIT TO GET BOY OUT OF NAVY.

Chicago Couple Invoke Court to Secure Discharge of Son Who Enlisted Under Age.

San Francisco, Cal., July 10.—[Special.]—E. L. and Josephine Facer of Chicago, parents of Edward Laurent Facer, a marine at Mare Island, have filed a petition for a writ of habeas corpus in the United States Circuit court for the discharge of the boy from the navy. They allege that the boy is under age, and enlisted without their consent at Chicago, March 18, 1905.

REPUBLICANS IN AT DENVER.

Court Rules Against Democratic County Officials and All but One Vacate at Once.

Denver, Colo., July 10.—The Supreme court today denied the petitions for rehearing in the cases of the democratic county officials, who vacated for the successful republican contestants, with the exception of City and County Treasurer Elder. Tomorrow contempt proceedings will be instituted against

HENDRICKS ONLY TOUCHED SURFACE

(Continued from first page.)

can only answer for Kuhn, Loeb & Co. that they never sold any preferred stock of the Union Pacific to the Equitable Life.

Q.—At the time they bought $500,000 Jan. 22, 1903, and paid 100 for it it was only selling at 93?

Was Blissfully Ignorant.

A.—It wasn't bought of Kuhn, Loeb & Co., and today this is news to me that Equitable Life had any part of it.

Q.—Here is the office voucher for 9,000 shares "purchased of Kuhn, Loeb & Co. Union Pacific preferred certificates 9,000 at 100, $900,000. Paid June 16, 1903." That is, the check of the Equitable Life paid for the purchase of $900,000 to Kuhn, Loeb & Co. for Union Pacific preferred holding certificates.

A.—I can only say to you that whoever has furnished you that record or information of sales of Union Pacific preferred or any other stock to the Equitable Life has furnished you with a false record.

And Depew's Touching Innocence.

The childish innocence of Senator Depew was revealed afresh when he told how the Depew Improvement company of Buffalo was formed and how he got into it. He said:

"One day Walter Webb came into my office and said he had formed a syndicate to buy a large block, I think a majority of the stock. I think there was a million and a half of stock in it.

"He said he had got his friends to subscribe, six of them, I believe, for $700,000 of this stock, and he had assigned $100,000 of it to me. I told him I wasn't in the habit of taking $100,000 interests and I didn't know anything about, and I would rather not do it, and he said:

"'Very well, I knew what you would say, and so I have opened an account in my bank. I have put up the stock as collateral, I have borrowed $100,000 for you, so you need have no trouble, and here is a check and note and you sign these two. You have got your stock, and in three months it will be sold out and we will make a handsome profit.'

Really Thought It Right.

"And I did what many a man has done before. I signed a note and that check. The prospects of the company seemed unusually good, and of course I was too busy a man to pay any attention to it, and it was run by Mr. Webb and by an expensive $15,000 a year general manager."

Henry C. Deming was asked whether the Equitable society carried a loan with the Mercantile Trust company. He replied that it did not.

Q.—There is a rumor that the Equitable society is carrying a loan of pretty nearly $700,000 at your bank which does not appear in their statements.

A.—That is a loan, I assume, that is in the names of James W. Alexander and B. Jordan, trustee.

Q.—What do you know about the loan?

On Books Many Years.

A.—It was an amount that has stood on our books for a good many years—I should think five or six years—and it has been added to from time to time and reduced from time to time.

Q.—Does your company loan $685,000 on the obligation of two men as trustees?

A.—We have in this instance, yes, sir.

Q.—What rate of interest does the Mercantile Trust company pay the society on its deposits?

A.—We pay 2 per cent.

Q.—And the society always has a large deposit in this Mercantile Trust company?

A.—The society always has a large deposit with us.

Q.—So that it pays you 4 per cent and you pay it back 2 per cent?

A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—Isn't that really a claim against the Equitable society?

A.—I have always considered the Equitable society responsible for it.

Admissions by Hyde.

James H. Hyde, vice president of the Equitable, said that his salary had been raised to $100,000 really by two directors. He said that "James H. Hyde and associates" were in eight syndicates, and sold securities to the Equitable.

He swore positively that President Alexander was in all of them, and knew all about them.

He admitted that the $61,0000 he had paid back to the Equitable as syndicate profits had not yet reached the society's treasury.

He admitted that several persons carried on the pay rolls of the Equitable really did most of their work for him personally. He confessed that the Equitable paid for the Cambon dinner. He alone signed for the voucher.

He said also that the Equitable purchased a private car for him for $20,000.

President Alexander made practically the same admissions regarding the underwriting syndicates and the good berths given his relatives.

Heat Causes Seven Deaths.

Pittsburg, Pa., July 10.—The intense heat was responsible during the last twenty-four hours for seven deaths, two of them caused directly by the high temperature and the others by drowning, the result of inexperienced swimmers seeking relief in the rivers.

To Build New Sunday School.

The trustees of the Lake Forest Presbyterian church last night decided to build a Sunday school house to cost $15,000. The building will be of granite. Work will be commenced within a month.

CABLE TRAIN STRIKES AND KILLS A LITTLE NEWSBOY.

Twelve Year Old Peter Pituroto Attempts to Cross Tracks in Front of Cars—Hundreds See Accident.

Peter Pituroto, known as "Pete the newsboy," was run down and fatally injured last night at State and Madison streets by a north bound State street cable train. He was 12 years old. When the boy was rescued from under the wheels of the grip car he was unconscious and bleeding from many bruises. He was hurried to the Samaritan hospital in a police ambulance, but there the efforts of physicians to save the boy's life were futile.

When the newsboy, his arm ladened with evening papers, scurried across the street to sell a paper to a pedestrian, the train was almost at Madison street. "Pete" attempted to cross in front of the car and was struck by the fender. Instead of being lifted by the fender the boy fell under the guard and was rolled some distance before the motorman was able to bring the train to a stop.

In trying to avoid a large pail of molten metal which was swinging on a crane above his head, John Kyle, 35 years old, 8756 Buffalo avenue, stepped into the path of a freight engine in the yards of the Illinois Steel company at South Chicago and was instantly killed.

Leon Rdetzki, 45 years old, Thirty-second and Jessimine streets, was run over and killed by a Chicago, Illinois and Western train in the quarry of Dolese & Shephard, Hawthorne.

SECRETARY WILSON WOULD WELCOME A LIBEL SUIT.

Thinks It Might Shed New Light on the Cotton Report Leak—Refuses to Communicate with Price.

Washington, D. C., July 10.—Secretary Wilson will take no step backward in his report on the cotton leak investigation. He said today he was not afraid of any libel suit which might be filed against him by Mr. Price or others mentioned in the report, and that he would welcome such action because it might be the means of developing some facts not already uncovered which it was desirable to know.

The secretary added that he had given consideration to Mr. Price's request, as presented through his attorney, William M. Ivins of New York, "to withdraw the unjust, offensive, and unsustained charges and implications," and had reached the determination to take no further action in the matter.

Secretary Wilson will adhere to the practice now in vogue at the department of agriculture in having only the statisticians, himself, or the assistant secretary present when the monthly cotton crop reports are being prepared for publication.

COUNTY CONTRACTS AWARDED.

Board Makes Selections of Firms to Furnish the Coal Supply to Institutions.

The county board, at its session yesterday afternoon, awarded the annual contracts for the county institutions. The Ohio Fuel company succeeded in receiving the contract for the county hospital, Dunning institutions, courthouse and jail, and Criminal court buildings. Furnishing coal to the various districts of the county agent's department were awarded to several companies. The award was as follows:

County hospital—Ohio Fuel company, Pawnee washed coal at $2.57 a ton.

Dunning—Ohio Fuel company, Pawnee washed coal No. 1 at $2.00 a ton and No. 2 at $2.54 a ton.

Courthouse—Ohio Fuel company, Pawnee washed coal at $2.62 a ton.

Jail and Criminal Court building—Ohio Fuel company, Pawnee washed coal at $2.62 a ton.

DIES FROM MISHAP OF FOURTH.

Charlie Mason of South Chicago Sixth in City and Sixty-seventh in the Entire Country.

The sixth fatality in Chicago and the sixty-seventh in the country, resulting from the recent fourth of July celebration, occurred yesterday. Charlie S. Mason, 16 years old, 9233 Merrill avenue, died from blood poisoning, resulting from a wound on his left hand received on the fourth of July from the discharge of a blank cartridge in a pistol.

Third San Francisco Victim.

San Francisco, Cal., July 10.—[Special.]—Antone Iridlocota, aged 6, died at Lane hospital this afternoon from injuries received on the fourth of July. This is the third death here for which this year's celebration is directly responsible.

G. A. R. COMMANDER STRICKEN.

W. W. Blackmar Too Ill to Take Part in Program Arranged In His Honor in Idaho.

Boise, Idaho, July 10.—Commander in Chief W. W. Blackmar of the G. A. R., who arrived here tonight, is ill. The doctor is unable to determine whether the illness will be serious, but states that it is unlikely that Mr. Blackmar will be able to be out tomorrow to participate in the program arranged in his honor.

LOVE FOILED; ENDS LIFE.

BROKER KILLS HIMSELF ON EVE OF HIS ELOPEMENT.

Clem R. Beatty, After Writing Note to "Josie," Commits Suicide in the Morrison Hotel—Marriage Opposed by His Relatives—Sweetheart Goes to House to View His Remains and Is Turned Away from the Door by Bereft Mother.

On the eve of his elopement with the girl he loved, Clem R. Beatty, adjustment broker, living at 540 East Forty-third street, shot himself in a room at the Hotel Morrison. The tragedy was discovered yesterday afternoon, when an unidentified girl, her eyes dim with tears, appeared at the office with a letter.

The note, which was written on the hotel stationery, read:

Dear Josie: Prior to this letter's arrival I will have killed myself at the Morrison hotel. My plans have been far fetched. Have utterly failed, and now I have nothing to live for. Keep a stiff upper lip and push toward the mark in life.

Good-by, my dear. CLEM.

Beatty's mother is said to have opposed the marriage. After the body had been taken to the south side home, "Josie" knocked at the door and requested to look for the last time upon the dead face of the man she would have married. Admission was refused.

"I blame you for my boy's death," sobbed Mrs. Beatty.

"If you had not opposed our marriage, Clem would not have killed himself," replied the girl.

Elopement Had Been Planned.

The couple were to have eloped for Indianapolis. "Josie" received the fatal letter at 11 o'clock in the morning. It had been written evidently Sunday night. Going immediately to the hotel she handed the missive to the clerk.

"I went to the theater with him and we had supper together last night," she said.

Repeated ringing of the telephone bell in room E 17 failed to elicit a response. Accompanied by the girl, the clerk went to the room. Not being able to open the door, the clerk secured a ladder. Looking through the transom, he saw the body of a man, fully dressed, lying across the bed. A revolver was grasped in the man's right hand.

The girl became hysterical and was kept from entering the room. Upon the dresser was a note which read:

Please notify J. G. Beatty, my brother, at the foreign accounting department of Swift & Co., telephone Yards 585, or Miss E. Beatty, in poultry department of same firm, and oblige

CLEM R. BEATTY.

Persons occupying the room adjoining said they had heard no unusual noise.

Says Money Was Demanded.

Beatty was employed by the Ætna insurance company until three months ago, according to a statement by his brother.

"This afternoon," John Beatty said, "a woman, whom I did not know, called at the house and demanded $150. 'This is no time to make such a demand,' I said.

"Evidently my brother was in straitened circumstances. A few weeks ago I gave him $175 to discharge certain obligations. He had not been at home for three weeks. He staid away because the family objected to his keeping late hours. Clem always was a home boy, and so far as we know, was not acquainted with any women. He was 24 years old."

TO WED AFTER TWENTY YEARS.

Western Miner and Girl He Saved from Indians Will Marry at White Bear, Minn.

Minneapolis, Minn., July 10.—[Special.]—A romance which has taken twenty years to develop will culminate at White Bear lake when Dora Feagle is married to John Wakefield. Arrangements for the wedding are being made with all speed.

During an Indian outbreak in Dakota in the early days Wakefield saved the girl from the redskins in a night attack and carried her to safety, although menaced in a long ride by prairie fires.

The pair became separated during the Indian trouble, and the young man drifted around searching for the girl for a long time without success. The twenty years that passed brought the young man to middle life, the holder of good gold properties at Leno, Nev.

Recently he learned that a sister of his sweetheart of years ago lived at White Bear Lake. He went there, and found that the sister did not know the address of the one whom he sought.

Another sister lived at Seattle, and from her he learned Dora was in New York and unmarried.

Immediately the miner wired New York, asking Dora if she would marry him. An affirmative message came back, and without delay the bride to be took a fast train for Minneapolis, arriving yesterday. This evening the couple reached White Bear lake.

CHICAGOAN INSTANTLY KILLED.

Lightning Strikes Ralph A. Nabphenny While Visiting Family and Leaves Nearby Relatives Uninjured.

South Bend, Ind., July 10.—[Special.]—While sitting on a porch at the residence of his parents at Walkerton, near South Bend, this afternoon, Ralph A. Nabphenny of Chicago was struck by lightning and instantly killed. Several other members of the family were on the porch but were not harmed.

SUICIDE BRINGS OUT FEUD

RIVAL CLAIMANTS SEEK PORTION OF ESTATE OF L. W. STONE.

Adopted Daughter and Nephew of Wife to Fight for Share of the Property—Bitter Feeling Evinced in Family Over Matter—Coroner's Jury Returns Verdict That Real Estate Dealer Committed Suicide While Temporarily Deranged.

With two rival claimants for a portion of the Lewis W. Stone estate facing each other in silence from opposite sides of Boydston's undertaking rooms, the coroner's inquest yesterday over the remains of the late real estate dealer resulted in a verdict of suicide while temporarily deranged. The tragic death of the eccentric old man shortly before dawn Sunday morning has brought to light a family feud.

Ill feeling which for some time has existed between two branches of the family may lead to a contest of the will. The estate erroneously estimated at from $1,000,000 to $2,000,000, will not exceed $200,000. On one side an adopted daughter, Mrs. Fred Howard, 4422 Champlain avenue, will put in a claim. For a long time Mrs. Howard has not visited at the home of her stepfather. The estrangement is said to have come about because of money matters. Mrs. Howard will have nothing as documentary evidence of her legal adoption but an old wedding invitation. The papers were burned in the county building in the great Chicago fire. In this invitation Mrs. Howard, then Carrie Isabel Stone, was acknowledged as a "daughter."

Causes of Ill Feeling Given.

It was customary at the time Mrs. Howard was adopted for the mayor to give the child away to its foster parents. This, the Howards claim, duly was done. A "dowry" of $10,000, mostly in real estate, went with Mrs. Howard. Since the marriage in 1873, according to her husband, the Stones have given them various amounts of money, aggregating $40,000. Much of this money, intrusted to Howard, it is said, was lost in unsuccessful ventures. Howard's notes were signed by his eccentric father-in-law, and Howard declares that they were paid. Another cause for the estrangement, it is believed, is the fact that Mrs. Howard had mentioned among her friends the possibility of inheriting a large part of the estate.

Wife's Nephew Also a Claimant.

The other claimant will be John D. Gardner, Mrs. Stone's nephew, and lately business agent for his uncle. Suspicion at first pointed to him as having written the note, "Take care of John and his wife," which was found at the dead man's side. It was believed that by this act Gardner had attempted to prejudice the executors of the will in his favor. The mystery was cleared up at the inquest, when the handwriting was identified as that of Stone.

"It sounds queer," said the police, "that a dying man, writing to his wife, should mention so prominently his relatives."

Regarding his expectations, Mr. Gardner declared that he had come to work for Mr. Stone last February, leaving a salaried position for one without remuneration.

"When I needed money," he said, "I knew where to apply. My uncle often had said that I would be remembered in the will. So far as I know there is only one will in existence. That has been kept in the Fidelity safe deposit vaults, but recently was transferred to the Merchants' Title and Trust company's vaults."

Will to Be Opened Today.

The testament will be opened and read after the funeral this afternoon. It is believed that Mrs. Stone will be made executor in trust, and that she will use her discrimination in providing for the relatives. Other possible heirs are the nephews and nieces of the Stones, sons and daughters of the late Ben Stone, now living in Walla Walla and Tacoma, Wash.

According to the Howards, the methods of Gardner were such as his appearance does not bear out. The nephew is a young man from the country with little experience with life.

"Why," declared one of them, "after he found the body Sunday morning, he rushed upstairs and breathlessly notified the police. He never would have had the nerve to write a note asking to be remembered in the will."

"Twice," declared Mr. Howard, "Gardner had come to live with the old man. I understand he was tolerated because he was the nephew of Mrs. Stone. There is something suspicious in his coming to work without compensation. I believe it was he who rescued his uncle from the bandits in the farm some years ago, and by that act made good. Mr. Stone often has told me, however, that none of the Gardners should have any of the property."

Howard Is Refused Admission.

Mr. Howard appeared at the Stone homestead, 4316 Michigan avenue, in the morning, but was refused admission. It is doubtful whether the Howards will be welcomed at the funeral.

"We intend to go," said Mr. Howard, "and I don't see how we can be kept away. If Mrs. Stone has made the request that we do not attend, it will make the feeling bitter. However, should she relent, a reconciliation over the coffin of the eccentric old man may be a happy ending of it all."

PHYSICIAN COMMITS SUICIDE.

Dr. Eugene E. Holroyd, Lately a Resident of Chicago, Kills Himself on Train.

Dr. Eugene E. Holroyd, for twenty years a west side physician, committed suicide yesterday at Millwood, Ill., while en route from Mobile, Ala., to Chicago. He swallowed a mixture of carbolic acid, strychnine, and arsenic. Financial losses and despondency over ill health are thought to have caused Dr. Holroyd to take his life.

Dr. Holroyd was a practicing Chicago physician up to about six weeks ago, when he moved with his family to Alabama. It is conjectured that he was returning to Chicago to settle up some business matters when he killed himself. Dr. Holroyd was 45 years old. He is survived by a widow and four children, who are at present in Alabama.

E. A. Holroyd, a druggist at 1012 West Lake street, and a brother of the doctor, said last night that he received but meager information regarding the doctor's death and could assign no cause for the deed.

GOV. DOUGLAS IS ARRESTED.

Charged with Exceeding the Speed Limit in an Automobile in Buzzards Bay—Will Fight Case.

Buzzards Bay, Mass., July 10.—[Special.]—Charged with overspeeding his automobile through the streets of this village, Gov. Douglas of Massachusetts was held up by officers stationed on the highway late yesterday afternoon and summoned to appear before the District court in Barnstable on July 12.

Gov. Douglas, with his wife, daughter, and son-in-law, left his summer home at Monument Beach late in the afternoon to enjoy the breezes along the bay shore. According to the statement of the son-in-law, Mr. Richmond, the car was running about eight miles an hour, when the officers jumped out into the road and commanded them to stop.

The governor and Mr. Richmond decided to take the case to the courts, as they did not believe they were in the wrong, and told the officers of the village they would appear in court at the proper time.

CHICAGO WOMAN HURT BY AUTO.

Mrs. W. A. Rider Thrown from Machine Near Laporte, Ind., and Seriously Injured.

Laporte, Ind., July 10.—[Special.]—Mrs. W. A. Rider of Chicago was thrown from an automobile this afternoon about a mile southwest of here, and seriously injured. Mr. Rider, who was running the machine, was also thrown, but escaped with a few bruises. In making a turn the steering gear failed to respond properly, and the wheels slipped, almost overturning the machine. Mrs. Rider was brought to this city and her injuries dressed. She returned to Chicago this afternoon.

CHICAGO'S SPEED SLOW TO SCOTTY.

Easy Spender of Death's Valley Will Find Only Poor Entertainment Here.

$2,000 A DAY THE LIMIT.

No Gentlemanly Rounder Can Part from More Without Using Coarse Work.

On the eve of the arrival of Walter Scott, the easy spender of Death Valley, Cal., Chicago is forced to offer an apology for the lack of proper places of entertainment for a man of such impulsive financial habits as Mr. Scott, the lucky strike miner, is said to be.

The easy spender will arrive this afternoon, coming on a special train of three cars over the Santa Fé railroad. He is scheduled to reach Chicago at 12:35 o'clock, and is fully expected to be in the city at least by 3 o'clock.

In view of the near approach of Mr. Scott's special, which at the present moment is touching only the high places along the Santa Fé right of way, an effort was made to discover means by which he could separate himself from money without too much of an effort.

It is with some degree of humility that Chicago admits that Mr. Scott is apt to feel lonesome and to find time hanging heavy on his hands while in the city. It is impossible to figure out how he can spend more than $3,553.15 in twenty-four hours. In making this estimate $1,500 is allowed him for breaking an automobile by smashing it into a cable train. Thirty-three dollars is allowed for possible damage to the train. Mr. Scott has announced his desire to travel fast in a "glass wagon." Hence these allowances.

Fifteen cents is allowed to buy peanuts for the elephant in Lincoln park and a leeway of $500 is left in the estimate in case Mr. Scott should want to cut the elephant loose and chase it down Dearborn avenue. In that case there might be damages, for which provision is thus made in the estimate.

Chicago No Place to Fling Money.

Chicago admits, with humility, that it will require Mr. Scott to spend the $1,000 remaining to his account. This admission is made after canvassing all the places in which a person of impulsive financial habits might feel at home. Chicago is no place to spend money—that is, real money, as Mr. Scott would consider it. Such amounts as $1,000 or $2,000 might be skinned off a roll without much effort, but after that it becomes coarse work.

No gentlemanly amateur spender, just arriving in Chicago, can spend more than $2,000 in twenty-four hours and retain any pride in his methods. Of course, if Mr. Scott intended to stay indefinitely the opportunities would be greater. He could go into business. A man who hates the sight of cash money as Mr. Scott is said to could find a great deal of relief in a board of trade operation. A little corner in wheat might prove a blessing to him. If his stay were to be longer he might build a new city hall, or take some Mueller law certificates.

Proof That Chicago Is Cheap.

These higher opportunities cannot be used in twenty-four hours, and Mr. Scott is apt to find that Chicago is cheap. According to recent testimony in the tunnel case it cost only $10 to have the council records changed. There would be no excitement in that for an easy spender. Chief O'Neill says there is no gambling in town and that avenue is closed. The good ship Traverse is tied up at the docks.

For the good name of the city the hope has been expressed that Mr. Scott may encounter a couple of gentlemanly holdup artists, in which case he might feel for a few moments that he was having the time of his life, but this hope is insecurely based on a flimsy foundation and no reliance is placed on it. In case he met up with such characters it would be just Chicago's luck to have them turn out to be coarse workers, who would only remind him of bellboys hunting for a tip.

The democratic county central committee is said to be in need of funds, but this is merely a hint to Mr. Scott, and it is not likely that he would consider it real spending. If he attempts to get rid of his $1,000 merely by patronizing the cafés, hotels, cabs, and distilleries, there is not much hope for him.

Search was made yesterday for the gentleman who sells options on the Masonic temple, but it is understood that he is away on his vacation. He was about the last hope that Chicago had. The only thing the city can do is to ask Mr. Scott not to think meanly of it, but to try to arrange to stop off on his way back to Death valley and go in business for a month or so. Then he would have a real opportunity.

One Chance for Scott.

Only on one point is the city sure that it can hold its own with Mr. Scott. Next to spending money his ambition is said to be to break records for rapid transportation. He has designs on the Santa Fé record and the transcontinental record. It is announced that he bankers for a try at the transatlantic record. He wants to go a little bit faster on each and every particular line he hits than anybody ever went before on that line.

Chicago dares him to try to break the record on the North Clark street cable line—dares him to. Chicago will even allow him to hitch a couple of burros to a cable train and try it. Chicago maintains against all comers that there is one record in the country that can't be beaten. If Mr. Scott gets a North Clark street cable train to beat the record of thirty minutes from Dearborn and Madison streets to the barns the city will erect a monument to him where the Ferris wheel used to stand. That is the only excitement the city has to offer him.

Chicago Curious About Scott.

Chicago is a little curious to know whether Death's valley or the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fé railroad produced Mr. Scott. The legend is that he is a former Buffalo Bill wild west show performer, who deserted his company and found a gold mine in Death's valley. From this valley he emerges a Monte Cristo. The Santa Fé gets him aboard a special train. He puts a street dog in the baggage car and starts east, breaking all records, and feeding the street dog broiled squab on toast.

Possibly Mr. Scott will endeavor to get rid of some of his $1,000 scheduled for "incidentals" by feeding all the dogs in the dog pound broiled squab on toast. There is some encouragement in that, but not much.

The Santa Fé railroad officials do not know how long he will stay in Chicago, but they picture him as being ambitious to break the transcontinental records and intimate that he will be quickly on his way.

Nearly Two Hours Ahead of Time.

Dodge City, Kas., July 10.—[Special.]—The Scott special train left here at 8:20 tonight. It was one hour and forty-five minutes ahead of the schedule, and a further cutting of the schedule is expected, as the train, after leaving Dodge City, almost immediately encountered the best roadbed the Santa Fé has in this section of the country.

Two and a Half Hours Gained.

Newton, Kas., July 10.—The Scott special is running 2 hours and 30 minutes ahead of the schedule time. It left here at 11:40 tonight. The train left Dodge City at 9:31 and reached Offerle, 28 miles distant, in 23½ minutes. The 8.4 miles from Kinsley to Lewis was covered in 7 minutes. The train covered the 101 miles from Lajunta to Syracuse in 99½ minutes.

Loses $200 to Pickpocket.

Alexander Hollen, 30 years old, a resident of Waukegan, Ill., complained to the police yesterday afternoon that his pockets had been picked of $200 and three steamship tickets to Liverpool, England. Hollen was riding on a south bound Wentworth avenue car when his valuables were taken.

Good Fishing at Cedar Lake.

Only 75 cents to Cedar Lake, Ind., and return on Saturdays and Sundays, returning Mondays; also $1 going any day, returning three days. Depot, Dearborn Station.

TEN DIE OF HEAT; MANY OVERCOME.

Ambulances Kept Busy in New York Taking Victims to Various Hospitals.

ARTHUR NEELY IS KILLED

Chicago Man Plunges to Sidewalk from Fourth Story of Burning Building.

NEW YORK BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE, New York, July 10.

Ten deaths and more than two score cases of prostration resulted from the continuance today of the wave of intense heat which reached the city on Saturday. A grateful breeze from the sea served in a measure to temper the torrid temperature and excessive humidity, but the suffering, especially in the swarming tenement quarters, was intense, and throughout the day the ambulances were kept busy removing sunstroke patients to the hospitals.

Ten Deaths from Heat Prostrations.

At 1 o'clock the thermometer registered 89°, two degrees higher than yesterday, and remained at this point until 3 o'clock, when a heavy thunder storm with a deluge of rain descended on Brooklyn, the lower portion of Manhattan, and suburban towns in New Jersey. The storm brought a pleasing fall in the mercury, which dropped thirteen degrees within half an hour, effectually breaking the hot wave.

The rain storm almost attained the proportions of a cloud burst in the lower section of Manhattan, and within ten minutes many of the downtown streets were flooded to the level of the sidewalks. Broad street, in the vicinity of the stock exchange, was rendered impassable and the brokers on the "curb" were compelled to hasten the close of the market and flee before the rising flood. A torrent rushing down Broadway, Whitehall street, and State street, poured into the new subway station at south ferry, flooding the tracks nearly to the level of the third rail, and for a time threatening to interrupt traffic by short circuiting the current.

In Jersey City lightning grounded the current on the main electrical power house and all street car traffic was halted for two hours.

Count Cassini, the retiring Russian ambassador, was made ill by the heat in his apartments at the Waldorf-Astoria today. He was under a physician's care for several hours, and felt so much better in the evening that he was able to attend the dinner given in his honor at the St. Regis by the Brazilian minister, F. G. de Assis-Brasil.

Arthur Neely of Chicago, brother of the New York publisher, F. Tennyson Neely, was instantly killed this morning in leaping from the fourth floor of the building in which he was staying. His brother witnessed the act and at the time was entreating Arthur to wait until the firemen reached him.

Chicago Man Leaps to His Death.

Arthur slept on the fourth floor, and when he was awakened by the flames his escape by the stairway was cut off. He ran to the window, and his brother, who was two stories below, cried to Arthur not to jump. Apparently frenzied by the danger and the flames, which had reached his room, he attempted to spring to the top of the bay window where F. Tennyson Neely stood. He missed and shot to the sidewalk, which he struck with his head.

The firemen were raising their ladders when the unfortunate man was at the window, and would have carried him to safety if he had waited a few minutes longer. Neely is survived by three children. His wife was killed in a railroad accident several years ago.

An old man, bent with his seventy years, had a desperate battle with mosquitoes today near Newark which left him almost demented from pain. He is G. Gould, head of the tea importing firm of 44 South street, New York. About noon Gould was found walking along a plank road through the meadows. Around his head were swarms of mosquitoes.

Jersey Mosquitoes Nearly Kill Old Man.

Their poison caused his head to swell to nearly twice its natural size, and he could scarcely see, so puffed were his eyelids. His groans attracted the attention of a man who was passing, who realized that the old man was not agile enough to get away from the mosquitoes and that if he should fall from the excruciating agony he might actually be stung to death.

The stranger succeeded in getting him off the plank road and took him to the Newark police headquarters, where he received medical attention. Although he appeared to be much revived in a few hours the physicians were unable to say how seriously he might be affected by the poison suffering he had endured.

Five men were seriously burned during a fire fighting performance at Coney Island, and were taken to hospitals. Flames, instead of pouring out of a window at which the men were stationed, were driven by a "back draft" into their faces. They were burned about the face and body and inhaled the flames. Before ladders could be raised the men leaped to the ground, a distance of thirty-five feet. Some of them may be fatally injured.

Flames Went Wrong Way.

John W. Wooten, a lawyer, today was sentenced to Sing Sing prison for grand larceny in the first degree for stealing a $1,000 check from David Rothschild. Rothschild is now serving a long sentence in Sing Sing, having been convicted of wrecking the Federal bank in this city, of which he was president. Wooten's counsel secured a certificate of reasonable doubt and a stay pending argument.

Accused of Robbing Felon.

One man was fatally injured and many other persons cut and bruised in a panic on a surface car on the Brooklyn bridge early today, following the blowing out of the fuses in the controller boxes at both ends of the car. The passengers leaped from the car, whose speed was undiminished, and Frank Lawrence of Brooklyn, the first to alight, was borne down by others who leaped upon him. He sustained injuries which will cause his death.

Fatal Panic on Brooklyn Bridge.

Commander Robert E. Peary announced tonight that during the day he had received $6,000 in contributions towards equipping the Roosevelt expedition to the far north. Of this amount $5,000 came from a Wall street financier, who asked Peary to keep his name secret. The other $1,000 was given by John S. Huyler. This makes altogether $16,000 that the explorer has received in the last week.

Peary Receives $16,000 in One Week.

METHODISTS ON POLICE BOARD.

Gov. Hanly Selects Republican Members of Michigan City's Commission.

Michigan City, Ind., July 10.—[Special.]—Gov. Hanly appointed W. W. Worthly and Fred S. Whipple as the republican members of the board of metropolitan police commissioners today. The democratic member of the board has not been named. Both Worthly and Whipple are pillars of the Methodist church.

CALHOUN CHOSEN VENEZUELA ENVOY

(Continued from first page.)

said here today, will be expected to perform a function practically identical with that for which he was sent to Cuba by President McKinley in April, 1897. He was not a diplomatic envoy, and his report was oral and confidential. The same thing probably will be true in the Venezuela case.

In the early part of 1897 the tension between Spain and the United States had been increased greatly by the case of Dr. Ricardo Ruiz, a naturalized citizen of the United States who died in prison in Cuba.

There was every reason to believe that Dr. Ruiz died from congestion of the brain, produced by a blow on the head. He had been kept in prison "incommunicado" for 315 hours, and, although he went in a strong, robust man, he was carried out a corpse.

Called For Far Seeing Diplomat.

This was the year before the blowing up of the Maine, but public sentiment in the United States was wrought up greatly by the Ruiz affair and the secretary of state made a demand on Spain for satisfaction, and particularly for an explanation of why an American citizen, locked up for days without an opportunity to communicate with his friends, was tried by a drumhead court martial, and apparently beaten to death in his cell.

It was almost impossible to secure correct reports from Cuba on any subject. Gen. Fitzhugh Lee, who died this spring, was then the consul general at Havana. He was a holdover from the Cleveland administration and his sympathies were with the Cuban insurgents.

It was seen at once that there was in the Ruiz affair a diplomatic situation of such delicate character that unless handled properly, it might precipitate war.

Drastic Action Followed Report.

Under these circumstances, therefore, President McKinley called in W. J. Calhoun of Danville, Ill., who had come to the front in the McKinley campaign, a year before. He was the political enemy of Uncle Joe Cannon.

Acting under the request of President McKinley, Mr. Calhoun went to Cuba, ostensibly as special counsel to Consul General Lee, for the purpose of getting at the facts in the Ruiz case.

In point of fact, he was expected to report, and did report, upon the whole situation in Cuba. He gave President McKinley the benefit of his observations in regard to the status of the insurrection, the inhumanity of the Spaniards, the condition of the poor people who were concentrated by military order in various towns, and the general prospect of securing peace under Spanish rule.

As a direct result of Mr. Calhoun's secret report to the president, Mr. McKinley sent to congress on May 17 his celebrated message, in which he asked for an appropriation to take care of American naturalized citizens who were among the wretched reconcentrados. Congress immediately appropriated $50,000 for this purpose, and this was the first actual official step taken by the United States looking toward the freedom of Cuba.

Will Determine President's Policy.

Mr. Calhoun made such a brilliant success of his confidential mission to Cuba, and held his tongue so successfully after he came back, that subsequently he was appointed interstate commerce commissioner, which place he resigned because the salary was insufficient.

Among the few people who know about his new appointment I have heard today nothing but congratulation that the government has been able to secure the services of the Chicago lawyer who has been identified neither with the Loomis nor Bowen factions and who is independent of the New York asphalt trust, so that the confidential report he makes to the president will be unbiased.

President Roosevelt has been importuned to take radical action in Venezuela, and President Castro has been arbitrary and defiant to a degree. Upon the report made by Mr. Calhoun largely will depend the character of the steps to be taken by the administration, and they may be serious.

It is said at the navy department that the confidential commissioner to Venezuela will be sent there on one of the smaller cruisers or a dispatch boat, probably one of the squadron now engaged in policing the coast of Santo Domingo. No assignment has been made for this duty, as the department has been busy getting ready the Mayflower and Dolphin for the use of the Russian and Japanese peace commissioners.

M'KINLEY'S ENVOY TO CUBA.

W. J. Calhoun's Previous Experience as a Special Commissioner Appointed to Tell a President the Truth.

In sending W. J. Calhoun to Venezuela as his special commissioner, President Roosevelt chooses a man who by previous experience in similar work has shown his fitness for the task.

In April, 1897, when President McKinley wished a personal report on the conditions prevailing in Cuba, he selected W. J. Calhoun to secure the information for him. The imposition of this trust in the Danville (Ill.) attorney was in part the payment of a political obligation, but still more was dictated by President McKinley's confidence in the ability of the Illinoisan.

Judge Day, who was talked of for the mission before McKinley decided to place him in the state department, was the president's adviser in the matter. At a conference Mr. McKinley told Judge Day and Mr. Calhoun that he wanted an envoy on whose report he could rely implicitly. The things upon which the president wished especial information include the following:

There should be a thorough examination into the Ruiz case with a view of ascertaining whether any action should be taken by the United States against Spain.

There should be a rigid examination into all political and social conditions in Cuba for the personal guidance of the president in future action.

Calhoun Accepts Heavy Trust.

The conditions and trusts were acceptable to Mr. Calhoun, who declared his readiness to make sacrifices for the president, and so the matter was arranged, it being thought the work would consume a couple of months at least.

Mr. Calhoun went to Cuba early in May. Before leaving he had another conference with the president and Assistant Secretary Day, in which the evidence secured by Consul General Lee as to the murder of Dr. Ruiz was laid before him. His mission, he was told, was to secure, if possible, sufficient reliable testimony to support the belief that the American was slain in his cell. As the only witnesses to the crime practically were the prisoners confined with Dr. Ruiz, the difficulty and delicacy of this work were great, especially as Gen. Lee had declared it would be impossible to prove the charge against the Spanish.

Arriving in Cuba, Mr. Calhoun at once put himself in touch with Consul General Lee and the latter gave him his heartiest cooperation in his investigations. Capt. Gen. Weyler was at once notified of the special envoy's presence, with the request that haste be made in pushing the inquiry into Ruiz's death. While waiting for the Spanish government to get busy, Mr. Calhoun went about inquiring into the affairs on the island generally.

Makes Report in Four Days.

In his first report, sent to Washington about May 15, 1897, he said:

"Information I have obtained warrants me in saying that affairs on the island are in a deplorable state, and that reports you have received concerning the destitute condition of the American citizens are by no means exaggerated. But I am not at this time prepared to advise regarding relief, as the means of successful distribution are doubtful."

As Mr. Calhoun had been in Cuba only four days when he made this report, the rapidity with which he worked may be understood. This report, supporting, as it did, the reports of Consul General Lee and other Americans in Cuba, convinced the president that conditions on the island were desperate and practically decided him upon taking some action for the relief of the Americans. Two days later, on May 17, President McKinley sent to congress a message representing the starving condition of Americans in Cuba and asking for an appropriation of at least $50,000 for relief to be expended under the direction of the state department. Events occurred rapidly in congress in the next few days, resulting in the senate declaring a state of war existing in Cuba between Spain and the provisional government.

Envoy Presses Ruiz Inquiry.

Meantime Mr. Calhoun was trying to hasten the Ruiz inquiry, in the way of which the Spanish authorities placed many obstacles. President McKinley's plans for free Cuba were then gradually unfolding.

At the end of a month's stay Mr. Calhoun returned to America, reaching New York on June 7, and going at once to Washington, where, for several weeks, he remained, frequently being in audience with President McKinley, to whom he gave in detail his observations, and the information he had secured, both as to the assassination of Ruiz and the general condition on the island.

Report Directs McKinley's Policy.

He informed the president that he believed Cuba would never yield to Spain, and, though he made no recommendations in his presentation of the situation in Cuba was so complete the president accepted it as a basis on which to mold his policy toward the island.

It is understood that McKinley's whole course prior to the opening of actual hostilities was based on Mr. Calhoun's report, which later events proved to have been a complete and impartial presentation of the facts.

PLAGUE INCREASING IN INDIA.

Report of Marine Hospital and Public Health Service Tells of Prevalence of Malady.

Washington, D. C., July 10.—The status and progress of epidemics throughout the world is announced in a report which has been issued by the Marine hospital and public health service.

The bubonic plague is chiefly prevalent in Asia, says the report. In India morbidity and mortality from the plague are constantly assuming increased proportions. The disease has so far baffled every effort to stamp it out. The report quotes recent statistics given by the British secretary of state for India, showing a steady increase there since 1901 and a total of 1,022,299 deaths from the plague in 1904, and that it is still prevailing with unremitted violence.

At Aden in Arabia, where there were nearly 2,000 cases in six months, the disease appears to be dying out. In Japan there recently have been cases at Osaka and Tokio, and there is an extensive epidemic in the Japanese insular possession, Formosa. From Bangkok, Siam, cases have been reported recently. In China, the plague was present at Amoy in May. A plague epidemic is running concurrently with cholera in southeastern Russia.

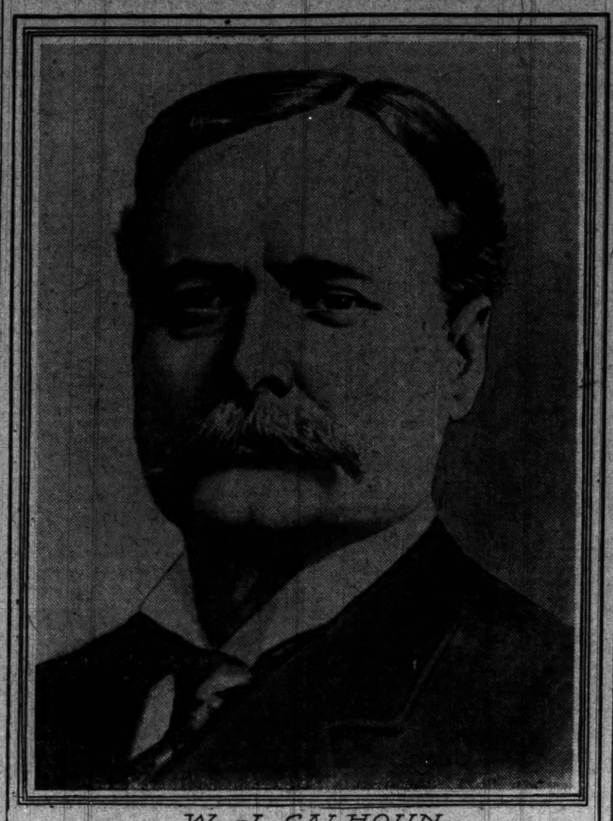
OBITUARY.

JUDGE JOHN H. MULKEY, aged 81, died at his home in Metropolis, Ill. Several years ago he met with an accident while alighting from a train in St. Louis, from which he never fully recovered. He was a native of Kentucky, and served in the Mexican war. Upon his return to his home in Franklin county, Ill., he became a country school teacher. He was admitted to the bar in 1857, and served as judge of the Common Pleas court of Cairo until 1869. In 1879 he was elected to the supreme court of the state. Here he acquired a great reputation as a jurist, but declined reelection after serving out his nine year term. He leaves a widow, two sons, and a daughter.

GEORGE ELLERY WOOD, who died on Sunday afternoon, will be buried tomorrow. Funeral service will be held at 2 o'clock at his late residence, 2301 Prairie avenue. Mr. Wood was the president of the lumber company bearing his name. He is survived by his widow, a son, William T. Wood, and a daughter, Mrs. Annie L. Meadowcroft. He was born at East Douglass, Mass., Jan. 11, 1837. His father came west when he was a boy. He moved to Chicago from Davenport, Ia., in 1869, and engaged at once in the lumber business. He was a member of the Union league and the Calumet clubs.

JOHN M'KIM, a descendant of a distinguished family, and who was intimately connected with the social life of Baltimore, Md., is dead.

Chicagoan Who Will Investigate Castro.



W. J. CALHOUN.

W. J. Calhoun, who as President McKinley's special commissioner investigated conditions in Cuba just before the Spanish war, will go on a similar mission to Venezuela for President Roosevelt.

BRISTOW URGES CHANGES.

COMMISSIONER SAYS PANAMA LINE SHOULD BE MODERN.

Report Made Public Declares Railway Should Be Continued as Commercial Aid, Should Be Double Tracked, and Re-equipped with Up to Date Rolling Stock, and Port Facilities Should Be Enlarged—Advises Continuance of Steamship Service.

Washington, D. C., July 10.—[Special.]—Practically in response to many complaints from Pacific coast chambers of commerce and from Central American republics, the report of Joseph L. Bristow, special Panama railroad commissioner, dealing with those complaints, appeared today. The report goes into the history of the road and steamship company, its previous dividends, present dividends, and the its holdings, and recommends what measures should be taken to make the road more effective as an adjunct to commerce.

The report discusses from several points of view the question of what policy should be pursued by the government in the management of the railroad, and makes a number of important recommendations. Among these are the continuance of the railroad as a commercial line with improved facilities for handling commerce, including double tracking and resquipping the line with modern rolling stock, the enlargement of its port facilities, and the retention of the steamship line between New York and Colon.

Cancel Pacific Mail Contracts.

Mr. Bristow recommends also the cancellation of the contracts with the Pacific Mail Steamship company and the South American lines, and the opening of the ports of Colon and Panama to all steamship lines on equal terms; and, in certain contingencies, the establishment by the railroad of steamship lines between Colon and gulf ports and Panama and important United States Pacific coast ports. It is also recommended that in traffic connections American steamship lines be favored as far as consistent with the treaty obligations of the United States.

Mr. Bristow spent several months in his investigation, visiting the isthmus of Panama, important ports on the western coast of Central America, the isthmus of Tehuantepec, Mexico, and the Pacific coast of the United States.

Complaints That Start Investigation.

The complaints mede were that the railroad's local freight and passenger charges were excessive; that the traffic contracts with the Pacific Mail Steamship company, and with two South American lines, were monopolistic; that it had maintained a monopoly for its own steamers on the Atlantic side; that shipments via Panama were carelessly handled, resulting in heavy loss by damage and theft; that owing to lack of facilities there was a congestion of freight on the isthmus, and that commercial business was made secondary to canal business, greatly to the injury of commerce.

Point of View Is Threefold.

After discussing each complaint, Mr. Bristow says:

"The question as to what policy should be pursued by the government in the management of the railroad should be considered from three points of view:

"First. Should the railroad be closed to commerce, and be used as a construction road for canal work?

"Second. Should it be used as a construction and commercial road, making commerce incidental and secondary to canal work?

"Third. Should it be used not only as a construction road, but also as a commercial line to its fullest capacity?

"Referring to the first proposition, this railroad has been operated as a commercial line for fifty years. It has served as a link connecting the commerce of the two oceans, and it would be of great injury to the commerce to close this route.

Should Continue Present Policy.

"The second proposition has many adherents, who state that it is not the business of the United States government to engage in a commercial enterprise or to conduct a transportation company, but that, since the government came into possession of this road as an incident of its purchase of the canal property from the French, it may be well to continue its commercial status with the present facilities, but that the government should not in any way enlarge them.

"In the third proposition, the shipping public declares that the government should operate this road as a commercial line, and improve its facilities so as to make it of the greatest possible benefit to commerce.

"If the United States is justified in spending a large amount of money for the construction of a canal for the benefit of commerce, then it is justified, pending the construction of the canal, in operating this railroad for the same purpose.

Railroad with Canal Functions.

"In the fifteen years before the canal can be operated the railroad must perform the commercial functions of the canal. The operation of this railroad is no more in competition with private enterprise than the construction and operation of the canal are in competition with private enterprise; and, if products can be transported between the Atlantic and Pacific coasts at less cost by this line than by any other, then commerce should receive the benefit of this route."

DENEEN REFUSES TO BE STAMPEDED

Will Not Interfere with Railroad Commission Regarding Rate Reduction.

UNMOVED BY COMMITTEE.

Chicago Shippers, in a Deal with the Railroads, Withdraw Petition for Lower Rates.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

Springfield, Ill., July 10.—[Special.]—Gov. Deneen has refused to be stampeded by the formidable appearance of the railroad employés who are arrayed against a freight rate reduction in Illinois. To a committee of sixty-five, claiming to represent 105,000 employés in every branch of the railroad service, banded together by labor organizations, he made it clear today that he had no intention of interfering with the members of the railroad and warehouse commission in the exercise of their judgment.

Gov. Deneen intimated that as a court of last appeal he might have something to say, but until a verdict by the commission was returned he stated plainly he would keep his hands off.

It was not an altogether satisfactory session for the committee nor for the railroad officials who instigated this appeal to the governor to try to hold off the commissioners' finding, which they greatly fear will be adverse to their interests. The committee will wait over until the hearing before the commission tomorrow to add the weight of their protest to the arguments of the railroad attorneys.

Chicago Shippers Withdraw Petition.

The commission, however, has been informed by the Illinois Shippers' association that its request for a horizontal reduction of 25 per cent in freight rates in Illinois has been withdrawn. The railroads have agreed to give the Chicago shippers what they want. The rates in the rest of the state are to remain as they are.

In spite of this agreement the commission at its meeting tomorrow may go on with the case to pacify the country shippers.

Twelve Roads Represented.

William M. Clark of the Order of Railway Conductors, was chairman of the committee which met the governor today by appointment. There were representative conductors, trainmen, firemen, engineers, freight handlers, telegraphers, and machinists from twelve of the roads operating in Illinois.

The largest delegation was from the Illinois Central, numbering twenty-six, while other roads had from one to seven men on the committee. It was noticed that the largest delegations came from the north and south roads, which will be most affected by a reduction of rates.

E. E. O. Clark, head of the Order of Railway Conductors of the United States, was the principal speaker. He did not fear so much the actual reduction of wages following a reduction of rates, he said, as the economies in other lines, such as longer hours, less mileage, slower trains, and fewer safety appliances, through which railroad men would suffer. Another of Mr. Clark's contentions was that, no matter if rates were horizontally reduced, it would redound to the benefit of a few jobbers or manufacturers only, and the retailer and consumers would not get their goods any cheaper.

Should Not Jeopardize Men's Wages.

Other speakers referred to the great hardships attendant upon railroading, and insisted that nothing should be done to jeopardize the wages of the men, which have only been brought up to the present standard through long and amicable negotiation between the roads and the labor organizations. They dwelt upon the fact that the railroads have been decreasing rates materially year by year and in the same breath denied that they were acting at the suggestion of the railroads in coming before the governor.

Although Gov. Deneen listened for more than an hour to the arguments of the railroad men, his reply was brief and to the point.

"Why have you not submitted these facts to the railroad and warehouse commission? That is the proper tribunal for you to appear before," he said. "Until they have decided the matter, I would no more think of interfering than the Supreme court would interfere with a case pending in the lower courts."

Case Must Be Settled.

"This case should be settled for all time, for the sake of business. If no reduction is made, the case should be allowed to rest until new conditions arise. If the reduction is made, it should remain permanent until conditions warrant another change. You gentlemen should state your case before the commission tomorrow, and after they have decided, if the decision is not to your liking, it will be time enough to bring it before me."

The governor further said that he was much interested in the freight rate question, and had asked the commission for a brief of all testimony they have taken, in order that he may thoroughly acquaint himself with it. He also called attention to the thousands of petitions favoring rate reductions which are pouring in.

Action by Chicago Shippers.

More than a year ago 3,000 shippers asked the railroad commission to reduce the rates. Subsequently the Chicago Shippers' association joined in the petition of the country merchants. The complaint was that merchants of Indianapolis, Cincinnati, and other points in the middle west could ship goods by the lines crossing from south to north to points in the state at much lower rates than could be done to points within the state. The railroad and warehouse commission has had a number of hearings in the matter during the last year, but the railroads, by their strenuous opposition, succeeded in having action deferred.

To Take Final Action Today.

The railroad and warehouse commission has arranged to meet in Springfield today to take final action in the matter. The fact that the big merchants of Chicago stood with the country shippers left little room for doubt that the commission would grant the reduction. It was, therefore, deemed essential to the railroads that the big Chicago merchants and shippers should withdraw their petition. The shippers, however, feel that the compromise proposition made by the railroads is reasonable.

Rate Law Troubles Roads.

The rate commission law recently passed by the Wisconsin legislature is giving the roads operating in the state of Wisconsin much annoyance. Those who heretofore have been getting free or reduced transportation say that they are unjustly treated, and are inclined to blame the railroads for it. The railroads have no other alternative, however, they say, than to enforce the new law.

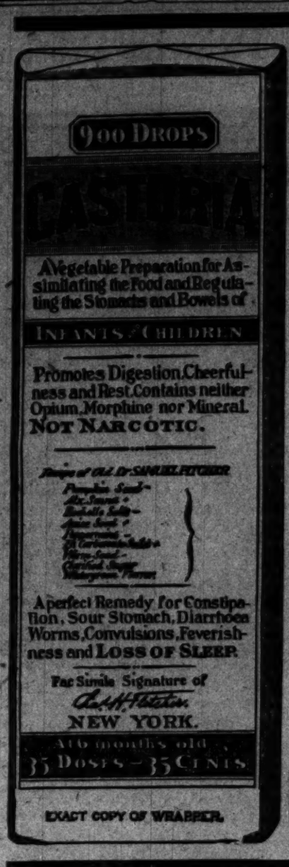
Chicago as Summer Resort.

The Rock Island has determined to exploit Chicago as a summer resort. Instead of directing its efforts to divert summer excursionists away from Chicago to resorts in the west, it has started a campaign of inducing people in the west, southwest, and northwest to come to Chicago and spend their summer vacations in this city. To accomplish that end the passenger department of the road has just issued a folder setting forth the merits of Chicago as an ideal summer resort.

ASLEEP; PROPOSED TO GIRL?

Unusual Defense Offered to Breach of Promise Suit by an Iowa Man.

Cherokee, Ia., July 10.—[Special.]—The claim that he must have been talking in his sleep and consequently without volition on his part is the defense offered by Simon Brandt, a wealthy bachelor, to the breach of promise suit for $25,000 brought by Miss Katherine Crippen.



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Over four hundred coats and vests, with about fifteen hundred pairs of trousers, but so broken in sizes you'll be extra lucky to match up a whole suit.

Coats, $4.50.
Vests, $1.
Trousers, $2.

F. M. ATWOOD

Rogers, Peet & Co. Clothing. Hats and Furnishings.

Cor. Clark & Madison Sts.

MICKEY OFFENDED AT LAWSON.

Governor Is Displeased with Ottawa Speech and Will Not Meet the Bostonian.

Lincoln, Neb., July 10.—Thomas W. Lawson will not be welcomed by Gov. Mickey when he arrives tomorrow at Fairbury to make an address on "The System." The governor was one of those who invited Mr. Lawson to visit this state, and the Bostonian, it is claimed, understood he was coming as the governor's guest, and the Fairbury meeting was so advertised.

Gov. Mickey, however, is quoted as being displeased with Mr. Lawson's Ottawa (Kas.) speech. The governor said tonight it would be impossible for him to go to Fairbury, as he was unexpectedly called to Omaha.

Mr. Lawson has accepted the invitation of the Jefferson club of Chicago to be present at the dinner in his honor Saturday night, and will speak if it is possible for him to do so. He has recovered the use of his voice.

Attorney Found Helpless in Street.

Lewis M. Hopkins, a patent attorney, living at 28 Forty-fourth place, was found by the police in a helpless condition at Van Buren and Clark streets early this morning. Hopkins was arrested and taken to the Harrison street station. He revived a short time later and was allowed to go, after giving bail for his appearance in court today.

Wanted Sleep.

Curious Desire of Tired Preacher...

See Below.

A minister speaks of the curious effect of Grape-Nuts food on him and how it has relieved him.

"You will doubtless understand how the suffering with indigestion, with which I used to be troubled, made my work an almost unendurable burden, and why it was that after my Sabbath duties had been performed, sleep was a stranger to my pillow till nearly daylight.

"I had to be very careful as to what I ate, and even with all my care I experienced poignant physical distress after meals, and my food never satisfied me.

"Six months have elapsed since I began to use Grape-Nuts food, and the benefits I have derived from it are very definite. I no longer suffer from indigestion, and I began to improve from the time Grape-Nuts appeared on our table. I find that by eating a dish of it after my Sabbath work is done (and I always do so now), my nerves are quieted and rest and refreshing sleep are ensured me. I feel that I could not possibly do without Grape-Nuts food, now that I know its value. It is invariably on our table—we feel that we need it to complete the meal—and our children will eat Grape-Nuts when they cannot be persuaded to touch anything else." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason.

Read the famous little book, "The Road to Wellville," in each pkg.

AUTO RASHES

Cuticura SOAP

After Automobiling, Riding, Golfing, Tennis, or any outdoor sports, a bath with Cuticura Soap is most refreshing, cooling, and soothing. For preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair, and hands, for irritations of the skin, heat rashes, tan, sunburn, bites and stings of insects, lameness and soreness incidental to summer sports, for sanative, antiseptic cleansing, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery Cuticura Soap, assisted by Cuticura Ointment, is priceless.

Cuticura Soap combines delicate medicinal and emollient properties derived from Cuticura, the great skin Cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients and the most refreshing of flower odors. Two Soaps in one at one price—namely, a Medicinal and Toilet Soap for Sale by Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston. Cuticura Mailed Free, "How to Care for the Skin and Scalp."

Mid-Summer PIANO SALE

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AND

Chicago Ave. and N. Clark St.

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ADVERTISE IN THE TRIBUNE

OFFICERS SHOT BY DEATH SQUAD

Outbreak at Libau Caused by Order to Kill Mutineers—Firing Party Rebels.

KNIAZ POTEMKIN IS SUNK.

Mutineers Opened Sea Cocks; Krieger Finds the Vessel at Bottom of the Harbor.

LONDON, July 11.—The Morning Post from private sources gives an account of the recent outbreak at Libau, according to which the first naval mutiny led to twenty-three men being condemned to death. The attempt to carry out the sentence of death provoked still more serious signs of mutiny, whereupon the port commander ordered the executions to be stopped and applied to St. Petersburg for instructions.

The government replied that all the mutineers must be shot and a shooting party was formed, but when the order to fire was given the firing squad turned and fired on the officers instead of on the condemned mutineers and a dozen officers fell dead.

Other troops, including Cossacks, the account said, were summoned, and a serious conflict developed, in which thirty Cossacks were killed before the mutiny was quelled.

KNIAZ POTEMKIN SUNK.

KUSTENJI, Roumania, July 10.—The announcement that the battleship Kniaz Potemkin sailed with Rear Admiral Krieger's squadron last evening turns out to be incorrect. Before leaving, the mutineers opened the seacocks and flooded the hold. The vessel now is lying at the bottom, but it is expected it will be refloated in time to leave for Sevastopol on July 12. Admiral Pisarwsky declared tonight that complete order now prevails on all the vessels of the Black sea fleet.

Russia Demands Mutineers.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 10.—Negotiations between Russia and Roumania on the question of the surrender of the crew of the Kniaz Potemkin are in progress. Foreign Minister Lamsdorf and M. Rosseti-Solesco, the Roumanian minister here, held a conference today on the subject, but no decision was arrived at.

Russia is disposed to insist on the surrender of the men, not as political prisoners, to which Roumania would object, but as criminals guilty of murder and theft.

There were several hundred thousand rubles on board the battleship, which the members of the crew divided when they left the ship. The Roumanian government is embarrassed by the fact that it promised the mutineers if they surrendered they would be treated as deserters.

Torpedo Boat Surrenders.

SEVASTOPOL, July 10.—The Russian torpedo boat No. 267, which declined to surrender to the Roumanian government with the Kniaz Potemkin, declaring it had not mutinied, but had been forced to follow the battleship, arrived here today. The members of the crew were arrested and placed on board the transport Prout.

Odessa Property Loss $50,000,000.

ODESSA, July 10.—The question of insurance on property lost by fire in the harbor during the recent disturbances is occasioning serious disputes between the Russian and the foreign insurance companies. The foreign corporations declare that they will make claims against the Russian government. The claimants number about 400 and the total losses are now estimated at $20,000,000.

Japs Tell Russians News.

SIPINGHAI, Manchuria, July 10.—The news of the mutiny in the Black sea reached the Russian army through the Japanese, who fired night shells charged with proclamations conveying the information into the Russian advanced posts, scattering the proclamation broadcast.

JAPS OVERRUN SAKHALIN.

TOKIO, July 10.—The announcement of the landing of a Japanese force at Sakhalin island and the occupation of Korsakovsk, followed by the northern flight of the garrison, has been received with great satisfaction by the Japanese. The local feeling is that the bargain under which the island was relinquished forty years ago was unsatisfactory.

The following report has been received from the Japanese army headquarters on Sakhalin island:

"Our army, without much resistance, occupied Korasakorsk early on July 8. The enemy burned the town and retired to positions eight miles north, where they resumed resistance.

"We dislodged them and are in pursuit.

"At 11 a. m. on July 8 the enemy had retreated to a point twenty-two miles north of Korsakorsk.

"We captured two twelve centimeter guns, two twelve pounders, and also an amount of ammunition.

"We suffered no loss."

Met with No Resistance.

Admiral Kataoka reports under date of July 7 as follows:

"My squadron went north and, acting in conformity with a prearranged plan, landed marines July 7 at a point previously chosen. There was no resistance, and a portion of our army had already been landed."

Under date of July 8 Kataoka reports:

"One of our torpedo destroyers reports on the afternoon of July 7 that Korasakorsk was burning. The forts previously shelled by the destroyer were then silent. Our army arrived at Yenguma on the afternoon of the 7th."

Under date of July 9 Kataoka says:

"The squadron convoyed the transports through dense fogs July 5. The fleet preserved good order, and reached the point chosen for concentration the evening of July 7.

"The fleet anchored, and the work of sweeping the sea of dangerous obstacles was completed. The transports were led in gradually. The warships lowered launches and assisted in landing troops, guardships protecting the operation.

Found No Defenses.

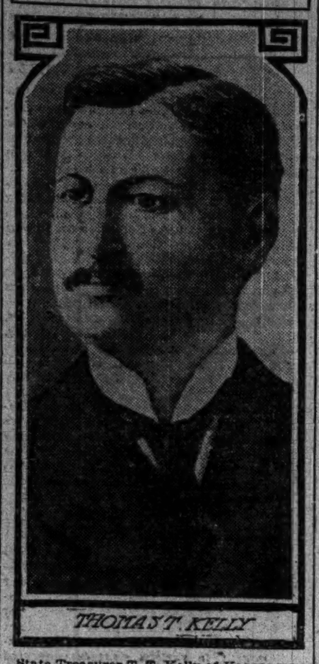
"Admiral Dewa reported that his division had reached the landing place at 6 o'clock in the morning and a landing was effected. A reconnaissance was conducted, but no defenses were found. Only forest guards were discovered.

"The flotilla engaged in sweeping the sea for dangerous obstacles encountered heavy currents, but speedily pressed the work. A portion of the squadron and the transports were led through the cleared space, and marines were landed from the combined division. Later the army relieved the marines.

"Our sweeping division was suddenly shelled from the hills south of Korasakorsk. The cruiser Akagi was also exposed to the fire, but the sweeping was concluded without damage. The army reported by wireless on July 8 that Korassakorsk had been taken. Our flags are visible at several points.

"We were apprehensive on account of the weather, but the work of the fleet was successfully accomplished. Admiral Nakao remained in the vicinity of the island, but nothing unusual was discovered.

Devlin Failure May Cost Office.



State Treasurer T. T. Kelly of Kansas may be asked to resign by Gov. Hoch because of the loss of state funds in the failure of the Devlin bank at Topeka.

GET SITE FOR PEACE TALK

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., CHOSEN FOR SESSIONS OF CONFERENCE.

Meetings to Be Held in the Navy Yard, and Assistant Secretary of State Peirce Will Make All Arrangements—Envoys Will Be Conveyed There in August by the Mayflower and the Dolphin—Residents Are Pleased.

Washington, D. C., July 10.—Assistant Secretary Peirce today announced that the plenipotentiaries of Russia and Japan had agreed upon Portsmouth, N. H., as the meeting place for the sessions of the peace conference to be held outside of Washington. The sessions will be held in the government navy yard at Portsmouth, in the new building just completed there.

Third Assistant Secretary of State Peirce has been commissioned specially by the president to make all arrangements for the conference, and is preparing to leave for Portsmouth to confer with the commandant of the navy yard.

Orders have been issued for the Mayflower to join the Dolphin at Oyster Bay early in August to receive the plenipotentiaries. With the envoys aboard, the two vessels, under the escort of a small cruiser, will proceed to Portsmouth.

Portsmouth Ideal Locality.

Portsmouth, N. H., July 10.—[Special.]—The selection of Portsmouth as the place for the Russian and Japanese plenipotentiaries to hold their peace conference was pleasing to residents of this city, and, in fact, to the people of the entire state. The sessions of the distinguished body will be held at the navy yard, either in the new office building or at the construction department, the chances being in favor of the former, which is a large four story brick structure situated near the officers' quarters and which will afford all the seclusion required.

The plenipotentiaries will be protected from interruption by a marine guard. The navy yard telephone, telegraph, and wireless service will furnish every possible means of communication with the outside world.

WANTED WITTE FOR CONFEREE.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 10.—It is said that M. Witte, president of the committee of ministers, was urged strongly upon the emperor for head of the peace mission. Even Foreign Minister Lamsdorf is understood to have joined in recommending his selection.

The emperor, however, flatly declined to appoint him, and after M. Nelidof, ambassador at Paris, pleaded illness, his majesty personally chose M. Muravieff, the ambassador at Rome.

Two of the five counselors to the plenipotentiaries, however, M. Pokotilof, minister to China, and M. Shipoff, director of the imperial treasury and former president of the semstvos, are distinctly Witte men.

M. Muravieff, while personally considered an able and shrewd man, has had little experience in diplomacy and none in far eastern affairs, and therefore he will probably be compelled to largely rely on Baron Rosen, the ambassador at Washington, the other plentpotentiary, and M. Pokotilof, both of whom have the situation at their finger tips.

M. Muravieff saw the emperor today for the purpose of discussing the question of peace and learning his majesty's views. He will leave for the United States next week.

The emperor has received from Gen. Linevitch another optimistic dispatch on the military situation, and the section of the court party still favorable to a continuation of the war is making much of it.

Empress Opposes Peace?

According to the gossips of the imperial entourage, the empress is opposing the conclusion of peace.

The impression here is that, now that the Japanese have made a descent on the island of Sakhalin, they are determined to get the island firmly in their grasp before negotiations begin.

The presumption is that the Russian troops will clear out without fighting, crossing to Alexandrovsk on the mainland.

The Novosti says it considers Sakhalin a second Alaska, worth $10,000,000,000. It is possible, however, that Japan might agree to suspend hostilities in Manchuria, although the latest reports from there create a strong impression that Field Marshal Oyama is at last advancing for a decisive blow.

OFFER NEW JAP LOAN.

New York, July 10.—[Special.]—Kuhn, Loeb & Co., the National City bank, and the National Bank of Commerce offered for public subscription today $50,000,000 worth of the $150,000,000 Japanese 4½ per cent loans at 87½.

The subscription list will be opened on Wednesday at 10 a. m. and will close on or before July 17. The present loan, like the last, is secured both in principal and interest by the government's tobacco monopoly, which is subject only to charge in favor of the prior loan. It is estimated that yearly revenue from the tobacco monopoly is more than $16,000,000.

The present loan differs from the last in only one other respect—that it is offered to Germany as well as England and this country.

WARNS BRITAIN WAR MAY BE NEAR

Field Marshal Roberts Declares Army Inadequate and Danger Imminent.

MILITARY FORCE IS UNFIT.

Asserts in Speech Before House of Lords Conditions Resemble Eve of African War.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, July 11, 3 a. m.—In a speech that stirred parliament as that legislative body has not been stirred for months, Gen. Lord Roberts last night warned the nation that at any moment Great Britain might find itself plunged in a war to the death with a great power, and that if such time should come now the army of the empire would be found inadequate, imperfectly trained, and totally unfit to uphold the nation's dignity as a first class power.

All of the other countries of Europe have forces splendidly equipped and ready to take the field, while Great Britain, which might at any minute be called upon to cope with these "nations in arms," was not ready for a conflict.

Boer War Lessons Forgotten.

"The lessons of the South African war have been forgotten," declared Great Britain's greatest soldier in his impassioned speech. "I have no hesitation in declaring that the armed forces of Great Britain as a body are now as absolutely unfitted and unprepared for war as they were when the South African trouble broke out."

The general's warning to the nation was made in a speech in the house of lords in the course of a debate on a motion introduced by the earl of Wemyss and March (conservative) traversing Premier Balfour's statement regarding the impossibility of the invasion of Great Britain, and urging the necessity of keeping up sufficient land forces to repel any possible invasion.

Army Totally Unfit.

It was in speaking on this motion that the field marshal declared:

"The military force of Great Britain is inadequate, imperfectly trained, and totally unfit to uphold Great Britain as a first class military power. The soldier is the pet of the people," he said, "but this is only an evanescent enthusiasm which does not entail self-sacrifice and passes away as soon as the danger disappears."

He did not blame the government, which, he said, was actuated by a national feeling, but he scathingly attacked the people of England, who, he declared, showed no national feeling towards the military until danger arose.

Life of Empire at Stake.

"The country has to deal with a question of infinitely great importance, the question of the life or death of the empire," declared Lord Roberts, "the issue of which depends upon Great Britain being ready to defend her eastern possessions and at the same time take part in any affair nearer home, either of which necessitates the placing in the field of an army as large and efficient as that of any of the European countries, all of which might be regarded as nations in arms.

"Every other European country regards its army as part of the nation, while England considers her army to be something quite outside the national life, and no thought is bestowed upon it by the civil population except as part of a political and partisan platform."

May Mean Conscription.

He declared emphatically that the choice lay between conscription or some practical system of universal training, and that only by such means would it be possible for Great Britain to possess armed forces organized and trained to meet the demands of the empire in the event of war.

He appealed to the country to awake to its danger and to take hold of the army as a great national issue on which the existence of Great Britain depended. He said the whole empire must rise to the occasion and that every one personally must bear a share in the defense or enable those to whom responsibility was delegated to become in all respects efficient.

The discussion of the motion continued for some time, the speakers complimenting Lord Roberts for the stand he had taken.

Lord Lansdowne, the foreign minister, defended Premier Balfour. He said the premier never had maintained that the defense of the country depended solely on the navy. The committee on defense had taken every possible phase into consideration and he hoped would be able to work out the problem to the satisfaction of every one.

The government decided not to oppose the motion of the earl of Wemyss and March, which was passed without a division.

BANDITS CAPTURE AMERICAN AND DEMAND $30,000 RANSOM

Banker at Santiago Seized and Forced to Pay for Liberty—Taken While Dining with Family.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, July 10.—Julian Cendoya, a wealthy American banker and agent of the Ward line, was attacked by eight bandits while dining with his family last night at his home across the bay. The men covered the members of the family with firearms and searched the house.

The bandits presented a written demand for $30,000 and seized Mr. Cendoya as a hostage until the amount should be paid. After some parley Mr. Cendoya agreed to pay $2,000 and the bandits withdrew. This morning Mr. Cendoya came to the city and secured the money, which he turned over to the men at a rendezvous in the bay.

The bandits are all Spaniards. One of them has been recognized as a boatman who was formerly engaged in the work of salvage on Admiral Cervera's battleships.

Mr. Cendoya has demanded the protection of the Cuban government as well as that of the American consul, Ross E. Holaday. His family is prostrated. Rural guards are pursuing the outlaws.

CHICAGOAN WEDS IN HONOLULU

The Rev. W. D. Westervelt Secures as Bride Caroline D. Castle, Wealthiest Hawaiian Woman.

HONOLULU, July 4.—[Special Correspondence.]—The Rev. W. D. Westervelt and Miss Caroline D. Castle were married last evening at the residence of the bride's mother, Mrs. J. N. Castle.

The bride is a daughter of the late S. N. Castle, one of the pioneer missionaries and business men of Hawaii. She is the sister of George P. Castle, James B. Castle, and W. N. Castle, all prominent in this community. In her own right she is one of the wealthiest women in Hawaii, and is a musician of rare ability.

Dr. Westervelt was a pastor in Honolulu for several years, returning to Chicago about 1890, where he was pastor of the Green Street Congregational church for several years. He returned to the island in 1896, and since then he has been engaged in various religious and reform work.

Supposed Chicagoan Drops Dead.

Duluth, Minn., July 10—[Special.]—Ernest Ballman, 50 years of age and believed to be a resident of Chicago, dropped dead in the lobby of the Spalding hotel this afternoon.

Head of the "Banking by Mail" Bank at St. Louis Closed by Postal Authorities.

Edward G. Lewis of St. Louis, whose novel scheme of doing a banking business by mail exclusively has been stopped with a postal fraud order pending an investigation, had secured several million dollars in deposits and stock subscriptions. The postal inspectors have found that he did not use his own money in the organization of the bank, as he promised in his prospectus, and that he has been loaning the bank's funds to himself.

PENN'S CHARTER IS FOUND

INSTRUMENT GRANTED QUAKER WILL BE SOLD AT AUCTION.

Old Parchment Is Vouched For by Authorities—Valuable Collection of Heirlooms of Historic Family to Go Under Hammer—Silver Pipe, Black with Age, That Once Belonged to America's First Governor—Letters and Plate Included in Sale.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

LONDON, July 10.—America's first charter, which has been discovered in England, is for sale to the highest bidder. The charter in question is in the form of letters patent granted by William and Mary to William Penn when he was appointed governor of the states of New York, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania. This document, with a number of well authenticated Penn heirlooms, come upon the market through an enterprising chartered accountant in the city.

He found the charter enjoying an undeserved oblivion in the household of an English family which was all unconscious of its historic value. Its genuineness is vouched for by the authorities. The parchment measures 29½ by 23½ inches and is elaborately executed. On the left margin appear three lions crowned with three fleur de lis, on the right is a lion rampant with a harp and the Tudor rose, each symbol being crowned and the whole surmounted by a representation of the royal arms and a portrait of King William III.

As the owner is not desirous of revealing his identity or the history of the document's possession since it left the hand of William Penn, that part of the story must remain unwritten.

Many Valuable Heirlooms Included.

Other heirlooms are an oil painting of Admiral Penn, a silver dinner plate, a silver tobacco pipe, a miniature in a gold frame of the Penn of the eighteenth century, two pieces of bloodstone with the Penn arms, a gold and enamel watch (Rigby 4237), two gold and one steel seals, one brass and one moss agate link steel chain, a brass button, three small prints, and the miniature of the head of a lady.

There are letters with regard to the pedigree of the silver pipe. Among them is a letter signed by William Penn to Samuel Pepys. Although unquestionably silver, the pipe, which has a seven inch stem, is quite black. Its authenticity is testified to by several documents in the possession of the present owner of the heirloom. A memorandum, of which the following is a copy, of one of the documents follows: "A silver tobacco pipe, given by William Penn to Joseph Peckowr, a Quaker, who left it by will to his grandson, Edmund Sparshall, who died in Norwich, Nov. 2, 1846, aged 80, at the sale of whose effects it was bought in on the third of August, 1848."

Letter Signed by Penn.

There also is a letter signed by Penn himself, one by H. Garney to Richard Penn, Esq., 6 Whitehall, and other communications bearing on its genuineness.

The silver dinner plate is circular in shape, 9½ inches in diameter, and weighs 12½ ounces troy. Upon its 1¾ inch rim are engraved the Penn arms. It also has the London hall mark, 1664.

Besides the list enumerated above the collection includes a small book dated 1698 entitled "An Historical and Geographical Account of the Province and County of Pennsylvania and of New Jersey in America." It was written by Gabriel Thomas and is dedicated to William Penn.

The minimum value placed on the collection is $250,000.

READY TO GRAB BULGARIA.

Prince Ferdinand May Take Advantage of Russia's Weakness and Proclaim Himself King.

[BY CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

BERLIN, July 10.—It is reported here that Prince Ferdinand has resolved to take advantage of Russia's weakness and proclaim himself king of Bulgaria on Aug. 2. According to report he has persuaded Germany, Great Britain, and Austria not to oppose his action. If Turkey forcibly opposes it he is determined to fight for the independence of Bulgaria.

NOTES FROM FOREIGN LANDS.

STOCKHOLM.—An elaborate court of congratulation for Prince Gustavus Adolphus and his princess followed a levee held at the palace. A number of Americans attended, including Charles H. Graves, the American minister, and Mrs. Graves.

DUBLIN.—In a by-election for the western division of County Down to replace Capt. Arthur Hill, conservative, who resigned, Mr. Liddell, the official unionist candidate, has been elected over Andrew Beattie, independent unionist.

LONDON.—Field Marshal Roberts in responding to a toast at a banquet of the Queen's Westminster Volunteers said he believed West Point to be the finest military college in the world and that he hoped to visit it soon.

HAVANA.—Former Congressman George Fred Williams of Boston, who has been ill at the Animas hospital, has been discharged and will leave for New York.

MOROCCAN AFFAIR ENDS.

FRANCE AND GERMANY REACH AN AGREEMENT.

Alliances of French Government Will Not Be Interfered With—Premier Rouvier Wins Points He Insisted On—Notes Between Powers Are Read and Majority Approves—Papers Express Satisfaction at Successful Termination of Affair.

PARIS, July 11, 3 a. m.—Premier Rouvier's announcement in the chamber of deputies today of the terms of agreement between France and Germany concerning Morocco, brings a sense of relief to the entire country after many weeks of tension, which many persons believed involved the possibilities of war.

The text of the three notes fully confirms the general impression relative to the lines of the negotiations. Germany's contention for a conference receives the final adherence of France, but Premier Rouvier has secured the safeguards which he insisted upon at the preliminary conference with Prince Von Radolin.

French Alliances Respected.

The most important of these safeguards is that the conference shall not convey any prejudice to the Anglo-French or Franco-Spanish ententes. While Germany does not specifically assent to these agreements, she formally withholds dissent. This is considered an important gain for France over the ambiguous position Germany heretofore occupied, and as both the Anglo-French and Franco-Spanish ententes recognize France's privileged position in Morocco, France emerges from the negotiations with this privileged position still intact.

Both countries agree as to the sovereignty of the sultan, the independence of Morocco, and the open door without inequality. This has always been the policy of both governments, so neither can claim victory in this respect. At the same time it gives a new lease of existence to Morocco and appears to put at an end the prospective breakup of the sultan's tottering monarchy and its subdivision among the European powers.

On the other hand, the agreement recognizes France's special interest in the country, due to the geographical proximity of Algiers, and its right thereby to police the frontier and maintain peace and order.

Sultan Will Arrange Conference.

It still remains to the sultan to arrange the program of the conference. Officials anticipate that this will not be an easy task, as the Franco-German agreement so fully circumscribes the conference that it will be difficult to find questions remaining open for determination.

It is pointed out that the sultan of Morocco's position is weakened by the negotiations, as he will no longer have representatives of the various powers pleading for favor, since the entire question regulating Morocco is now practically taken out of his hands for determination elsewhere.

Following Premier Rouvier's presentation of the notes to the chamber of deputies efforts were made to interpellate him in the premises. These, however, were not pressed, the feeling being generally in favor of supporting the premier's adjustment of the matter.

The newspapers, with few exceptions, express satisfaction that the controversy has terminated, and consider that Premier Rouvier has secured an admirable result, when the difficulty of the negotiations is considered.

WRANGLE OVER HOOKER CASE.

Both Houses of New York Legislature Convene Separately and Give Promise of a Lively Fight.

Albany, N. Y., July 10.—The houses of the state legislature in extra session to act upon the charges against Supreme Court Justice Warren B. Hooker this afternoon convened separately, and passed at once into a long wrangle over a technical point relative to the taking of evidence which promises a lively time tomorrow morning, when the joint session will be held.

GROSSCUP IS CRITICALLY ILL.

Illness of Speaker of West Virginia House Takes Turn for Worse and He May Not Recover.

Cincinnati, O., July 10.—Fred Paul Grosscup, speaker of the West Virginia house of representatives and brother of United States Judge Peter S. Grosscup of Chicago, who is suffering from ptomaine poisoning, was reported in a dangerous condition today. The effects of the ptomaine poisoning have been overcome, but he has become weakened from other chronic troubles to such an extent that his physician considers his condition critical.

Disbarment Case Continued.

Laporte, Ind., July 10.—[Special.]—The disbarment case involving Mayor Darrow, City Attorney H. W. Worden, and Attorney J. W. Talbott, which was set for trial today in Laporte Circuit court, was carried over until tomorrow.

Today—Tuesday—Double Siegel Stamp until 1 o'clock, thereafter single Stamps till the closing hour at Siegel, Cooper & Co.

E. G. LEWIS' BANK CLOSED BY STATE.

Court Takes Charge of St. Louis Institution; $1,600,000 in Funds Tied Up.

CRIMINAL ACTION LIKELY

Receiver Says Depositors Will Get Money Back; Directors to Fight Postal Fraud Order.

St. Louis, Mo., July 10.—[Special.]—E. G. Lewis' People's United States bank is now in the hands of Judge Selden P. Spencer, receiver, appointed by the Circuit court of St. Louis county, in compliance with a petition filed this morning by Attorney General Hadley. This action was taken after consultation with Secretary of State Swanger, at which it was agreed that the fraud order issued by the postoffice department makes it impossible for the institution to continue to transact business.

Judge Spencer gave bond in the sum of $250,000 and at once undertook the work of closing up the affairs of the bank.

He said tonight that the bank has enough cash on hand to pay off all depositors in full, and that he will ask the court to empower him to pay off these claims on demand.

Depositors Are Safe.

He made the following estimate of the bank's condition:

ASSETS.

Loans and discounts	$1,010,183.12
Bonds and stocks	129,489.92
United States bonds	75,000.00
Cash due from banks	1,394,656.03
Building and furniture and fixture account	19,701.05
Expenses	26,737.88
Total	$2,654,748.03

LIABILITIES.

Capital	$2,435,000.00
Deposits	219,748.03
Total	$2,654,748.03

The directors of the bank at a meeting which lasted until 8 o'clock tonight voted to fight the fraud order through the United States courts and to file immediately an application for an injunction to restrain the postal authorities from withholding the mail of the bank and of President Lewis.

The directors also drew up resolutions declaring that both the fraud order and the appointment of a receiver to be unwarranted, unjust, and unnecessary. The fraud order was declared unconstitutional and un-American.

Says Funds Are Available.

Mr. Lewis also protested both the fraud order and the appointment of a receiver, saying tonight:

"The bank is solvent, and it was unnecessary and unjustifiable that the receiver should be appointed. The People's United States bank has $1,600,000 in cash on hand to protect the $200,000 of its depositors. Of this $1,600,000, $1,000,000 is deposited in three St. Louis banks and is withdrawable on ten days' notice, and there is $600,000 in other banks of the United States."

Acting under orders from the postoffice department, Frank Wyman, postmaster of St. Louis, today stamped "fraudulent" on all the mail addressed to Lewis' bank or to Lewis personally and returned it to the senders. Mr. Wyman stated that Lewis and his bank receive from 500 to 1,000 letters each day, many containing money.

Mail addressed to Lewis as president of the Woman's Magazine Publishing company does not fall under the department's ruling.

Receiver Spencer telegraphed to fifty country banks which the Lewis bank uses as depositories, ordering them to issue no more money order checks and to report to him at once the amounts on hand belonging to the Lewis bank.

Criminal Prosecution Probable.

In reply to a question as to whether the criminal prosecution of Lewis would be undertaken, United States Attorney D. P. Dyer said tonight:

"There is nothing impossible. If it can be proven that the mails were used to defraud, the person so using them can be indicted. The matter, however, is not in my hands, and there is no use to try to cross the river before you come to it."

Secretary of State Swanger said tonight concerning the loans made by the People's bank to Lewis and his other concerns:

"The $400,000 loaned to the Lewis Publishing company and the $400,000 loaned to the University Heights Realty company are secured by property. They say it is good security, but others question that assertion. For $146,000 loaned to Lewis personally there is no security.

Believes Lewis Penniless.

"I had a talk with Director Carter of the People's United States bank on Saturday and told him the demands I had made concerning the return to the bank of all these loans must be complied with. I supposed it was impossible for them to comply with these demands, or they would have done so.

"If the fraud order had not been issued I might have given them further time, but when that was issued it was certain the bank could not go on, as it depended on the mails, and I had Attorney General Hadley apply for a receiver.

"I don't think Lewis is worth anything. If he was he would have taken up these loans in order to continue business."

MAYOR AND JAILER CLASH OVER CALEB POWERS' CELL.

Newport Officials Fail to Agree Over Lodging for Accused Murderer—Lockup Keeper Imprisoned.

Newport, Ky., July 10.—[Special.]—Mayor Helmbold and Jailer Pfoefger clashed tonight over the cell to be occupied by Caleb Powers, with the result that the jailer and his assistant are locked in their own little prison and the executive is nursing a badly bruised face.

Powers, who has been convicted three times of complicity in the Goebel murder, was brought here from Georgetown, Ky., tonight, and is now awaiting trial on a rehearing before Judge Cochran of the United States court.

On instructions from United States District Attorney Tinsley a warrant was sworn out late tonight for the arrest of Mayor Helmbold for interfering with United States officers.

Powers' Case Is Continued.

Georgetown, Ky., July 10.—The case against former Secretary of State Caleb Powers, charged with complicity in the murder of William Goebel, was continued today, pending action by the federal court. Powers left this afternoon in charge of United States Marshal Sharpe for the jail at Newport, where he will be confined, according to Judge Cochran's orders, until the Supreme court shall pass on his case.

Paxinosa Inn Destroyed by Fire.

Easton, Pa., July 10.—Paxinosa inn, a famous summer hotel on the summit of Weygadt mountain, was destroyed by fire today. The loss is $150,000 and insurance $20,000. No one was injured.

FOREIGN MAIL SCHEDULE.

FOREIGN MAILS WILL CLOSE AT CHICAGO postoffice as follows:

For Switzerland, Spain, Portugal, Turkey, Egypt, Greece, British India, Roumania, Belgium, Cape Colony, and Lourenso Marquez, 4:30 p. m.

For Cuba, 7:30 p. m.

For Alaska, 9 p. m.

For Manitoba, British Columbia, and Northwest Territory, 9 p. m.

For Jamaica, West Indies, 12 p. m.

For Austria, Denmark, France, Germany, Great Britain (except Scotland and Liverpool), Italy, Norway, Netherlands, Russia, and Sweden, via S. S. St. Louis, Thursday, July 13, 12 p. m.

For British Honduras, Guatemala, and republic of Honduras, 5 p. m.

For France and Italy, via S. S. La Savoie, 12 p.m.

F. E. COYNE, Postmaster.

PRETTY GIRL SUFFERED
From Nervousness and Pelvic Catarrh—Found Quick Relief in a Few Days.

MISS SADIE ROBINSON.

NERVOUSNESS AND WEAKNESS CURED BY PE-RU-NA.

Miss Sadie Robinson, 4 Rand street, Malden, Mass., writes:

"Peruna was recommended to me about a year ago as an excellent remedy for the troubles peculiar to our sex, and as I found that all that was said of this medicine was true I am pleased to endorse it.

"I began to use it about seven months ago for weakness and nervousness, caused from overwork and sleeplessness, and found that in a few days I began to grow strong, my appetite increased and I began to sleep better, consequently my nervousness passed away and the weakness in the pelvic organs soon disappeared and I have been well and strong ever since."

Address Dr. S. B. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio, for free medical advice. All correspondence strictly confidential.

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For morning, afternoon or evening, they are always correct. The fancy patterns are made from original designs.

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LARGEST MAKERS OF SHIRTS AND COLLARS IN THE WORLD.

PILES
My Specialty Is Its Cure.

You could get well if you knew HOW, and your unwillingness to learn is ALL that stands in your way. Will you LEARN or will you continue to SUFFER?

Write me and I will tell you all about it, and send you my 40-page Booklet. Write or call today.

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Sunday issue, one year	2.50
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FOREIGN POSTAGE—Twelve or 14 pages, 2 cents; 16 pages, 3 cents; 24 pages, 4 cents; 32 pages, 5 cents; 40 pages, 6 cents; 44 to 48 pages, 7 cents; 48 to 56 pages, 8 cents; 60 to 68 pages, 9 cents; over 68 pages, 10 cents.

Note—The laws of the postoffice department are strict, and newspapers insufficiently prepaid cannot be forwarded.

LARGEST 2 CENT MORNING CIRCULATION IN THE WORLD.

TUESDAY, JULY 11, 1905.

THE PUBLIC IS STILL CREDULOUS.

Wall street has not a monopoly of ingenuity and audacity in matters of finance. If it had the People's United States bank, the first mail order bank in the world, would have been started there instead of in St. Louis. Wall street is not fruitful in new ideas. It is getting to be old fogyish in its methods of humbugging the people. It spreads the same nets in the sight of birds which are getting a little wary. It baits its traps with the same rank old prospectuses, and is surprised that it gets so little game. It has not a fertile imagination.

Mr. E. G. Lewis of St. Louis appealed to the inexhaustible faith and trust of the public in a novel way. He invited the subscribers to his magazines to subscribe to the stock of a bank whose attractive features were interestingly described to them. They knew little of banking, but they had an impression that the business was a profitable one. They knew little of Mr. Lewis beyond the fact that he published some magazines they liked to read. Of his ability as a banker they knew nothing.

Mr. Lewis assured his readers that they had been "absolutely at the mercy of a gang of unscrupulous scoundrels who desired to float stock in fictitious and fraudulent propositions," but that the institution he was founding would protect them against those scoundrels. They appreciated so fully his interest in their welfare that they intrusted to him for the purchase of stock or for deposit two and a quarter millions of dollars. Of that amount he borrowed for his own use, or that of companies in which he is interested, $904,000. Part of the money has gone into a real estate development scheme which does not promise to be profitable.

It was the wish of the enterprising Mr. Lewis to sell $5,000,000 worth of stock. Perhaps he would have succeeded if the postoffice department had not intervened with a fraud order. That kind of unfeeling order has put a stop to many an ingenious scheme. The bank has been put in the hands of a receiver, and Mr. Lewis will be urgently requested to repay what he borrowed from it. Probably the subscribers to the stock will make a grand consolidated demand for the immediate return of their money.

No doubt there are many persons who are asking themselves angrily why they did not think of the mail order bank scheme. They will do the next best thing. After the present excitement has blown over they will try the trick on the public in a slightly modified form. Postoffice inspectors must be on the lookout presently for seductive advertisements of new style banks whose stock is offered on attractive terms by persons whose only aim is to protect the public against "unscrupulous scoundrels."

RULES FOR FLIRTING.

Flirting hereafter will be regulated in Des Moines by rules which have been drawn up by the police judge. Persons caught overstepping the rules will be fined to the limit. It doubtless will be a source of gratification to the young men and women of Drake university and other Des Moines folk of flirtatious propensities to know just how far they may go without colliding with the police.

The judge is not disposed to be excessively censorious. He does not "object to love making among young people who are acquainted." But he is "opposed to fellows trying to make up to girls they never saw before." That there may be no mistaking the purport of his words, he defines their meaning with judicial exactitude. A man does not "make up" to a strange young woman in the manner prohibited by the rule if he merely genteelly tip his hat to her. Perhaps he may accompany this maneuver with an alluring smile. If the woman receive his advance kindly, well and good. The court does not see "that it is positively necessary that there be an introduction in a city as large as Des Moines." If the woman do not acknowledge his salutation the man must press his attentions no farther, but must swallow his discomfiture and go about his business.

These rules for flirtation may be good enough for a police magistrate to enforce in Des Moines. There is another rule which, besides being intrinsically better, has the advantage of applying equally well to both sexes and of being so brief and simple that nobody can have any excuse for forgetting it. It is: "Don't." The larger the city the more forcibly this rule applies. The young woman who starts a flirtation with a strange man—and respectable but indiscreet young women sometimes do so—invites insult, and may deem herself lucky if she do not receive it. The man who tries to start a flirtation with a strange young woman affronts her, and receives less than his due if he escape a thrashing or a fine.

SCOPE OF "CITY LINE" REPORT.

The mayor and the local transportation committee consider this afternoon the deferred proposition of his honor that Mr. Dupont be engaged to report plans and estimates for a municipal car system. There are certain considerations which should not be lost sight of in connection with this matter.

A report on this general subject is advisable, if it can be sufficiently broad. The mayor seems to have in mind a report based on the assumption that an independent municipal system is desirable—a report narrowed, therefore, to an outline of a possible system, with estimates of cost and income. The assumption is inadmissible. It begs the real question at issue. That question is, not whether a city system is possible, but whether, all things considered, it is desirable?

In order to answer that question intelligently it is necessary to know many aspects of the subject besides possible mileage, cost, and receipts. It ought to be known, for example, how such a system could be financed, what legal difficulties would be likely to be encountered in prosecuting it, and how they could be met. It ought to be known what would be the entire course of procedure for bringing the system into existence. It ought to be known what results should be anticipated in public accommodation, and what would be the probable effect of the inauguration of the system upon the city's interests in the general traction problem.

The mistake made in ordering plans and specifications for the Adams street line before inquiring whether or not such an independent line was actually desirable should not be repeated in kind in the present situation. The question is still open—and it is the main question in the case—as to whether or not an independent municipal system is desirable.

As an aid in determining that question, however, the committee and the public should clearly have the advice of qualified transportation authorities. The committee should not—nor, indeed, should the mayor—presume to decide it without such counsel, and that counsel should be public, in writing, and signed.

The committee should also consider the wisdom of getting responsible advice upon the financial and legal questions involved, and of having that advice included in the proposed report. If this can be done through the controller and the corporation counsel, well and good. In any event, loose talk on these questions should be succeeded by responsible signed opinions. Only thus can the city learn precisely what are its opportunities and limitations.

As to whether Mr. Dupont is the best person to deal with the transportation aspects of the matter, the committee must satisfy itself. It would seem desirable that Mr. Arnold, the city's consulting engineer on traction, should, if possible, be associated in the work at least in a consulting capacity. Whatever canvass is made, however, of the "city line" proposition should deal with the subject on its broadest merits.

BOLTING A NOMINATION.

The other day the republicans of Portland, Ore., held a direct primary to nominate a candidate for mayor. As there is a large republican majority in the city it was taken for granted that the man who had won at the primary would win at the polls, but the democratic candidate won by a good majority. Evidently some republicans who had voted against the republican nominee at the primary had refused to accept its verdict.

The republicans who had votes enough to nominate a candidate, but not enough to elect him, see in his defeat a convincing argument against direct primary nominations. They say that they offer an opportunity for treachery which, if habitual, will result in party disorganization.

A thoroughgoing party man makes it a rule of action when beaten at a primary or in a caucus to "fall into line" for the nominee. Under some circumstances that is an excellent rule to follow. The voter who really believes in the principles of a party and wishes to see them triumph ought not to vote at an election where those principles are involved against the candidate who represents them simply because he is not the man the voter had worked for at the primaries.

Municipal elections usually relate to men rather than to measures. It is, or should be, the desire of the citizen to elect honest, capable officials who will enforce the laws impartially. The first step in that direction is to try to get good men nominated at the primaries. If the voter be unable to get there just the men he wants he should acquiesce in the result unless men are nominated who are clearly inferior to those put up by the opposing party. Then he will have to make his choice between loyalty to the party and a sense of duty to the community, which certainly cannot be benefited by the election of the inferior men.

This conflict between party interests and public interests will arise, no matter how the nominations are made. Men put in the field by delegate conventions do not invariably poll the full party vote. Some of those who opposed their nomination oppose their election. Neither will direct primary nominees always get a united party vote, but the probabilities are that they usually will come nearer to it after there is a more general participation in primary elections, because the nominees will be more likely to be the men the rank and file of a party want.

THE PROBLEM OF OUR VICES.

Our country has fallen into bad ways. Vice is fastening itself upon the people in a manner that calls for immediate and efficient reformation. This the foremost teachers are agreed upon. But just what the great vices are and how the people are to be freed from them are problems upon which they differ. Dr. Lyman Abbott places four great sins upon the heads of Americans. "There is materialism, the insane pushing to get a little more for ourselves of the wealth that God has given our country so abundantly. There is self-conceit. There is lawlessness. There is the spirit of caste. The only cure for all of these is to develop the spiritual side of man."

Henry W. Wilbur, before the National Christian Endeavor convention, names but two great sins that we must be freed of. They are smoking and drinking. He says: "Two vices today lay siege to our physical health and moral vigor, and feed and fatten the third and thirty-third vice, which makes so many of the electorate of the land mere clay in the hands of scheming politicians." Mr. Wilbur believes that our purification as a people must be effected through physical means. We must drop the use of tobacco and liquor if we are to be a highly moral people.

Admittedly the warnings of these two thinkers and educators are well deserved at this time and in this country. One does not have to probe far into national life before it is apparent that a good share of the people is struggling for the acquisition of "specious gifts material," without heeding too carefully the laws of the country or moral obligations. "Graft" is almost as common as honesty in many places. Even the national government is not free from this taint. It may be that the four sins mentioned by Dr. Abbott are responsible for these conditions. It may be that the two of Mr. Wilbur are responsible. But it does not follow that a man who is highly developed spiritually or one who leaves tobacco and liquor entirely alone will be a model of virtue in public or private life. There are good men who are not highly developed spiritually. Some of the best men in the world smoke. And there are plenty of men who have neither of these vices and who are confident they are well developed spiritually who sin mightily against their neighbor and country.

The friends of immediate reform will be pleased with the simplicity of Mr. Wilbur's plan. The "development of the spiritual side of man" is a slow process. It has been going on for centuries and the progress made is unsatisfactory. More centuries will be needed to reach a high stage of development. According to Mr. Wilbur, if men stopped smoking the drink appetite would disappear, and humanity would become moral all of a sudden. But kings, priests, and laymen have on different occasions led crusades against tobacco, and have found it mightier than they. It is to be feared Mr. Wilbur is not practical.

WITH THE WITS.

Progressing.

"Don't you find it hard hustling for yourself?"

"Yes," replied the ambitious young chap, "but it's not half so hard as hustling for other people."—Detroit Free Press.

Grateful Patient.

About a year ago a Kansas doctor lost a wallet containing a large sum of money. He offered a liberal reward for its return, but the party who found it thought the whole thing was better than the reward. The other day the doctor entered his coalhouse, and the first thing he saw was his empty wallet, and protruding from the end was a card bearing the inscription: "Doctor, please fill this prescription again."—Philadelphia Ledger.

He Didn't.

He—"I would do anything in the world for you, dearest."

She—"Would you? Then propose tomorrow evening to Miss Oldemayde."—Somerville Journal.

Sporting Offer.

Sporting Customer—"A pound of cheese, please.

Grocer—"Gorgonzola or Cheddar?"

Sporting Customer—"O, I don't care. Start 'em both across the counter and I'll take the winner."—Philadelphia Telegram.

Nuggets from Georgia.

Make hay whilst de sun shines—but you can't make it wid a umbrella in one han' en a han'kerchief in de yuther.

Many a man dat climbs de hills of glory loses hisse'f in de mist an' has ter holler ter de worl' ter find him.

Thank de Lawd dat de worl' is ez bright ez what it is—en may de good Lawd keep de next worl' f'um blazin'!—Atlanta Constitution.

PERSONAL.

Secretary of the Navy Bonaparte weighs nearly 300 pounds.

Joseph Richard Coomes, one of the originators of the Kuklux Klan, died recently at Norfolk, Va.

Sarah Bernhardt has an almost superstitious affection for a necklace of gold nuggets given here by California miners.

Charles Edward Muriem, inventor of smokeless powder, is professor of chemistry at the George Washington university.

Mathew Gering of Plattsmouth, Neb., has been invited to deliver an address at the Ninety Burns club in Edinburgh, Scotland, next January.

"Jimmy" Lowther, the new speaker of the house of commons, is a country gentleman, a thoroughbred sportsman, and a great favorite in society.

Frederick Law Olmstead has been invited to become the landscape architect of the park and botanical garden in connection with the Yale Forest school.

David R. Francis of the St. Louis exposition is proud of his decoration from the Austrian government, which is the "commander's cross of the order of Francis Joseph."

Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria, since his accession to the throne of that principality in 1887, has spent nearly a quarter of his time abroad, and is consequently known as "The Traveler."

Dr. Henry H. Rasmus of the First M. E. church, Catford, England, objects to the practice of lowering the lights while the sermon is preached. He says he wants to see when his congregation has had enough.

Cardinal Gibbons, in a recent address to a graduating class of young women, told them that they would be better off without the ballot, but that they could do lots of good by making their future husbands vote right.

Has Hurt Ever Since.

Mr. Biggs—"When you get angry you throw anything at me that you can lay your hands on."

Mrs. Biggs—"Well, I've never hurt you. I can't throw straight, you know."

Mr. Biggs—"You hurt me once."

Mrs. Biggs—"When was that?"

Mr. Biggs—"When you threw yourself at me before we were married."—Detroit Tribune.

Costly Correspondence.

"I see that a letter supposed to have been written by Henry VIII. has just brought $2,000."

"That's nothing. A letter of mine just brought $10,000."

"Indeed?"

"Yes—to a girl who sued me for breach of promise."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Killing!

Yeast—"Did you ever witness a French duel?"

Crimsonbeak—"O, yes."

"I understand the principals are polite to one another?"

"O, yes, excessively so. I often wonder that one or the other is not killed by kindness."—Yonkers Statesman.

One On the Editor at Last.

The editor (gloomily)—"I must say you don't seem to realize how terrible it is to lose you."

The authoress (sweetly)—"You mustn't take it too much to heart, my friend. Rejection does not necessarily imply lack of merit."—Judge.

Automobile Luck.

"Had wonderful luck on our run yesterday," said the man with a patch over his eye. "Wonderful luck."

"In what way?"

"The machine smashed up right in front of a doctor's office."—Washington Star.

The Difference.

"Pa," asked Tommy, "what is the difference between 'assurance' and 'insurance'?"

"Well, my son, one is what the agent has and the other is what he persists in trying to sell you."—Catholic Standard and Times.

LETTER OF MARQUISE DE FONTENOY

Copyright: 1905: By the Marquise de Fontenoy.

KING EDWARD, it is not generally known, holds a diploma for forestry, a science which, by the special wish of his father he studied at the celebrated school of forestry at Nancy in France, and also in Germany. Evidence of his knowledge in this particular direction is furnished at Sandringham, which in the matter of the trees on the place has been altered beyond all recognition since it was purchased for him nearly half a century ago.

And now he is turning his attention to the magnificent park at Windsor, which, since the death of the prince consort in 1861, has been neglected in this respect. That is to say, it has lacked the supervision and direction of a man acquainted with the art of forestry.

Evidently King Edward is firmly convinced that the British throne is destined to survive for many hundreds of years to come. For in the large number of plantations that are being laid out at Windsor the saplings chosen are those of trees noted for their slow growth, but great longevity. As for eucalyptus, the variegated acers, and other trees of their type, they do not figure in these new plantations of the king.

There is something interesting in the spectacle of this king of the twentieth century planting for the benefit of his successors on the throne, five and six centures hence, among the trees quite a number of which antedate the discovery of America by Christopher Columbus.

Sylviculture, I may add, is a science of which most of the crowned heads and princes of the blood in Germany, Austria, and Italy have some practical knowledge. It has from time immemorial been regarded as a royal craft, one of which the prince consort possessed a mastery in all its branches, and I understand that when the present prince of Wales spent a year with his elder brother, the late duke of Clarence, at Heidelberg, under the direction of Prof. von Ihne, he, by the wish of his father, followed a course of forestry lectures at the university.

President Roosevelt is the first of the chief magistrates of the United States to take an interest in sylviculture, and future generations will owe a deep debt of gratitude to him, and to Gifford Pinchot, the organizer of the now important forestry department at Washington, for what they have done to preserve the existing forests of America from devastation, and for the creation of new ones.

One of the most interesting members of the mission dispatched by the czar to this country for the negotiation of peace with Japan is M. de Pokolitof, who has quite recently been appointed to succeed the universally regretted M. Lessar as Russian minister at Peking. For several months past he has been engaged in some of the most remote towns of Mongolia, notably at Urga, with the grand lama or dulai lama of Tibet, with a view of placing Tibet and Tibetan Buddhism under the protection of the Russian crown.

It may be remembered that when the British mission crossed the Tibetan frontier last year and marched upon the sacred city of Lhassa the grand lama, who is at one and the same time the temporal and spiritual ruler of Tibet, and who claims spiritual supremacy over all the Buddhists of the world, took to flight, escaping into the wilds of Mongolia.

It was found impossible by the English to pursue or to capture him, and, while some of the more enlightened and progressive Tibetans consider him to have forfeited his semi-divine attributes and his rights of government by his desertion of his post in the hour of danger, there are others who insist that the treaty concluded by the English at Lhassa has no value, owing to nobody being possessed of authority to conclude any arrangement in the name of the fugitive dalai lama.

M. Pokolitof is said to be the first white man and Christian upon whom the grand lama has ever set eyes, and the Russian diplomat in question is likewise, I believe, the first white man to have visited the remote monastic city of Urga, in the wilds of Mongolia.

Could he be induced to speak here of his experiences, of what he has seen and heard in those unknown regions of Asia, his remarks would be received with an extraordinary degree of interest by all geographical societies throughout the United States.

The Duchess Aldegonde of Modena, who is now lying seriously ill at Vienna, and who is not expected to recover, may be regarded as a survival of the ancient régime. Considerably over 80 years of age, she has always retained the style of dress and of coiffure of fifty and sixty years ago, and with her oddly shaped, stiff silk brocaded dresses, her hair parted in the middle, with a row of ringlets on either side of the face, and her lace lappets, she was the living embodiment of the fashions of what is usually known among the English speaking races as "the early Victorian era."

She is the only surviving sister of the aged prince regent of Bavaria, a sister also of the late King Maximilian II. of Bavaria, and of that Otho who reigned for a time at Athens as king of Greece, before being deposed by his turbulent subjects and forced to return to his native land.

Small wonder that the old duchess of Modena has been conservative, and that she has a horror of revolutions, for the latter not only deprived her brother Otho of his Greek crown but forced her father to abdicate, and drove her own husband twice from his dominions and into exile before his duchy was finally wiped off the map of Europe by its incorporation into the kingdom of Italy.

The duke was a queer old gentleman, who, as the chief of the house of Este, laid claims to the throne of Great Britain, claims that, on one occasion, actually led to a threat on the part of the English government to withdraw its ambassador from the court of Vienna.

It was at the time of the inauguration of the international exhibition of 1873 at Vienna, at which the then prince of Wales was delegated to represent his country and the English crown. On learning this the duke of Modena, who was living at Vienna, lodged a strongly worded protest, declaring that, as descended from the daughter of King Charles I. of England, who lost his head on the scaffold, he was less remotely connected with the Stuart dynasty than Queen Victoria and her children, who were descended, not from a daughter, but from a sister of King Charles I., and was, therefore, the lawful king of England, and entitled as such to represent the British empire at the opening of the Vienna exposition.

It was in vain that the Austrian authorities pointed out to the duke that his rights had been annulled by the act of settlement, which 200 years ago vested the English crown in the Protestant house of Hanover. The duke declined to admit the validity of the act of settlement, and insisted that England's parliament had no right to deprive either his ancestors or himself of a throne which was theirs by right of legitimate inheritance.

Inasmuch as the court and government of Austria had always championed the principles and doctrines upon which the old duke based his pretensions, they found themselves in a quandary, and were still endeavoring to smooth over matters with him when the prince of Wales happened to hear of the issue which had been raised.

He at once communicated with Lord Granville, then secretary of state for foreign affairs, with the result that Sir Andrew Buchanan, the British ambassador at Vienna, was directed to intimate to the Austro-Hungarian chancellor, Count Andrassy, that if the pretensions of the duke of Modena to the English throne were even permitted to be mentioned at Vienna to the prince of Wales not only the latter but likewise he, the British ambassador, would leave the Austrian capital.

After this, it it needless to say, nothing more was heard of the duke of Modena's pretensions, at any rate at court, and I doubt if there are many people today who are aware that the doctrines constituting the creed of the White Rose and Jacobite leagues, which have branches in America, ever formed the subject of a diplomatic issue between the Austrian and the English governments.

The theoretical rights, such as they are, of the late duke of Modena, who was childless, have been inherited by the daughter of his younger brother, Archduke Ferdinand. She is married to Prince Louis of Bavaria, eldest son of the regent of Bavaria, and the English Jacobites hail her as Queen Mary of England and her son, Prince Rupert of Bavaria, as the rightful prince of Wales. Among the leaders of these Jacobites is the earl of Ashburnham, who is also the representative in England of Don Carlos.

A LINE-O'-TYPE OR TWO.

The Mules of Wales

[Copyright: 1905: By Tribune Company.]

A cablegram states that because of so many conversions among the miners of Wales, the mules in the collieries cannot be made to work, as there is no one to swear at them.

The mules of Wales! The mules of Wales!
They lounge around with listless tails,
They look with blank, lackluster eyes,
And heave a lot of mulish sighs
Because no driver puffs and pants
Conglomerated consonants.

From Llynnwwnfyddyll down to Ffwekt-
Tonffddwwll (or words to that effect)
The mules in gloomy patience stand
And wonder what has struck the land,
And what peculiar force annuls
The urging polysyllables.

For years and years each mule has feared
The words entangled in the beard
Of one who mentioned all his views
In words of fs and ws—
The earnest and outspoken man
Of speech sesquipedalian.

In Wales today no man will swear,
No dash or blank is sounded there,
And so the mules in wonder wait
For words to make them strike their gait—
For words which cannot grace this page,
Kaleidoscopic verbiage.

The mules of Wales! The mules of Wales!
No shipwrecked man sees distant sails
With greater joy than they would hear
A tangled swearword from the rear,
A knotted word whose sound would raise
The memories of bygone days.

W. D. N.

GOVERNMENT'S GREAT EVIL IS DISHONESTY.

Secretary of Navy Bonaparte Tells Christian Endeavorers What Is Wrong in Politics—How to Purify the Nation.

Baltimore, Md., July 10.—[Special.]—Charles J. Bonaparte, secretary of the navy, addressed the Christian Endeavor convention this afternoon on "Pure Politics and Religion."

Mr. Bonaparte said that the underlying evil of the government today is dishonesty, and that bribery of public officials is responsible for the misgovernment of the nation. He said that the true politician is the man who is actuated by a desire to better the conditions and affairs of his city, state, and nation, although the word, as applied today, has a far different meaning. He said:

"Many years ago a story was told of a well known professional politician in this city, now dead, who on his return from church one Sunday was met by a newspaper reporter, who remarked to him, in substance:

"'Mr. A., I do not understand how so regular an attendant at church as you are can be also so great an adept in "stuffing" ballot boxes, "fixing" juries and witnesses, and "plugging" corporations?'

"'Mr. B.' replied the statesman, 'I never mix politics and religion.'

"Mixing Up Politics and Religion."

"Of late years the American people have shown a disposition, sufficiently plain to be widely remarked, to act upon a different principle. So many of our citizens are beginning to 'mix up' a good deal of what my late fellow townsman would call 'religion' with what he would call 'politics,' and the resultant of this mixture is so unpalatable and unwholesome to those of his ways of thinking and acting that a few words as to the real nature, causes, and consequences of the phenomenon may be timely and not without interest.

"In truth, the 'mixing up of politics with religion,' to which my deceased friend referred, constitutes one feature of a notable popular movement, in progress for some thirty years throughout our country. After the civil war and the period of reconstruction the American people found time to 'take stock.'

"We were reminded by our tax bills that we had a government, a fact our busy, prosperous fathers could more than half forget during the two generations' space of steady internal colonization; and, with this reminder, came a growing measure of doubt and anxiety as to the practical merits, in sober truth and not in fourth of July oratory, of all branches, national, state, and municipal, of that government under which we lived.

"As always happens, it proved easier to recognize evils than to discover remedies; and, in the like accord with all human experience, our search for the latter was hampered by the proffer of all sorts of wonderful nostrums, warranted by their respective advocates to usher in a golden age. But with that plain, hard common sense, that distaste for sound and froth, that craving for facts and distrust of ideas and theories which have ever been the portion of English speaking folk, the people of our union have finally gained a fairly clear insight into the nature of our ills, and are gradually but steadily learning what medicine will heal them.

Underlying Evil Is Dishonesty.

"The underlying evil in the administration of our public affairs is simply dishonesty. Our public offices are too often held by dishonest men, too often gained by dishonest means, too often used for dishonest ends. Of course I do not mean that all, or a majority, or even any large number of our officials, take public moneys or fraudulently waste public property or in any way cause penitentiaries to yawn for them.

"Such incidents are, indeed, much more frequent than they should be, but it may be doubted whether the proportion of downright thieves among the people's servants is larger than among those of private masters. The great bulk of Americans in public employ wish and intend to do their duty, but a grave and mischievous, though common, confusion of ideas as to what is their duty makes the best of them sometimes fail to do it, and permits the worst often to neglect it with impunity.

Public Office Belongs to People.

"The error is rooted in a mistaken and immoral theory as to the nature of the position they hold. In law and morals alike a public office belongs to the people; its duties are fixed by the people's laws; its salaries are paid with the people's money. In the words of the court of last resort in this state:

"'In this country a public office cannot be the property of the incumbent, because it belongs to the sovereign people who created the government. In the declaration of organic principles prefixed to the instrument creating the government of this state those holding the most important offices are declared to be the trustees of the public.

"'The same designation necessarily applies to all public functionaries. Therefore, every office, created either by the constitution, or by the laws authorized by that instrument, is a public trust created for the public benefit.'

"While, however, few deny flatly and openly, the truth of the doctrine thus laid down, it is practically contradicted every day and in all parts of the union; for seventy-five years we have permitted our public offices to be treated as mere loot, and in a political warfare, not as trusts belonging to the people, but as 'spoils' belonging to the 'victors.'

No Prejudice Against "Sugar."

"Moreover, since the pecuniary value of many offices can be largely increased by adopting latitudinarian views as to certain lines of official conduct, an absence of prejudice is soon cultivated against 'tips,' 'sugar,' the 'plugging' of corporations, and other practices with conventional and euphemistic names which cloak such bald terms as extortion and bribery.

"Three years ago, during a public hearing before our state senate as to a corrupt practices act, advocated by the Baltimore Reform league, on whose behalf I appeared, it was openly stated by one of the most experienced politicians of the state, without dissent from any one, that certain wealthy corporations habitually contributed liberally to the campaign funds of both the leading parties, in return for an implied, if not an express, pledge that they should dictate legislation affecting them in case of the success of either; and the fact that the bill in question made criminal any contribution for a political purpose by a corporation was universally admitted to have been the principal reason for its defeat.

"Civil service reform, in fact, applies a caustic to the very ulcer in our politics, in the application of morality and common sense to the choice of public servants. The typical American politician, as developed by the spoils system of politics, earns his living by holding, when he can get it, a public office, in return for past or expected party works; to get rid of him and his work, we must thoroughly eradicate from our own minds and those of our fellow citizens the absurd and wicked notion that offices are 'spoils.' This must be our first step if we would purify our politics, and so long a step that it will go far to render needless any further steps in the work of purification.

"To understand, indeed, how the spirit of Christianity or anything else can operate to purify our politics, we must first define what we mean by purity and what we mean by politics. Politics is simply a Greek word, naturalized in English, and meaning originally 'city affairs.' It is true that its significance has widened with time and with changes in human society; the ancient Greek knew no 'country,' as we use the term, except or beyond his city; and his name for its affairs means, for an American of today, those of his state or nation as well.

"Nevertheless, every man who interests himself actively in the good government of his city, who tries to secure for it a sufficient police force and fire department, well paved streets, judicious regulations for the public health, public buildings in good repair, public schools in good working, and, withal, low taxes and a dwindling debt; who does what he can to enforce the law, punish crime, and safeguard the order, good morals, and prosperity of the community; so far as these are intrusted to public officers, every such man is engaged in 'politics;' he is, in the Greek sense of the word, a politician.

Politics Cannot Be Purified.

"It is true that when we speak of a politician we do not usually mean such a man, and when we speak of politics we do not first think of such work. But if we mean by politics the trade of living on the taxpayers and getting rich at their cost, it is useless to consider how this occupation can be purified, for it cannot be purified at all; one might as well discuss how to purify policy playing, or the green goods business, bunko steering, or the flimflam game. Politics thus understood can never be pure except as being pure and unadulterated rascality.

"Between the good and bad men in politics there is and should be a warfare without truce or quarter; for whoever would now do good in any form to his fellow men finds the degradation of our political life a hindrance in his task. If he would protect the public health, wisely relieve want, train youth, shelter the unfortunate, suppress vice, or punish crime, he must deal with 'the boss' and 'ring,' and, to do his allotted work well, must sooner or later sweep them from his path. He cannot, however, much as he would, let them alone, for they will not, indeed, they cannot—let him alone.

Natural Enemies of Good.

"Could he and those like minded with him attain full success, their power and prosperity were doomed; for they would then have no victims whereon to prey, no dupes to do their work; by the law of their being they are the natural enemies of every one who would lead others to a higher, purer, and healthier life. Men like them have made their trade so dangerous, so odious, so noisome, that against it every force in our midst that makes for righteousness must be directed tomorrow as it should be today.

"To have a good, popular government we must, first of all, and before all else, have good citizens. Burke's well known words have been often quoted; they have been even quoted more than once by me; but we cannot too steadily remember that, as he said,

"'There never was long a corrupt government of a virtuous people.'

"When we find any self-governing community afflicted with misgovernment we can safely and fairly believe that it does not deserve a better fate. It may, indeed, wish to be well governed, just as many a drunkard, in his seasons of repentance and headache, wishes he were temperate, just as many a defaulter, as yet undetected, in sane moments wishes he could repay what he has taken, and feel himself once more an honest man. But, as such men do not wish hard enough to keep away, the first from the bar, the second from the faro table or Wall street, so such a nation, state, or city does not wish hard enough for good government to make bad government impossible.

"Because we cannot expect a perfect government, whether of this country or of any other, unless and until the people governed are also perfect, which is not likely to happen, here or elsewhere, in our time, the conclusion is not infrequently drawn that meantime any improvement is hopeless; but this is a grave mistake.

Never Will Be Perfect Government

"No doubt, as there never has been, so there never will be, a perfect government of men by men. But there have been, there are now, much better governments than those we live under in the United States today, and I believe that there might be better governments now and here than any which the world has known in this country or any other.

"The true lesson is that the question of good government in America is essentially a moral and only incidentally a political one; this is, indeed, true of all governments, but more clearly and emphatically of a popular government than of any other. I mean by this, that what the friends of good government in America, and especially in America of today, have to do is much less to devise methods for the efficient and economical administration of public affairs than to clearly and frequently set forth and constantly and forcibly impress on the attention of their fellow citizens the true and admitted ends and principles of government, and the daily manifest and grievous dereliction of duty on the part of public officers and of the voters.

"Our aim is to spare Americans shame at the government of their country; to rescue the noblest work of our polity from its basest hands; to root out national vices which threaten to make us a political Sodom among Christian peoples; he who sees such a goal before him can well fight on with calm confidence that any temporary reverse, any individual apostasy, any seeming injustice of public opinion are but inevitable incidents of so momentous a struggle, but fitting preludes to so glorious a victory."

GOVERNMENT'S CRYING NEED IS A "DEPARTMENT OF THE EXTERIOR."

One of Mr. Root's First Duties in Assuming Charge of the State Department Will Be to Straighten Out Complicated Tangle in the Administration of Dependencies and Possessions.

BY RICHARD WEIGHTMAN.

Washington, D. C., July 10.—[Special.]—Whether Mr. Root takes charge of the Panama canal or not, and almost everybody in Washington hopes he will, there is one great work awaiting him in his own department which no doubt will receive his earliest attention.

We have at present a considerable array of possessions, dependencies, etc., which seem to be in sad need of some organizing touch. Of course, Guam, Tutuila, and the group known as the Midway islands, are governed by the navy department, and it goes without saying that they are governed well and give the administration no trouble.

The recipe is simple enough. No politics, no meddling with the customs of the natives, no attempts to Americanize them all at once. The result is logical. No friction, no clashes, no bother or disturbance of any kind.

But we have also Porto Rico, Alaska, Hawaii, the Philippines, and Panama. Porto Rico, Hawaii, and Alaska, I suppose, may be called territories, though each has its own peculiar way of playing the game, while the Philippines and Panama are under the war department.

Work at Cross Purposes.

Thus we have three different departments in charge of our various outside possessions—the war, the navy, and the interior—the other departments constantly asking for information and not always applying to the proper source. For example, the state department still sends to the insular bureau for enlightenment in various matters connected with Porto Rico, although the insular bureau has had nothing to do with the island for two years, and frequently makes requisitions on the same bureau for news of Hawaii, although it has never had anything at all to do with Hawaii at any stage of the game.

Altogether it is as exciting an exhibition of cross purposes and general bewilderment as one could well imagine, and those who know him best feel sure that Mr. Root will lose little time in suggesting a more rational and systematic arrangement.

The truth is that since we have gone into the business of acquiring territory and spreading our own peculiar civilization in foreign parts, what we really need is a "department of the exterior"—such as they have under another name in dear old England.

Crying Need for New Department.

A department of that kind conducted as the insular bureau has been would assemble and organize all the information needed by the president, congress, and the various cabinet officers. Everybody would know exactly where to go for information, and, best of all, every applicant would get what he wanted in accurate and compact shape and without delay.

On purely humane grounds I should be sorry to see the inoffensive natives of Guam, Tutuila, and the Midway group turned over to a political government, flooded with missionaries and educators, and harried to desperation by a propaganda of civilization. They are so happy and contented now it seems a pity to disturb them.

Perhaps, as they are small, and poor, and could not maintain an opulent civil list they might be left as they are, merely furnishing the department of the exterior with such information as congress or the president would call for. There can be no doubt, however, that the new department is sorely needed, if only as a remedy for such confusion and futility as exists already—still less doubt that the need of it will increase as we proceed upon our conquering way.

Mr. Root, therefore, will find an interesting and urgent work all ready for him when he takes hold in the big gray building on "the avenue." Not only is he the constructive statesman of his day par excellence, but I rather think his department is more in need of a source of reliable and prompt information than any other in the whole lot.

Sternburg Sidesteps Sir Innocence.

Just before he went aboard the steamship at New York for his trip of recreation, the German ambassador, Freiherr Speck von Sternburg, was interrogated by a local reporter to the following effect:

"Will you, before sailing, express an opinion as to the probable outcome of the turmoil in Europe, the rebellion in Russia, the throes of Norway and Sweden, the disputes between France and Germany over Morocco, and the friction between Austria and Hungary?"

As the reporter considerately had omitted reference to a number of equally delicate and momentous questions—such as the nebular hypothesis of the next transit of Venus, the lock or sea level question in Panama, the merits of the Washington baseball club, the mosquito theorem in yellow fever, and so on—it must have pained Sternburg to sidestep an overture so modest and so honest. "The ambassador," however, "smiled [and no wonder] as he replied":

"It is an excellent rule of conduct for an ambassador to avoid talking about the affairs of other nations. The less he talks about those of his own the better his superiors like it, except, of course, when it is a case of correcting a false impression or of explaining a matter on which his ruler desires that the people of the country to which he is accredited should be enlightened.

Reply That of Diplomat.

"It is something of an impertinence for a diplomat to talk for publication of the troubles of other nations, and it is certain to cause friction, or at any rate ill feeling. Such interviews are clipped by one's enemies or by persons whose jealousy one has aroused, and are sent to the foreign office with some comment, such as: 'This is a sort of chatterbox you have representing you at ——.'"

No doubt the New York reporter regarded this as a disingenuous evasion; but, for my part, it seems to be just the reply a diplomat of ordinary intelligence might have been expected to make.

I do not pretend to speak from experience, for, although I have known many foreign envoys during the last twenty years—some well enough to dine and play poker with—I have never yet felt hearty enough to subject one of them to such a catechism.

My idea is, in fact, that Sternburg here lays

SCHOOL POLITICS IN WORSE TANGLE

Tilden Slated for Board President by Foes of Teachers' Federation.

ACTION TAKEN IN CAUCUS.

Duddleston-O'Ryan Combination Still Caims Power to Elect Candidate.

The school board's political tangle became more complex yesterday when members of the board opposed to the Teachers' federation and the Duddleston-O'Ryan combination met in secret caucus and named the following slate:

For president.....EDWARD TILDEN
For vice president.....JOHN C. FETZER
For chairman school management committee.....
For chairman buildings and grounds committee.....CHARLES A. PLAMONDON

The making of a slate by the leaders among the anti-federationists would have simplified the situation greatly were it not for the expressed determination of Charles A. Plamondon to "stick in the race to the finish." As things now stand, four names will be presented as nominees for the school board presidency tomorrow night—George Duddleston, Edward Tilden, John C. Fetzer, and Mr. Plamondon. Mr. Fetzer is expected to withdraw his name as soon as it is presented, and give his strength to Mr. Plamondon, as he has pledged himself to do.

It is figured by the members who participated in yesterday's caucus that when this is done the first ballot will be taken, with the result that none of the three remaining candidates will have received the necessary eleven votes to elect. It is expected that several ballots will be taken without material change, and that then Mr. Plamondon will retire from the race, casting his strength into the Tilden column.

Both Sides Seem Confident.

"I am certain neither Mr. Duddleston nor Mr. O'Ryan will be the next president of the board," said a leader of the anti-federationists after the caucus. "I know what I am talking about. Edward Tilden will be president of the board after Wednesday night."

On the other hand, Trustee P. Shelly O'Ryan, vigorously denying, in spite of charges made by either board members, that he himself and not Mr. Duddleston is the real candidate of the teachers' federation, said there would be but one ballot taken, which would result in Mr. Duddleston's election by a clear majority. He said Mr. Duddleston would receive eleven or twelve votes on the first ballot.

The eleven trustees claimed by Mr. O'Ryan are said to be John C. Harding, W. A. Mielewski, Mrs. W. C. H. Keough, Dr. C. A. Weil, Miss Jane Addams, Dr. Cornelia De-Bey, Mrs. Emmons Blaine, Dr. James F. Chvatal, Emil Ritter, O'Ryan, and Duddleston.

O'Ryan-Duddleston Slate Made.

It is said the following slate has been framed up by the O'Ryan-Duddleston forces:

For president—George Duddleston.
For vice president—P. Shelly O'Ryan.
For president pension board—Mrs. W. C. H. Keough.

O'Ryan is also said to be slated for chairman of the school management committee, Kuflewski for chairman of the buildings and grounds committee, and Chvatal for head of the finance committee. It was reported in board circles that if necessary to secure Duddleston votes the chairmanships of the several committees would be bartered to doubtful members. It was charged also that Dr. Chvatal had been put at the head of the finance committee in the hope of winning him over to the Duddleston side.

Dr. Chvatal said he had pledged himself to vote for no one, and would not make up his mind definitely until tomorrow night.

Plamondon in Race to Stay.

Trustee Plamondon definitely announced in the afternoon that he was in the race to stay. In the morning he called on Mayor Dunne, who, he said, assured him he had not frowned upon his candidacy.

"The mayor also told me Mr. Fetzer was not his choice," said Mr. Plamondon. "He said he had taken no hand in the contest, and had no intention of doing so."

Supporters of Mr. Plamondon charged that former President Graham Harris had been responsible for the launching of the Duddleston boom.

"Mr. Plamondon opposed the plan of Mr. Harris to have separate schools built for the crippled children on sites removed from the regular schools, and to get even Mr. Harris, at the moment Mr. Plamondon's election seemed assured, started the Duddleston boom—at least I have every reason to believe he did," was the statement made.

Duddleston's Record Published.

The determination to defeat Duddleston felt in some quarters was evidenced during the day when the published record of the former alderman, prepared by the Municipal Voters' league, was circulated. Part of the circular follows:

In view of the fact that the candidacy of Mr. George Duddleston for the presidency of the board of education has formally been announced, his record, as shown in the public reports of the Municipal Voters' league during his several campaigns for the city council, will be of interest.

In 1897 the final report of the league declared that he had "never been active in politics; that his personal and financial record was good, and that he had signed the league platform."

The preliminary report of 1899, giving Mr. Duddleston's record in the council from the time of his election in 1897, says, in part:

"Voted for Commonwealth Electric, and over veto; General Electric; opposed Walker ordinance for thirty days' notice of franchise measures and Sherman resolution for franchise committee; was absent Dec. 5 and 12, when fifty year franchises were called up for consideration, but present Dec. 19, when he opposed referring to city hall committee; opposed reference to city hall committee of Kimball ordinance introduced Jan. 9; voted in favor of James Walsh in Seventeenth ward contest and in opposition to council organization by John Powers. Record mixed and unsatisfactory. He should not be reelected."

In the final report for the same year the league advised voters to vote for Duddleston to defeat "Billy" Kent, stating that Duddleston's off votes were due to prejudice or stubbornness.

In its preliminary report of 1901 the league, after giving Duddleston's residence, business, etc., made the following statement:

"Voted against special committee street railway legislation; voted for Ogden gas ordinance; voted against midnight closing. Record through two terms uniformly uncertain and often unsatisfactory. Should be succeeded by an intelligent and identifiable man."

In the final report of 1901 the league said of Duddleston:

"He has through two terms been noisy, inoperative and uncertain; his record worse than weak."

Last night word was received from the Rev. R. A. White from Plymouth, Mass., and from Edwin L. Rowland, from Pittsburg, that they would hurry to Chicago, arriving in time to vote against the candidate of the teachers' federation.

WHITE CITY MAGAZINE AS JUNK.

Man Accused of Selling Whole Issue to Dealer Instead of Distributing It Are Arrested.

Five men of the advertising staff of the White City were arrested last evening on a charge of larceny. They were sent out last Friday with two wagonloads of the White City magazine, 10,000 copies in all, which they were to scatter through the downtown office buildings. They returned to the office and stated that the work had been completed. Yesterday a junk dealer called on Advertising Manager Woodward and offered to sell the 10,000 magazines to him. An investigation showed that the entire lot had been taken directly to the junk shop and sold for $6. The men arrested are L. Montigue, C. A. Davis, Joseph Piltrim, C. H. Bunning, and Henry Kimborn.

SAYS THE SMALL COLLEGE IS "COLLEGE WITH FUTURE."

Dr. Daniel K. Pearsons Criticises John D. Rockefeller's Endowment Plan as Explained by President Harper.

"An attempt to create an intellectual aristocracy; to monopolize higher education by restricting it to the chosen few; to close the doors of colleges to the masses, and eventually to stifle an expression of liberal thought in American universities."

This summarizes Dr. Daniel K. Pearsons' conclusions in answer to the announcement of Dr. William R. Harper of the University of Chicago that only "colleges with a future" are to share in the $10,000,000 higher educational endowment fund recently given by John D. Rockefeller.

Dr. Pearsons is a retired Chicago capitalist. During the last fifteen years he has contributed more than $1,000,000 to the endowment funds of forty small colleges.

"Dr. Harper would not make the announcements without the sanction of Mr. Rockefeller," said Dr. Pearsons. "The announcement means that the oil king will attempt to monopolize higher education and centralize it at a few universities. He will attempt to manipulate education as he has manipulated oil and railroads. He will endeavor to drive out the little fellow, his greatest competitor. When this is done Mr. Rockefeller will be able to mold the minds of students to think as he would have them think—to give great questions of the hour little independent thought.

"The $10,000,000 is not for the education of the masses. A comparatively small number of the more fortunate young men and women are the ones who are to benefit, and not the sons and daughters of the toilers.

"The high tuition fees of the great universities, the enormous cost of living in the large centers where these institutions are located, make it impossible for the poor girl or boy to attend. The small college, near the homes of the farmer and the mechanic, is the only school that reaches out and gives to the working class the advantages of a college education.

"I believe Dr. Harper's announcement will rally the defenders to the aid of the small colleges. It will open their eyes to the impending danger of the encroachment of the university upon the domain of the college. It will result in more endowments—small in comparison to Rockefeller's millions, but great in the aggregate. In the end, our small educational institutions will be the gainers."

PROF. DOUGHERTY REPLIES TO MISS HALEY'S CHARGES.

Declares Permanent Fund Is Well Guarded by Existing Rules, Which Give Charge to Directors and Trustees

Peoria, Ill., July 10.—Prof. N. C. Dougherty, former president of the National Educational association, said today with reference to Miss Haley's charges regarding the National Educational association:

"The association has two funds, one known as a permanent fund and the other as the expense fund. This permanent fund is made up of sums left over after all expenses of the association are paid, and now amounts to $175,000. At the convention at Boston $50,000 was added to it. The trustees of the fund are A. G. Lane, Chicago, F. L. Soldan, St. Louis, Nicholas Murray Butler, New York, and myself.

"By direction of the members of the association, a charter was drafted, which was to be approved by congress, and it was thought wise to provide that no money should be taken from the permanent fund except on recommendation of the board of trustees, and with the approval of a two-thirds vote of the board of directors, and with the indorsement of two-thirds of the members of the association, each member having a month's notice.

"The object was to prevent local meetings from squandering the savings of twenty years on something of no account. The plan was approved by active members from all states except the Federation of Teachers in Chicago. Miss Haly feels that the money should be subject to a vote of members of the association at any time when in convention, that there should be no permanent fund, and that such a fund has a monopolistic tendency, and tends to put the control of the association under the direction and guidance of older rather than enthusiastic members."

JULY GRAND JURY SWORN IN.

More Indictments Are Likely to Be Returned Against Keepers of Disreputable Saloons.

The July grand jury was sworn in yesterday by Judge Kersten, and Charles A. Paltzer, president of the Paltzer Lumber company, was appointed foreman. The jury is expected to devote most of its two weeks' session in disposing of the many docket cases, but considerable attention will be paid to the concert hall evil. The members of the new grand jury are:

Charles A. Paltzer,	Frank A. Norton,
Thomas M. Tapley,	Charles Benoid,
Charles C. Crowhurst,	Seymour Coman,
William C. Dunwell,	Samuel H. Kerfoot Jr.,
William D. Hollis,	John C. Bately,
Charles H. Wilson,	Jesse C. Baker,
John Cunningham,	Nelson J. Ludington,
Louis G. Squire,	W. L. Fredericks,
Milward Bellows,	Daniel W. Donohue,
William A. Linn,	Jesse M. Watkins,
George M. Nelson,	William G. Henry.
James Rogers.	

Detectives attached to the state's attorney's office say they have secured evidence that some saloonkeepers have been defying the mayor and state's attorney by permitting women to sit in the saloons and drink at tables with male escorts while music is in progress. The state's attorney also intends to begin an inquiry into the cause of the police permitting women to frequent the saloons which were recently put under the ban.

ASK TO HAVE TRUSTEE OUSTED.

Heirs to $60,000 Property Tell Court That Obstinate Sister Refuses to Dispose of Estate.

Obstinacy on the part of Miss Anna Murphy, 9 Twenty-second street, who, it is said, refused to dispose of $60,000 worth of property left by her mother, Mrs. Katherine Murphy, is the cause assigned by the nine heirs of the estate for asking the Superior court to appoint a new trustee. The heirs to the estate are the children of Mrs. Murphy, who died at Freeport, Ill., Sept. 1, 1899. She appointed her oldest daughter, Anna, as trustee of the estate. According to the terms of the will, the real estate was to have been sold and the proceeds divided equally between her nine children. In the bill filed by Mrs. Mary Mets, 363 Center street, who is one of the heirs, it is declared the complainant is greatly in need of money, and she asks that the court appoint a new trustee and order an immediate sale of the estate.

BEER PEDDLERS ARE ARRESTED

Vigilance of Evanston's New Chief of Police Results in Capture of Two Men.

The crusade against beer peddlers carried on by Col. A. S. Frost, Evanston's new chief of police, resulted yesterday in the arrest of two men. Paul Dusing was arrested while retailing liquor to a crowd of workmen, and William Miller was caught in the act of disposing of a case of beer which did not bear the name of the purchaser. Both wagons were taken to the police station and the liquor confiscated. Upon taking the office of chief of police, Col. Frost declared his intention of stamping out the liquor traffic. By his order officers on bicycles have followed the beer wagons and watched for violations of the law. The two arrests were the first results of the crusade.

$12.85 MARQUETTE, MICH., AND RETURN,

Via the Northwestern Line.

July 18, Aug. 1 and 15. Return limit 21 days. Through sleeping car service. Leaves daily 8 p. m. The Best of Everything. $17.25 daily to Marquette and return, good returning Oct. 31. Ticket offices, 212 Clark street and Wells Street Station (Tel. Cent. 721).

PUPILS TO FURNISH HOUSE

NOVEL EDUCATIONAL PLAN AT HAMLINE SUMMER SCHOOL.

Dilapidated Property Given to the Children, Who Are to Rehabilitate the Building and Grounds as a Lesson in Domestic Science, and Then Make Furniture, Thus Receiving Manual Training—Record Breaking Attendance in All Vacation Classes.

Every one of the 700 pupils in the Hamline vacation school yesterday was made a stockholder in a little gray house that stands in the shade of a weeping willow on a lot adjoining the school at Forty-eighth and Bishop streets.

The house was presented to the school for the purpose of making possible the carrying out by Principal Henry F. Crane of what is regarded by educators as the most novel plan ever devised for the encouragement of the practical study of domestic science and household arts by public school pupils.

As it now stands the abandoned dwelling is an empty shell. Its boarded sides are weather beaten, and the shingles are falling from the roof. Inside of the little building strips of faded wall paper cling to cracking plaster, the doors are swinging on rusty hinges.

Pupils to Renovate the Place.

In the yard, hemmed in by a fence of broken and warped pickets, burdock have put a covering of green over rusting cans. Before the end of the week scythes will cut down the weeds, hoes will turn the dirt, and rakes will prepare it to receive flowers and vegetable seeds. The 700 owners of the dwelling are to prepare the house for occupancy, and after it has been thoroughly renovated the 400 girls, enrolled in classes, are to learn practical housekeeping within its walls.

While the boys of the school are repairing fence and walls and roof, the girls with scrub brush and broom and dust cloth are to invade the interior and make it clean. And while the boys are painting the house and fence and front steps and trimming the old willow the girls are to design wall paper with which to adorn the bare plastered walls. And while the girls are sewing rag carpet with which to cover the boarded floors the boys are to touch up the walls and hang the hand painted paper.

In the manual training department at the school all the furniture is to be manufactured. In the household arts department the girls will make pillow cases and pillow shams, upholster furniture, and embroider elaborate designs on table covers.

When the house has been furnished the girls will take lessons in housekeeping. And while they are doing all this the basket weaving department in the school will make baskets for the house, the clay modeling class will manufacture bric-a-brac.

Record Breaking Attendance.

The eight vacation schools were formally opened during the forenoon, and long before the first gong was sounded summoning the children back to their books hundreds were clamoring for admission. There was a record breaking attendance. At the Adams school 425 pupils were enrolled. At the Dante 600 were seated and 400 were turned away because of lack of accommodations. At the Foster school 700 were enrolled and 500 turned away. At the Froebel 500 were accepted and 150 were compelled to return to their homes. At the Medill 675 were admitted, at the Jones the enrollment was 550, and at the Washington 420. Five hundred were turned away from the Hamline school.

PROJECT TO ESTABLISH HERE $300,000 SCHOOL FOR COOKS.

International Stewards' Association Pledges Half the Endowment and Will Ask Appropriation for Balance.

Chicago is to be the home of a $300,000 school which will turn out professional cooks who will advocate the use of only pure foods. This was the decision of the International Stewards' association at the annual meeting of the association which was held yesterday at the Great Northern hotel.

The association members will ask the government to appropriate half of this sum, the remaining $150,000 to be furnished by them. After the initial expense of establishing the school has been paid it is expected that the tuition of the "students" will pay the operating expenses.

The Chicago members of the association formed themselves into the Chicago Club of the International Stewards' association and elected officers for the first year of the life of the club. The evening was taken up with a banquet at Vogelsang's and a trip to White city.

NEWS OF THE THEATERS.

The Woggle Bug Revised.

"The Woggle Bug," in its revised form, is disclosing a healthy intention of living, and with good fortune in weather there seems now no reason why it should not serve to keep the doors of the Garrick open for some time to come.

The audience last night was not only of good size but was honestly enthusiastic. It is true that the admiration was given chiefly to the individual feats of several of the principals, but the framework of the piece was at least no handicap. The worst that can be said of the structure of the extravaganza is that it is cumbersome—a defect that begins in the book and includes the arrangement of the stage pictures.

The pictorial features, however, are attractive after they are in place, and the liveliness of Mabel Hite, Blanche Deyo, and Hal Godfrey gives seeming movement to numerous ponderous scenes.

Mabel Hite as a study of industry is a wonder. Her muscular, facial, and vocal eccentricities are comical in themselves, and the vigor with which she exercises each in turn is apt to catch the fancy of any audience. Josie Sadler is really the novelty in the revised version, but her coming means one more specialist rather than anything added to the unity of the performance. In the rôle of a slow spoken German girl she wanders on and off, amusing everybody when she is in sight, but putting the piece no further forward. Sidney Bracey has succeeded Fred Mace as the Woggle Bug himself, and he flits nimbly about, making as much of the rôle apparently as can be made. Hal Godfrey's dancing as Jack Pumpkinhead stood out last night among the brighter bits of the performance.

Ben Greet's Players.

Ben Greet's players will begin their open air performances at the Scammon gardens, University of Chicago, tomorrow afternoon at 4 o'clock, presenting "As You Like It." With the prestige won by their Elizabethan performances at the Studebaker last winter it is expected that they will attract the general public as well as the university following. The following is the program of the engagement:

July 14—Friday evening at 8:15.....
.....[Incidental music by Mendelssohn.]
July 15—Saturday matinee at 3:30 p. m.....
.....
July 15—Saturday evening at 8:15.....
July 19—Wednesday matinee at 4 p. m.....
[This performance will be given in Mandel hall.]
July 21—Friday evening at 8:15.....
.....
[Incidental music by Sir Arthur Sullivan.]
July 22—Saturday matinee at 3:30 p. m.....
.....
July 22—Saturday evening at 8:15, repetition of.....

In the event of rain the performance will be given in Mandel hall.

Forsakes Pulpit for Stage.

New York, July 10.—[Special.]—John R. Wright, a Baptist minister of Columbus, Kas., has signed a contract with Gordon & Bennett, theatrical managers, to play the part of John the Baptist in a new biblical play called "The Holy City." Wright says he determined to abandon the pulpit for the stage because he thinks he can do more good by acting than by preaching the gospel. He has had no previous experience as an actor.

ELECTRIC SIGNS ON BRIDGE WARN AUTOISTS OF DANGER.

New Signals Light Automatically as Structure Swings Round—All Vehicles Are Halted by the Device.

Automobiles and other vehicles were halted last night at the approaches to the Rush street bridge by large electric signs bearing the word "Stop." The signs were put in operation by Superintendent of Bridges Thomas G. Philfeldt as an experiment to prevent fatal accidents such as recently have occurred.

The signs are lighted as the bridge swings open by a switch turned by the bridge tender, and remain lighted until the bridge resumes its normal position, while an electric gong rings loudly to warn all vehicles and pedestrians from the approaches.

The new signs are on a white background and in large red letters command the speeding autoists to "stop." Strong incandescent lights throw a bright glare on the letters, making them stand out prominently in the surrounding darkness.

The signs are elevated so that they can be plainly seen for several blocks, the one at the north approach being directly in the center of the roadway. On the south approach, however, where Michigan avenue and South Water street divide the approach, it was found necessary to place two signals at the intersection of the streets.

Save a Diamond—Win a Heart.

Come and buy a diamond or watch on credit from us. Loftis Bros. & Co., 2d fl., 92 State-st.

IN THE SOCIETY WORLD.

BRYN MAWR GIRLS PLANNING COMING OUT RECEPTIONS.

Several Who Were Graduated Last Month Will Be Debutantes In Coming Season—Wedding Next Monday of Miss Anita Wilkins to Mr. Leonard Holden Vaughan—Mr. and Mrs. La Verne Noyes Start for Europe, to Be Gone Two Months.

While the older members of society are resting after a long season of gayety, there is a small coterie of prospective débutantes planning for their coming out parties next fall. They are all Bryn Mawr girls who were graduated together last month. They are Miss Lesley Farwell, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Granger Farwell of Lake Forest; Miss Natalie Fairbank, daughter of the late N. K. Fairbank; Miss Clara Herrick, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John J. Herrick, 2221 Prairie avenue; Miss Louise Marshall, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George E. Marshall, 30 Hawthorne place; Miss Eleanor Mason, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Burrall Mason, 101 Lincoln Park boulevard; and Miss Isabel Lynde, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel A. Lynde, 6 Ritchie place.

Two of them have gone on extensive trips. Miss Lesley Farwell has accompanied her parents to Europe, having sailed last week, while Miss Fairbank, who makes her home with Mrs. Benjamin Carpenter in Winnetka, has gone to Alaska to spend the summer with Gen. Greely's party. It is too early for these future buds to set the dates for their coming out receptions, and, while they are planning, it is likely that a number of other débutantes will be added to the list.

Mrs. Kellogg Fairbank has invited a number of guests to form a house party at her Lake Geneva home over Friday and Saturday, the days of the Lake Geneva county fair. Mrs. Fairbank's mother, Mrs. Benjamin F. Ayer, will go to Lake Geneva this week to spend the summer with her daughter.

Mrs. Edwin S. Fechheimer of Winnetka will give a luncheon tomorrow. Mrs. Fechheimer was formerly Miss Margaret Root, daughter of Mrs. John Root of Astor street.

Miss Harriet Houghteling of Winnetka has as guests Miss Thayer and Miss Schenck, both of New York. They are Bryn Mawr girls. After their visit with Miss Houghteling they will spend some time with Miss Margaret Ayer at Lake Geneva.

Mrs. Levi Z. Leiter, who spent some time with her son-in-law and daughter, Lord and Lady Suffolk, in London, is now at Bad Kissengen.

At the wedding next Monday evening of Miss Anita Gertrude Wilkins to Mr. Leonard Holden Vaughan the bride will be attended by Miss Grace Barker as maid of honor, and by Miss Marie Whitmore and Miss Lucile Hillman as maids. Dr. Roger Vaughan will act as best man for his brother. The ushers have not yet been named. The ceremony will be performed at the First Presbyterian church at 8 o'clock, and will be followed by a reception at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John D. Wilkins, 5328 Ellis avenue. The young couple will go to Europe on their wedding journey, sailing on July 22. On their return they will reside on the south side.

Mr. and Mrs. La Verne W. Noyes left yesterday for New York, whence they sail the last of the week for Europe. They will be gone two months.

Mr. and Mrs. Ira J. Mix and Miss Elizabeth Mix will leave today for Topeka, Kas., to attend the reception to be given by Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Low in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Dean Ruskin Low, the latter formerly Miss Noretta Mix.

Mr. E. G. Leszynsky and Miss Leszynsky, 4612 Woodlawn avenue, have returned from the east.

USE SHORT MEASURES; FINED.

Two Peddlers Are First Ones Captured by Newly Appointed Inspector's Men.

His first convictions for violations of city ordinances were secured yesterday by Joseph Grein, the newly appointed inspector of weights and measures, when two peddlers, James Smutney and Christ Revalis, were each fined $25 for selling from short weight measures. Revalis was found selling from a measure with only three and one-half pecks to a bushel at Thirty-fifth and Wallace streets. The measure had originally been approved by the city, but Revalis had taken several inches out of the circumference of the measure and replaced the bottom. Smutney was caught at Eighteenth and Wood streets with a similar faulty measure.

Today—Tuesday—Double Siegel Stamp until 1 o'clock, thereafter single Stamps till the closing hour at Siegel, Cooper & Co.

In the Knapsack

Wool Soap

has been a home soap for so long that it is not strange the soldier prefers it when far from home. Wool Soap is absolutely pure, white—and floats. Washes fine fabrics and does not shrink woolens.

SWIFT & COMPANY,
U. S. A.
Makers of Swift's Pride Soap and Swift's Washing Powder

AMUSEMENTS.

From the Heart of Chicago to the Garden of the West.

The Aurora, Elgin & Chicago Railway

CONNECTS CHICAGO WITH THE
BEAUTIFUL FOX RIVER VALLEY,
MANY PARKS AND RESORTS.

New Fifth Avenue Terminal Station, Corner Jackson Blvd.

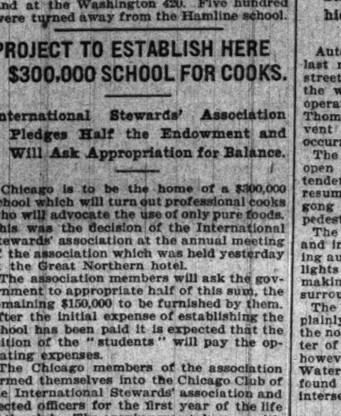
ASK FOR NEW FOLDER SHOWING PANORAMIC VIEWS OF ROUTE

Malta-Vita

"The Perfect Food"

Same Big Package
Same High Quality

Now 10 cts.



Malta-Vita "The Perfect Food," malt life, as its name implies, stands for that intense vitality that results from the daily use of a food skilfully prepared from the whole of the wheat, of which, after being cooked, each kernel has been subjected to the searching digestive action of the diastase and other enzymes of barley malt. This makes it a *"predigested"* food of highest nourishment value, which explains the remarkable results obtained in cases of nervous debility, deranged stomachs and constipation. Besides, it is the best food to eat.

"We have used several boxes of Malta-Vita and think it the finest food we have tried yet. Having used different kinds, we find Malta-Vita has a flavor which excels all others. We had almost despaired to find something our baby could eat without being distressed. He had, since birth, been a constant sufferer from constipation and a general derangement of the stomach and bowels. Since we began feeding him Malta-Vita he has improved wonderfully in health and is entirely cured of constipation. In fact, myself and husband realize a great benefit since using the food, as we have suffered from general debility. We find it gives life and tone to the entire system." Name given on request by Malta-Vita Pure Food Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

MALTA-VITA is a food with a "taste." It does not belong to the tasteless variety of "flaked foods" and too great credit cannot be claimed for Malta-Vita on account of the fact that it contains its own sweetening agent—maltose always being present in a proportion exceeding eight per cent and sometimes ten per cent. This is a healthy, digestible sugar, formed by the action of the malt diastase upon starch and it causes the stomach no inconvenience. This is not the case with flaked foods that are sweetened by cane sugar, beet sugar, maple sugar, boiled cider, glucose or grape sugar, as all these cause acidity in the stomach and are seriously injurious.

AMUSEMENTS.

CHICAGO OPERA HOUSE
TURNED HUNDREDS AWAY SUNDAY AND MONDAY—THAT'S THE VERDICT.
LAND OF NOD
THE BIGGEST, BEST AND MOST POPULAR SHOW IN TOWN.
DEFIANCE PRICES—25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00

SOUTH SIDE BALL PARK,
35th-st. and Wentworth-av.
BASEBALL TODAY.
WHITE SOX vs. BOSTON.
GAME CALLED AT 3:30 P. M.

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE
THE SEASON'S SOLITARY SUCCESS
TONIGHT AT 8. BARGAIN MAT. WED.
LEW FIELDS "IT HAPPENED IN NORDLAND"
Famous for Fun, Music and Beauty.

RAVINIA PARK
Every Afternoon at 3. Every Evening at 8:15.
If weather is unfavorable concert will be given in the theater.
Last Week BUT ONE.
WALTER DAMROSCH Popular Concerts.
Wednesday, July 19th, Afternoon and Evening
Special Request Concerts. Mail requests to Ravinia Park before Sunday, July 16th.
Admission, 25c. Reserved Seats, 25c Extra.
Special train service and rates for Chicago patrons on the Chicago and Northwestern Railroad.

AMUSEMENTS.

ILLINOIS COOLEST PLACE IN TOWN.
BARGAIN MATINEE TODAY
The Most Popular Performance in Chicago.
GEO. M. COHAN AND HIS FAMOUS 100
100th TIME IN CHICAGO
JOHNNY JONES LITTLE
JULY 29

THE COOL **STUDEBAKER**
MAT. TOMORROW—Prices 25c to $1.
RICHARD **CARLE**
Presents Himself in
"THE MAYOR OF TOKIO"
THE FARCICAL OPERA TRIUMPH.

White City
63d STREET AND SOUTH PARK AVE., CHICAGO
The Largest, the Safest, the Most Beautiful Amusement Resort in America.

OPEN AIR CONCERTS By Ulrich's Chicago Concert Band. Programs at 2:30, 4:00, 8:15 and 9:45 o'clock AFTERNOON and EVENING
FREE CIRCUS EUROPEAN ACROBATIC NOVELTY Performance.
DOLLAR TROUPE
START-ING AERIAL TRAPEZE ACTS BY SAMOYAO
$200,000 FIRE SHOW
Greatest outdoor spectacle ever produced; thrilling rescues, a real fire, amusing street scenes, etc., 250 people in the cast.
Bump the Bumps, Shoot-the-Chutes, Take a Gondola Ride Through Beautiful Venice. Visit the Grand Ball Room and enjoy the endless entertaining features at White City. FIREWORKS TONIGHT.
GATE ADMISSION 10 CTS. Open from 1 p. m. Till Midnight.

POWERS' Nightly at 8:20 Mat. Wed. & Sat.
"A MERRY MESSAGE OF MIRTH"
MRS. TEMPLE'S TELEGRAM
"Clever, clean, generously supplied with laughter, admirably presented by a company of uniform excellence is 'Mrs. Temple's Telegram,' a play worthy of Powers' Theater, Chicago's foremost play house devoted to the drama."—Mr. W. L. Hubbard in Chicago Tribune.
Reservations 30 Days in Advance.
Prices—All Mats. 25c to $1.00; Eves. 25c to $1.50.

Sans Souci Park
COTTAGE GROVE AVE. & 60TH ST.
In Our Weatherproof Open Air Theater
"ROLY POLY" BY SANS SOUCI'S OWN COMPANY OF 40
Chicago's Best Summer Show.
10 CTS.—MATINEE DAILY—10 CTS.
First Regiment Band, Afternoon and Evening. Auxiliary Orchestra for Dinner Parties.
FREE Sensational High Diving Act. Kaleidoscopic Electric Fountain, Many Other Attractions. FREE
ADMISSION 10 CTS. AT ALL TIMES.

NEW LAKE EXCURSIONS.
FORT SHERIDAN AND WAUKEGAN
STEAMSHIP KANSAS
EVERY MONDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY, 10 A. M.
25 CTS.—FT. SHERIDAN & RETURN—35 CTS.
35 CTS.—WAUKEGAN & RETURN—35 CTS.
RETURNING, ARRIVE CHICAGO 5 P. M.
FIRST SAILING SATURDAY, JULY 8, 10 A. M.
Northern Michigan Transportation Company,
East End Michigan-st. Telephone Central 572.

COLISEUM GARDEN
EVERY NIGHT, SAT. & SUN. AFT'NS.
LAST WEEK OF
WEBER AND HIS PRIZE BAND
BLANCHE B. MEHAFFEY, SOLOIST.
Catering by Edelweiss Garden Management.
NEXT WEEK
ELLERY'S ROYAL ITALIAN BAND.

ADVERTISE IN THE TRIBUNE.

EXCURSIONS

MICHIGAN AND SUPERIOR.
GRAHAM & MORTON LINE.
St. Joseph and Benton Harbor, 80c each way. Only line furnishing music and dancing free.
Every day at 9:30 a. m.; 12:30 noon, except Saturday and Sunday; Saturday, 9:30 a. m. and 2 p. m.; Sunday 10 a. m. Every night at 11:30. The 12:30 noon continuous round trip excursion only 50c, returning about 9 p. m.
GRAND RAPIDS, HOLLAND and SAUGATUCK.
Every morning at 9 o'clock, except Sat. 1:30 p.m. $1.35 Grand Rapids, $1 Holland, $1.10 Saugatuck. Every night at 5 o'clock. $2 Grand Rapids, $1.50 Holland. All Summer Hotels open.
ONLY DIRECT LINE TO LAKE SUPERIOR, via Milwaukee. $5 to Mackinac Isle. $6 to Sault Ste. Marie. Only $37 to Hancock and Houghton and return. $17 round trip Mackinac Isle. The last named rates include meals and berths. Ask for further information. Every Tuesday and Saturday at 11 a. m.
Dock Foot of Wabash-av. Phone Central 2189.

OLYMPIC
CONTINUOUS VAUDEVILLE.

5—Hanlon Brothers—5	Jule Walters & Co.
Mallory, Brooks & Halliday	Carver & Pollard.
Foster & Foster.	Imhof, Conn & Corinne
Scott, Lipman & Co.	Schrack & Rice.
Mexicas & Mexicas.	The DeGreos.
Higgins & Phelps.	Boyd & Cataldo.
Clifford Eckell.	Minnie Peters.
The Kinodrome.	Mortimer & Wellington

PRICES—10—15—25—50 CENTS.

GOOD SEATS—MAIN FLOOR $1.00.
A REVELATION IN HUMOR.
MELODY AND BEAUTY.
THE NEW VERSION OF THE
WOG-GLE-BUG
Another Children's Pop. Priced Toy Balloon Matinee Tomorrow.

CASINO GARDEN.
Wabash-av. and Polk-st.
Rag Time Concert Tonight.
BROOKE AND HIS GREAT BAND

WHERE TO EAT.
RESTAURANT MILANO
G. CATTORINI, Proprietor.
The Only Genuine Italian Table D'Hote
OUR SPECIALTY Spaghetti Italian Style, READY ALL DAY
A Very Cordial Invitation is Extended to the Theatrical Profession.
342 State Street, CHICAGO

The New **Germania Club Cafe,**
645, 647, and 649 N. Clark-st.
Is without doubt the handsomest place of its kind on the North Side.
Entirely remodeled and under new management.
HERMAN MACK, Prop.

The Washington Restaurant,
JOE T. KEANE. F. SMEDBERG.
N. W. CORNER ADAMS-ST. AND WABASH-AV.
CATERERS TO THE PUBLIC AT POPULAR PRICES.
Special attention given to Theater Parties.

GUNTHER'S 212 STATE STREET ...FINE LUNCHEONS
DELICIOUS REFRESHMENTS, FOUR O'CLOCK TEAS, AND AFTER THEATER SUPPERS.

TRIBUNE ADS ARE BUSINESS BRINGERS.

SELEE'S MEN WIN FROM PITTSBURG.

Stop Off on Way East and Defeat the Pirates by Score of 4 to 1.

WEIMER ON THE SLAB.

Chicagoan Pitches Well, While Case, the Opposing Twirler, Is Batted Out.

Pittsburg, Pa., July 10.—[Special.]—The Chicago Nationals won from the Pirates in a game today which they stopped off for on their way eastward. The score was 4 to 1. Umpire Rauswine called the game while Pittsburg was at bat in the ninth inning on account of darkness.

Jake Weimer was the goods for the Chicagoans today. He held Clarke's team to eight hits which were well scattered, and only once was a Pirate able to make more than one base on a hit. Howard, the young first baseman Clarke discovered recently, was the star batter of the day, getting three hits off Weimer, one of them a two bagger, and scoring the lone run on the Pittsburg side. Selee's men also made eight hits during the afternoon, but seven of them were made off Charley Case, who started to pitch for the Pirates. Two runs scored in the third and two in the fourth inning and two three base hits on top of a single in the fourth caused Manager Clarke to send relief to Case in the shape of Southpaw Hillebrand.

Good Work by Hillebrand.

The former Princeton lad was there with all kinds of steam and curves, and he stopped the run getting quickly, and not a hit was scored against him until the ninth inning, and that did not count, as the game was called and Kling lost the hit.

The game was played under difficulties. The weather was clear and bright when the teams appeared on the field for practice, but shortly before the time to start a rain storm threatened, and the game was hurried along, but in the second inning a light shower stopped the play for ten minutes. The Chicagoans immediately after starting again pounded upon Case and won the game in a thirty-up order. The clouds kept the sun out of sight all the rest of the afternoon, but it was possibly to play until the ninth, when the rain came down in torrents.

Case began to show a weakness that the visitors liked in the second inning. Tinker went out in this round and Evers hit to right and went to second on an out and to third on a wild pitch. Kling fouled out in that inning, so there was not danger. The first real trouble started in the third, however, when Weimer was passed and was helped around to third on Slagle's drive to center for two bases. Jake scored on Schulte's long fly, and Slagle moved to third, from where he scored on Maloney's long fly to Beaumont. Hofman followed with a two bagger, but he died on base, as Tinker could do nothing.

Score in the Fourth.

The fourth started with a hit by Evers, and then Casey sacrificed him to second, from where he easily scored on Kling's three bagger to center. Weimer rapped a hot one to Wagner, and Kling was run down between third and home, but not before Weimer had reached third to take his place. A long hit to the right field corner by Slagle brought Weimer home, but Slagle died on third.

The Pirates threatened trouble in the fifth, but an unlucky line drive by Wagner to Tinker spoiled the inning. Clymer had walked, and Beaumont had singled, and two were out when Wagner hit a liner over Tinker, but Joe jumped into the air and pulled it down with one hand. The sixth opened for Pittsburg with a double by Howard. A long fly by Brain to Schulte gave Howard a chance to move up a base, and he scored on Ritchey's hit. This was all the scoring.

Pittsburg.	R	H	P	A	E	Chicago.	R	H	P	A	E
Clymer, rf	0	1	1	0	0	Slagle, cf	1	2	2	0	0
Clarke, lf	0	0	2	0	0	Schulte, lf	0	1	1	0	0
Beaum't, cf	0	1	2	0	0	Maloney, rf	0	1	2	0	0
Wagner, ss	0	1	1	2	0	Hofman, 1b	1	1	11	0	0
Howard, 1b	1	3	9	0	0	Tinker, ss	0	0	1	2	0
Brain, 3b	0	0	0	4	0	Evers, 2b	0	1	2	5	0
Ritchey, 2b	0	2	1	3	0	Casey, 3b	0	0	0	1	0
Nealon, c	0	0	4	0	0	Kling, c	0	0	4	1	0
Case, p	0	0	0	0	0	Weimer, p	2	0	0	2	0
Hillebr'd, p	0	0	0	1	0						
Totals	1	8	24	10	0	Totals	4	7	24	11	0

Pittsburg	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0—1
Chicago	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0—4

Two base hits—Howard, Hofman. Three base hits—Slagle. Sacrifice hits—Casey, Weimer. Stolen bases—Howard, Hofman. Double play—Carisch-Howard. Bases on balls—Off Case, 1; off Hillebrand, 1; off Weimer, 3. Struck out—By Case, 1; by Hillebrand, 2. Wild pitch—Case. Hits—Off Case, 7 in 4 innings. Time—2:00. Umpire—Rauswine. Attendance, 4,000.

Notes of Fourth Nationals' Game.

Hofman played first for the visitors today like a veteran.

Capt. Chance was kept out of the game today with a sore hand, but expects to be in harness tomorrow.

Robertaille will be left at home by Manager Clarke on the eastern trip. It begins to look as if Case hitts Pittsburg pitchers hard.

Both teams left here tonight for the east. The Chicago team will open its engagement with the Giants tomorrow, and the Pirates at Brooklyn.

Bill Clancy, former guardian of first base for Fred Clarke, has jumped to the Tri-State, and will play with Williamsport because Howard has displaced him.

BOSTON BEATS THE PHILLIES.

Beaneaters Win from Quaker Team in Close Game by a Score of Three to Two.

Boston, Mass., July 10.—Although outbatted, Boston managed to defeat Philadelphia 3 to 2 by bunching their hits. Score:

Boston.	R	H	P	A	E	Philad'a.	R	H	P	A	E
Abbat'a, ss	1	1	3	4	0	Thomas, cf	1	1	2	0	0
Tenney, 1b	0	2	12	1	0	Gleason, ss	0	1	1	4	0
Bates, lf	1	1	1	0	0	Coffey, 3b	0	0	0	1	0
Delch'ty, rf	0	0	1	0	0	Titus, rf	0	2	0	0	0
Wolv'n, 3b	0	0	0	2	0	Mayer, lf	0	2	0	0	0
Cannell, cf	0	0	3	0	0	Ward, 1b	0	1	14	1	0
Rayner, 2b	0	0	1	2	0	Kruger, ss	0	1	2	2	1
Moran, c	0	1	6	0	0	Abbott, c	0	1	3	2	1
Wood'f, p	0	0	0	2	0	Corridon, p	0	1	0	1	0
Totals	3	5	27	12	1	Totals	2	10	24	13	2

Boston	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0—3
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0—2

Two base hits—Moran, Abbatichio. Stolen bases—Tenney, Sacrifice hit—Cannell. Double play—Rayner-Abbatichio-Tenney. Bases on balls—Off Corridon, 2; off Young, 1. Hit by pitched balls—Wolverton, Dolan. Struck out—By Young, 5. Wild pitch—Young. Time—1:40. Umpire—Klem. Attendance—4,000.

Albany, 5; Cincinnati, 3.

Albany, N. Y., July 10.—The Albany State league team defeated Cincinnati here today before 4,000 persons. Both Hahn and Cheeh were hit hard and opportunely. Mock kept the hits scattered and received good support. Score:

Albany	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1—5
Cincinnati	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	0—3

Batteries—Mock and Dillon; Hahn, Cheeh, Phelps and Street.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION GAMES.

Stovall Allows Indianapolis Only Five Hits, and Minneapolis Wins, Three to Two.

Minneapolis, Minn., July 10.—Minneapolis won a close game from Indianapolis by a score of 3 to 2 today. Fox's fielding was a feature. Score:

Minn.	R	H	P	A	E	Indianap.	R	H	P	A	E
Jones, cf	0	0	1	0	0	Corry, 2b	0	0	1	0	0
Sullivan, rf	0	1	0	0	0	Moran, as	0	1	0	2	3
Freeman, 1b	0	1	11	0	0	McCrry, cf	1	1	3	0	0
Casler, lf	0	0	1	0	0	Clarke, rf	0	0	1	0	0
Graham, as	0	1	0	2	1	Thoney, lf	0	2	0	0	0
Grem'er, 3b	1	0	3	0	0	Farrell, 2b	0	0	0	2	0
Fox, c	0	0	5	0	0	Bemis, 1b	0	0	10	0	0
Schmeich, c	0	0	1	0	0	Weaver, c	0	0	2	2	0
Stovall, p	0	0	2	0	4	Reid, p	0	0	1	3	0
Totals	3	3	27	10	5	Totals	2	5	24	11	0

Minneapolis	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	0	0—3
Indianapolis	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0—2

Two base hits—Graham, Friel. Bases on balls—Off Stovall, 6; off Reidy, 3. Struck out—By Stovall, 2. Umpires—Gifford and Haskell. Time—1:30. Attendance—2,500.

Columbus, 3; Kansas City, 2.

Kansas City, Mo., July 10.—Wrigley's two base hit in the tenth inning, followed by Pierce's slashing single, won today's game for Columbus. For six innings it was a pitchers' battle, with the runs, hits, and errors for each side standing as two, four, and one. Score:

Columbus	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1—3	1
Kansas City	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0—2	8

Batteries—Dorner and Pierce; Isbell and Butler.

Zearfoss Sold to Toledo.

St. Louis, Mo., July 10.—[Special.]—Catcher Dave Zearfoss has been sold to Toledo.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

AMERICAN LEAGUE	W.	L.	Pct.	NATIONAL LEAGUE	W.	L.	Pct.
CHICAGO	41	24	.631	New York	47	21	.713
Cleveland	42	26	.618	Pittsburg	46	26	.639
Philadelphia	43	28	.618	Philadelphia	43	29	.597
Detroit	33	36	.486	CHICAGO	37	36	.507
New York	33	36	.486	Cincinnati	28	35	.431
Boston	29	33	.468	St. Louis	27	47	.365
St. Louis	23	44	.343	Brooklyn	25	47	.347
Washington	20	44	.348	Boston	22	51	.301

AMERICAN LEAGUE.	W.	L.	Pct.
Minneapolis	49	27	.645
Columbus	47	30	.610
Milwaukee	45	30	.600
Indianapolis	36	37	.493
St. Paul	36	40	.474
Louisville	36	42	.462
Kansas City	27	48	.360
Toledo	23	54	.347

CENTRAL LEAGUE.	W.	L.	Pct.
Wheeling	45	22	.672
South Bend	43	30	.589
G. Rapids	38	31	.551
Evansville	40	33	.548
Dayton	36	34	.514
Ft. Wayne	32	40	.444
Springfield	27	42	.391
Terre Haute	20	47	.299

THREE EYES LEAGUE	W.	L.	Pct.
Dubuque	32	26	.571
Bloomington	32	29	.525
Springfield	30	29	.508
Davenport	29	27	.518
Rock Island	29	27	.518
Decatur	27	31	.466
Peoria	23	33	.418
Cedar Rapids	23	34	.404

WESTERN LEAGUE.	W.	L.	Pct.
Des Moines	43	24	.642
Denver	39	28	.582
Sioux City	37	37	.500
Omaha	36	40	.474
Col., Springs	31	40	.437
Pueblo	29	39	.426
St. Joseph	19	46	.292

Yesterday's Results.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Chicago, 4; Pittsburg, 1 [eight innings].
Boston, 3; Philadelphia, 2.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Philadelphia, 6; Cleveland, 3.
New York, 8; Detroit, 7.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

Minneapolis, 3; Indianapolis, 2.
Louisville, 6; St. Paul, 5.
Columbus, 3; Kansas City, 2 [ten innings].

THREE EYES LEAGUE.

Rock Island, 6; Bloomington, 1.

CENTRAL LEAGUE.

Terre Haute, 3; Springfield, 2 [first game].
Terre Haute, 7; Springfield, 0 [second game].
Wheeling, 8; South Bend, 2.
Grand Rapids, 3; Dayton, 2.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

Sioux City, 4; St. Joseph, 2.
Omaha, 2; Denver, 1 [first game].
Denver, 9; Omaha, 3 [second game].
Colorado Springs, 9; Des Moines, 7 [first game].
Des Moines, 9; Colorado Springs, 3 [second game].

IOWA LEAGUE.

Ottumwa, 9; Oskaloosa, 1.
Waterloo, 5; Fort Dodge, 3.
Marshalltown, 4; Boone, 3.

NORTHERN LEAGUE.

Superior, 6; Grand Forks, 1.
Duluth, 8; Winnipeg, 5.
Fargo, 6; Crookston, 5.

SOUTHERN LEAGUE.

Memphis, 4; Birmingham, 1.
Shreveport, 1; Atlanta, 0.
Montgomery, 8; New Orleans, 3.

SOO LEAGUE.

Calumet, 2; Hancock, 0.

Games Today.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Boston at Chicago.
Washington at St. Louis.
New York at Detroit.
Philadelphia at Cleveland.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Chicago at New York.
Pittsburg at Brooklyn.
Cincinnati at Boston.
St. Louis at Philadelphia.

MANY GAMES ARE SCHEDULED.

Intercity Baseball Association Arranges a Big List of Contests for Next Sunday.

The Intercity Baseball association met last night and arranged more than 100 games for next Sunday. Following are the games listed for next Sunday:

Marquettes and Normals, Spaldings and Leland Giants, West Ends and Streator Rats, Gunthers and Chicago White Soks and Athletics, Whiting Greys and Corpus Christi, White Giants and Neutrals, Hot Corns and Illinois Glass, Metropolitans and Morgans, Schoenhofens and Chicago Marconis, Gainor and Koehlers and Only Ways, Fortunes' Topas and Playenes, Grosses and Joliet Standards, East Side Maroons and Ivy Tents, East Side Maroons and Young Angels, Swifts, Bensons, Kixons and Chicago Independents, Eureka Athletics and Delmars, Kesley Malts and John Mohrs, Gano Unions and Packers, Kenwood Athletics, Birch Juniors and Reliance Athletics, Hyde Park Blues and Washington Athletics, Stony Island and Illinois Steel, Seneca and Crescents, Sheridans and Morgan Park Merrill Parks, Loudins and Tiogas, Frankels and Jefferson No. 2s, John R. Felix and Apollo Athletics, R. & W. Crescents and McKinley Athletics, Athletics and South Ends, Malt Sheaves and Wellingtons, White Sox and Felix Colts, North Stars and White Sox, Ottawa and Lincolnville Athletics, Linds and Morleys, Ping Pongs and Wabash Athletics, All Rose and Traceys, Stuckarts and Royal Athletics, Clarendons and Ashlands, Stores and Royal Socials, Firemen and White Stars, White Citys and Lake Views, Berry Athletics and Victors, Ciceros and Gordon Athletics, Grand Crossing Tacks and Skillers, Tunnels and Diamond Marines and Loudins Juniors, Englewood Blues and Red Shields, Milek Colts and Chicago Logans, Kilers at Summerdale, Zerfass and Winchesters, Novak & Sebista and Columbia Phonographs, Lynches and Websters, Austin Athletics and Rogers Parks, National Casket and Firemen Giants, Shavers and Wolfs, Colts, Nate Sugars and Reserves, Garfields and Chicago Examiners, Jordans and Osbornes, Victors and Kinseys, Peter Bigs and Athletic Four, Chicellic, Lexingtons and Washtenaws, Suchy's Colts and Microbes, Festines and Princetons, Chicago Blues and Peoples, Ravens, Stars and Moffets, Laurels and Optimos, Coulters and Nationals, Mills and Cedars, Pastimes and Primas.

Out of town games are:

South Chicagos at Dixon.
Chicago Union Giants at Thornsville.
Emmetts and Rockfords at Rockford.
Columbia Giants at Indiana Harbor.
Sexton & Youngs at Waukegan.
Oak Lee at La Salle.
C. V. Kaspens at Highland Park.
North Ends and Rhodes Athletics at Blue Island.
Toney Colts at Wheaton.
Blaines at Mokena.
Chicago Edgars at Garrett.
L. Kiper & Sons at Morton Grove.
Pullmans at Elmhurst.
Elmhurst Giants at Desplaines.

Following were the Saturday games arranged: Clinton and Quetzalcoatl Athletics and All Chicagos, Washington Athletics and Illinois Steels at Washington park, Eldridge and Logans at Jefferson park, Ravenswood Athletics and Summerdale and Hammers at Thirty-third street and Emerald avenue, Austin Colts at Maywood, Ill., S. Karpens and Chicago Crowns at Mineral Springs park, Candies at Woodstock, Ill., Chicago Edgars at Garrett, Ind., Toney's Colts and Reynolds at Washington park, Altamonts and Eclipses at McKinley park.

Ten new teams were registered at the meeting of the association last night, and while four games were scheduled for next Sunday. Following are the games:

Mt. Greenwoods and Columbias, Columbus Brewerys and Crystals, Sindelars and Kapsias Clothiers, O'Learys and Elstons, Curons and Subdivisions, Chicago Dents and Koops, Whipples and Longshoremen, Dombrows and Pasbodes, Trinitys and Young Cubs, Leachman Gray's and O'Sheas, Imperial Shirts and Kurik's Stars, Starlights and Huron Athletics, All-Stars and Peton, Ridgeways and Elmers, Imperial Shirts and Ogden Elks, Leonies and Park Rides, T. Lein Colts and Millers, Ogden Elks and Palatine, Dombrows and Pikers, Parsonages and Methodists, O'Learys and San Toys, Daslers and Crusaders, Dillon's Stars and Lambroes, Hamiltons and Catalpas, Gas Coits and Hays, Parks Kids and Stars, Stein Clothiers and Lake Shores, Stony Islands and Illinois Steels, Lionels and Archdales, Archdales and Elroys.

RESULTS IN THREE EYE LEAGUE.

Moore Is Off Color and Rock Island Scores a Victory Over Bloomington, Six to One.

Bloomington, Ill., July 10.—[Special.]—Moore pitched and fielded indifferently today and was hit hard, while Wilson pitched a masterly game and was given perfect support. Rock Island winning easily. Score:

Bloom'n.	R	H	P	A	E	R. Island.	R	H	P	A	E
Godwin, cf	0	0	2	0	0	Tanner, 2b	2	2	2	3	0
Sass, rf	0	0	0	0	0	Carlisle, cf	0	0	3	0	0
Herbert, 2b	0	2	3	0	0	Ruby, lf	0	1	2	0	0
Conners, lf	0	1	1	0	0	Sweeney, ss	1	2	1	2	0
Walters, 2b	0	1	2	2	0	Lister, 1b	0	0	8	1	0
Smith, 1b	0	1	12	2	0	Henline, rf	0	1	1	0	0
Snyder, ss	0	0	1	3	0	Chilcote, c	0	1	5	0	0
Donovan, c	0	0	5	1	0	McConnell, c	0	0	1	0	0
Moore, p	0	0	0	5	2	Wilson, p	0	1	1	3	0
Totals	1	5	27	19	4	Totals	6	10	27	11	0

Bloomington	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—1
Rock Island	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	3—6

Two base hits—Herbert, McConnell. Three base hits—Sweeney, Ruby. Stolen bases—Tanner, 2; by Wilson, 6. Time—1:30. Umpire—Milan.

RESULTS IN CENTRAL LEAGUE.

Terre Haute, Ind., July 10.—[Special.]—The reinvigorated Terre Haute team, with Hahn as leader from Springfield, playing in better form than it has shown in weeks. Dennis, the new manager, was in left field. Scores:

Terre Haute	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3—7	12	2
Springfield	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1—2	7	2

Batteries—Fleet and Curtis; Lundbook and Shannon.

SECOND GAME.

Terre Haute	0	0	4	0	3	0	0	0	0—7	11	1
Springfield	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0	2	2

Batteries—Smith and Curtis; Carriveau and Shannon.

AT WHEELING.

A lucky hit gave Wheeling the winning run in a close game with South Bend. Score:

Wheeling	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0—3	11	1
South Bend	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2—2	6	1

Batteries—Doyle and Schriver; Williams and Tieman.

AT DAYTON.

The winning streak of Dayton was broken by Grand Rapids, which won by bunching hits in the second inning. Score:

Dayton	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0—2	3	3
Grand Rapids	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0—2	6	1

Batteries—Smith and Hawkins; Miller and Andrews.

Louisville, 6; St. Paul, 5.

St. Paul, Minn., July 10.—O'Brien's error, Ferguson's wild pitch, and timely hitting by the opposing team lost the game for St. Paul today. Kenna was knocked out of the box in the seventh inning, Stecher taking his place and holding the locals safe for the rest of this game. Score:

St. Paul	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	0—5	11	4
Louisville	1	0	2	0	0	3	0	0	0—6	11	0

Batteries—Owsley and Meek; Eubanks and Clarke.

AT WATERLOO.

Waterloo	0	0	0	2	0	1	1	0	1—5	11	2
Fort Dodge	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0—3	7	1

Batteries—Owsley and Meek; Eubanks and Clarke.

AT BOONE.

Marshalltown	0	0	1	1	0	2	0	0	4—10	2
Boone	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—3	8

Batteries—Johnson, Disch and Bruggeman; Corsa, Sedgwick and Hallar.

RAIN PREVENTS THE LOCAL GAME.

White Stockings and Boston Kept Idle on Account of Wet Grounds.

CHAMPIONS ARE CRIPPLED

Cleveland Loses Opening Game to Athletics Through Errors; Score 6 to 3.

The weather man took a hand in baseball yesterday, and the opening game between the White Stockings and Boston champions at American league park was placed, on the postponed list. The heavy rains in the morning put the south side grounds in such bad shape that long before the time scheduled for the opening of the conflict the game was called off. Just after it was called off the sun shoved through the clouds, but it would have taken hours for the grounds to dry up.

The rain also militated against the morning practice of the White Stockings, and as a result the players were forced to spend the day in idleness. The men, however, are ready to tackle the champions and, weather permitting, the first game of the series will be played this afternoon.

Manager Collins' team is not in shape by a long ways, and despite the strenuous argument it gave the Athletics will not present its real strength today. Two of the players—Grimshaw, the big first baseman, and McGovern, the catcher—are on the sick list. Buck Freeman will hold down the initial sack.

Manager Collins probably will send "Cy" Young to the slab in an effort to pull out a victory in the first game. Altrock or Smith will do the pitching for the White Stockings.

Despite the postponement, Comiskey's men took a firmer hold on first place in the American league race, as the Athletics defeated Cleveland and drew to even terms with Lajoie's men. Between these two teams it will be a battle from now on for second place, while a defeat for the White Stockings and victory for either Philadelphia or Cleveland will drag the Chicago team back to second.

CHESBRO DEFEATS THE TIGERS.

Highlanders' Pitcher Allows Only Two Hits, and New York Trims Detroit, Three to Nothing.

Detroit, Mich., July 10.—Chesbro was master of the situation this afternoon, and not only shut out Detroit, but not one of the locals got to second base and only two to first. He allowed only two hits. His support was exceptional, Conroy robbing Crawford of a triple by a jump and one handed catch of a liner. Score:

Detroit.	R	H	P	A	E	New York.	R	H	P	A	E
Barrett, cf	0	0	1	0	0	Conroy, lf	1	1	2	0	0
O'Leary, ss	0	0	3	3	1	Keeler, rf	1	2	0	0	0
Williams, lf	0	0	1	0	0	Hemphill, cf	0	0	2	0	0
Crawford, rf	0	0	2	1	0	Williams, 2b	0	1	2	3	0
Coughlin, 3b	0	0	1	3	1	Chase, 1b	1	2	12	0	0
Jackson, 1b	0	0	11	0	0	Yeager, 3b	0	0	1	2	0
Lindsay, 1b	0	0	0	1	0	Ferris, c	0	0	7	0	0
Doran, c	0	0	3	4	0	McGuire, c	0	0	0	1	0
Killian, p	0	0	0	1	0	Chesbro, p	0	0	0	0	2
Totals	0	2	27	15	2	Totals	3	6	27	9	2

New York	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1—3
Detroit	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

Two base hits—Conroy, Crawford. Three base hits—Williams. Sacrifice hits—Elberfeld, Yeager [2]. Stolen bases—Chase. Base on balls—Off Killian, 1. Struck out—By Killian, 3; by Chesbro, 2. Time—1:35. Umpire—Connolly. Attendance—1,500.

Philadelphia, 6; Cleveland, 3.

Cleveland, O., July 10.—Philadelphia won the first game of the series from Cleveland. Bell pitched a fine game except in the first inning, when two doubles and two singles netted three runs. Cleveland tied the score in the fifth, but in the ninth errors by Stovall, Kahl, and Buelow gave Philadelphia three runs without a hit. Score:

Cleveland.	R	H	P	A	E	Philadel.	R	H	P	A	E
Jackson, lf	0	1	2	1	0	Thomas, lf	1	1	2	0	0
Bay, cf	0	0	2	0	0	Hoffman, cf	2	1	2	0	0
Flick, rf	0	1	2	0	0	Davis, 1b	1	2	10	1	0
Hinchman, 1b	0	1	9	0	0	Barry, ss	0	0	2	3	0
Bradley, 3b	0	1	0	3	0	Seybold, rf	0	0	2	0	0
Turner, ss	1	2	1	2	0	Murphy, 2b	0	1	2	3	0
Stovall, 2b	0	1	10	2	1	Schaefer, 3b	0	0	1	2	0
Buelow, p	0	0	0	1	0	Schreck, c	0	0	1	7	0
Joss, p	0	0	0	1	0	Coakley, p	1	0	1	3	0
Totals	1	6	27	10	1	Totals	6	6	27	11	0

Cleveland	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0	0—3
Philadelphia	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	x—5

Two base hits—Turner, Stovall, Flick, Bradley, Davis, Hoffman. Sacrifice hits—Bay, Seybold. Stolen base—Hartsel. Hit with ball—By Coakley, 1. Struck out—By Joss, 1; by Coakley, 4. Time—1:40. Umpires—Kelly and Connor. Attendance—4,500.

PULLIAM HAS A CASE TO DECIDE.

National League President to Fix Punishment of Tenney, Who Offended Umpire Klem.

Boston, Mass., July 10.—[Special.]—Umpire Klem has had a run-in with Manager Tenney of Boston. It seems that Mr. Klem did not like the way he was addressed by Mr. Tenney in the first game, and did not hesitate among the others that the appellation "fat head" suited him. Tenney will report Pulliam undertook to call Mr. Tenney down, and will dispose of his case today, the testimony having been forwarded to league headquarters.

Mr. Klem called the attention of Mr. Tenney that the decision of the umpire is final, but that is just where Tenney has the league president, for he claims that Klem changed his decision and called Titus' ball fair after he had called it foul, and to this Thomas and Titus of the Philadelphias will bear witness. Klem also claimed that Moran yelled foul when the ball was hit, and this Moran denies. Abbattichio claims that the umpire was not justified in sending him from the field.

Both teams are emphatic in their dissatisfaction with the umpiring. Klem, it is said, gave dissatisfaction in the west, and the players say Pulliam will have a tough job to bolster this man as he did August Moran a year ago.

FORT WAYNE MANAGER QUITS.

Petty Quarrel Leads to a Serious Disagreement in the Central Baseball League.

Dayton, O., July 10.—[Special.]—At a meeting of the Central league magnates here this afternoon Manager Mautner of the Fort Wayne team resigned and the club will be carried by the league until a town can be obtained that will take the franchise. The difficulty was precipitated by a dispute concerning a game recently played at Urbana between Fort Wayne and Springfield, in which the latter won. The league insisted it should be held as a scheduled game and Mautner contended it could not be so regarded, as the diamond was not within the regulations, being too short. Mautner consequently left the meeting, handing in his resignation.

$2,500 FOR A SECOND BASEMAN.

Cleveland Club Makes Offer for a Man to Fill Lajoie's Shoes Temporarily.

Cleveland, O., July 10.—[Special.]—"The Cleveland club will pay $2,500 for a first class second baseman. Having series with the eastern clubs or until Larry is back in the game again," said President Kilfoyl tonight. The club owners realize that all hopes for capturing the pennant will be shattered unless something is done at once to bolster up the infield. Kahl is playing an erratic game, and cannot be depended upon. His weakness already has cost the Naps several games, and unless he improves in his playing there is little chance the club owners think, of the team winning the pennant this year.

Many Games Postponed.

Games postponed yesterday because of rain or wet grounds were as follows: American league—Chicago and Boston, Washington and Philadelphia. National league—Brooklyn and New York. American association—Milwaukee and Toledo. Three Eyes league—Peoria and Dubuque, Decatur and Cedar Rapids, Springfield and Davenport. Central league—Fort Wayne and Evansville, Wisconsin league—Beloit and Oshkosh. K. I. I. league—All games.

IN THE IOWA LEAGUE.

Ottumwa, Ia., July 10.—[Special.]—Smith failed to fool the Ottumwa batsmen today, and Oskaloosa lost 9 to 1. Stillman was effective. Score:

Ottumwa	1	0	0	2	3	2	0	1	x—9	15	2
Oskaloosa	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0—1	4	3

Batteries—Stillman and Corbett; Smith and Heid.

AT WATERLOO.

Waterloo	0	0	0	2	0	1	1	1	0—5	11	2
Fort Dodge	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0—3	7	1

Batteries—Owsley and Meek; Eubanks and Clarke.

AT BOONE.

Marshalltown	0	0	1	1	0	2	0	0	4—10	2
Boone	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—3	8

Batteries—Johnson, Disch and Bruggeman; Corsa, Sedgwick and Hallar.

KISER BEST AT ST. PAUL.

WINS THE FEATURE EVENTS AT THE AUTOMOBILE CARNIVAL.

Captures the Final Heat of the Intercity Championship Contest and Both The Five Mile Invitation and Five Mile Open—Chevrolet's Machine Breaks Down in His Race with Oldfield—Latter Scores Fast Time—Two Minor Accidents.

St. Paul, Minn., July 10.—Earl Kiser came off

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DEATHS.

WAGNER—July 10, beloved infant of Joseph and Helena Wagner, nee Mayworm. Funeral from parents' residence, 1390 Ogden-av., Tuesday, July 11, at 1 p. m., to Montfice cemetery.

WILLIAMS—July 10, Ellen, widow of the late John. Funeral Wednesday, 2538 Union-av., at 9 a. m., to Church of Nativity, carriages to Calvary.

WOOD—Funeral services for George E. Wood will be held at his late residence, 2801 Prairie-av., Wednesday, at 2 p. m. Interment in Graceland; private. Friends kindly omit flowers.

FUNERAL TRAINS.

MOUNT HOPE CEMETERY FUNERAL TRAIN by Grand Trunk R. R. leaves Polk-st. depot (Polk and Dearborn-sts.) daily at 12 m.

OFFICIAL WEATHER FORECAST.

OFFICE OF CHIEF OF WEATHER BUREAU, Washington, July 10.—Forecast for Tuesday and Wednesday:

Illinois and Indiana—Showers and thunder storms Tuesday and Wednesday; warmer Wednesday, light north winds, diminishing.

Ohio—Showers Tuesday, cooler in central and south portions, Wednesday showers, light to fresh northeast winds.

Lower Michigan—Fair in the north, showers in the south portion Tuesday, Wednesday fair and warmer, light southeast winds.

Upper Michigan—Fair and warmer Tuesday and Wednesday, light south winds, increasing.

Missouri—Showers Tuesday, except fair in northwest portion. Wednesday fair, probably showers in south portion and warmer.

North Dakota, South Dakota, and Nebraska—Fair Tuesday and Wednesday, warmer in the east portion Tuesday.

Minnesota—Fair Tuesday and Wednesday, light variable winds.

Wisconsin—Fair and warmer in the north, showers in the south portion Tuesday and Wednesday, variable winds.

Place of observation. Time taken: July 10, 7 p. m.	Thermometer.	Max. temp.	Direction of wind.	Rainfall in 24 hours.	State of weather.
Abilene	78	80	N.W.	....	Clear
Albany	74	88	N.	....	Fair
Alpena	60	68	S.E.	....	Clo'dy
Atlanta	70	84	S.E.	1.28	Rain
Amarillo	76	80	E.	....	Clear
Battleford	68	72	Calm	....	Clear
Bismarck	74	86	S.	....	Clear
Buffalo	64	86	S.	....	Clear
Boston	66	76	N.E.	.02	Fair
Calgary	76	92	W.	Tr.	Fair
Cairo	70	74	S.E.	1.00	Clo'dy
Charles City	70	74	S.W.	....	Fair
Charlotte	68	76	S.E.	....	Clear
Cheyenne	76	84	N.	.08	Clo'dy
Chicago	66	74	N.E.	....	Clear
Cincinnati	66	70	N.	.70	Clo'dy
Cleveland	64	88	S.E.	Tr.	Rain
Concordia	74	76	N.E.	.01	Fair
Davenport	72	76	W.	....	Clear
Denver	62	62	E.	.18	Clo'dy
Des Moines	66	70	E.	....	Clear
Detroit	66	74	N.E.	.38	Clo'dy
Devils Lake	74	76	S.	....	Fair
Dodge	76	86	S.	....	Clear
Dubuque	64	68	E.	.01	Clo'dy
Duluth	72	78	S.W.	....	Clear
El Paso	76	88	S.W.	....	Clear
Edmonton	60	66	N.E.	.44	Fair
Escanaba	66	68	S.E.	....	Fair
Galveston	76	86	S.	....	Clear
Grand Rapids	66	68	S.E.	.22	Clo'dy
Green Bay	66	68	E.	....	Clo'dy
Havre	76	86	S.W.	....	Clear
Helena	88	90	N.W.	....	Clear
Huron	74	78	N.W.	....	Clear
Indianapolis	68	72	S.E.	.60	Clo'dy
Jacksonville	80	88	S.E.	.04	Clo'dy
Kansas City	68	72	N.E.	.34	Clo'dy
Little Rock	72	76	S.W.	.30	Clo'dy
Los Angeles	76	76	S.W.	....	Fair
Madison	68	72	N.E.	.04	Clo'dy
Marquette	58	62	N.E.	....	Clear
Memphis	76	74	S.E.	.28	Clear
Medicine Hat	84	94	N.	....	Clear
Milwaukee	66	68	E.	.40	Clo'dy
Minnedosa	74	86	N.	....	Fair
Montgomery	74	86	S.E.	.60	Clo'dy
Montreal	62	72	S.E.	....	Clear
Moorhead	76	80	S.W.	....	Clear
Nashville	70	82	S.E.	1.12	Rain
New Orleans	80	84	S.E.	....	Clear
New York City	70	88	S.	2.56	Clear
Norfolk	76	86	S.	.28	Clear
North Platte	74	78	S.	Tr.	Clear
Oklahoma	74	76	S.	....	Clear
Omaha	70	74	N.E.	....	Clo'dy
Palestine	76	78	N.W.	....	Clear
Parkersburg	76	78	N.W.	....	Clear
Philadelphia	82	90	S.W.	....	Clear
Pittsburg	78	90	N.	.14	Fair
Pueblo	90	92	N.E.	....	Clear
Qu'Appelle	76	74	N.E.	....	Clo'dy
Rapid City	82	94	S.E.	....	Clear
San Francisco	58	58	W.	....	Clear
St. Louis	70	78	S.E.	1.06	Clo'dy
St. Paul	78	80	S.W.	....	Clear
Salt Lake City	82	94	N.	....	Clear
San Antonio	82	84	N.	....	Clear
San Diego	68	68	W.	....	Clo'dy
Ste. Marie	64	74	S.E.	....	Clo'dy
Springfield, Ill.	68	72	E.	.60	Clo'dy
Springfield, Mo.	90	62	N.	.01	Clo'dy
Vicksburg	76	76	S.W.	Tr.	Clear
Washington	78	86	S.	....	Clear
White River	72	76	S.W.	....	Fair
Wichita	72	74	N.	....	Clear
Williston	74	90	S.	....	Clear
Winnipeg	80	86	S.	....	Fair

WEATHER IN CHICAGO.

The temperature as observed yesterday by L. Manasse, optician, 88 Madison street, Tribune Building, is as follows: Thermometer—8 a. m., 64; 9 a. m., 64; 10 a. m., 65; 11 a. m., 66; 1 p. m., 70; 3 p. m., 70; 6 p. m., 68. Barometer, 8 a. m., 29.49; 6 p. m., 29.45.

OFFICIAL DEATH RECORD.

THE FOLLOWING BURIAL PERMITS WERE issued yesterday by the health department:

Brady, Edward, 10; 6834 Bishop-st.; July 8.
Becker, Helen, 7; 1127 Leavitt-st.; July 8.
Bloeszyk, Bolistawi; 8718 Saginaw-av.; July 9.
Clack, William, 29; 372 Ferdinand-st.; July 4.
Carndon, John, 53; 288 N. Robey-st.; July 8.
Doring, Jane, 11 days; 4863 Evanston-av.; July 8.
Flynn, Cornelia, 12 days; 16 Evanston-av.; July 9.
Gallitver, W. C., 2; 447 George-st.; July 9.
Gross, Lottie, 1; 312 W. Chicago-av.; July 8.
Gillooley, Thomas, 75; Home for the Aged; July 7.
Gregico, Paul, 6 months; 109 Hilton-av.; July 9.
Hull, Leverett L., 58; 12 Washington-pl.; July 8.
Hart, baby, 1 day; 4346 Vincennes-av.; July 8.
Hennessey, Anna, 16; 82 26th-pl., July 7.
Hicks, John, 42; 4762 Armour-av.; July 7.
Haim, Olois, 1; 529 Wood-st.; July 10.
Judd, Ella A., 61; 135 Chicago-av.; July 8.
Klompeye, Ann, 81; Home for the Aged; July 8.
Lee, Karl, 1; 1105 Keizie-av., July 8.
Lubbuss, Melton, 11 days; 594 Christiana-av., July 8.
Lippner, Margaret, 54; 6036 Loomis-st.; July 6.
Lewpouski, John, 32; 8313 Buffalo-av.; July 1.
Lawler, Mary, 53; 5381 N. Morgan-st.; July 8.
Lange, Lucy, 1 day; 1220 N. Leavitt-st.; July 8.
Mosley, Henry A., 40; Emergency hospital, July 8.
Miller, Paul W., 3 days; Park Avenue hospital, July 8.
McDermott, Mary, 53; 180 Washington-blvd., July 8.
McConnyn, F. R., 26; 1172 W. Harrison-st., July 4.
Moscinski, May, 40; 74 Barber-st., July 7.
McGarey, Catherine, 5 months; 2702 Emerald-av., July 8.
Meany, John J., 15; 2963 Lyman-st., July 8.
Nabrinsky, Sidney, 1; 516 W. 14th-st., July 9.
Olson, Carl A. E., 6; 6934 Justine-st., July 9.
Perreault, Mary, 66; 4228 Western-av., July 8.
Pierce, Edward R., 3; 1001 Hamlin-av., July 8.
Reid, William C., 46; 4179 St. Louis-av., July 9.
Roden, John P., 42; 28023 Emerald-av., July 8.
Sopkin, Henry, 2 months; 25 Johnson-st., July 8.
Stuck, George O., 8; 1107 Wolcott-av., July 9.
Severson, Lydia, 58; 1600 Fairfield-av., July 9.
Stramm, Mary, 2 months; 633 40th-pl., July 8.
Skowries, Kate, 26; 3167 Emerald-av., July 4.
Snyder, Freddie, 1 month; St. Vincent's asylum, July 7.
Shipley, Joseph K., 56; Cook county infirmary, July 8.
Terryberry, Bessie, 24; 82 22d-st., July 9.
Tucker, Gladis, 1; 538 W. 18th-st., July 9.
Vincento, Margaret, 2 months; St. Vincent's asylum, July 7.
Wood, George, 62; 204 W. Monroe-st., July 1.
Witt, Frank S., 25; 5867 Normal-av., July 7.
William, Ola, 31; 2118 Armour-av., July 8.
Zangsulis, Stanis, 10 mo.; 579 Jefferson-st., July 8.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

THE FOLLOWING CORPORATIONS WERE chartered yesterday by the secretary of state in Springfield, Ill.:

Educational Institute, Chicago; capital, $2,500; operate schools; printing, publishing; incorporators, C. C. Gilbert, D. D. Stansbury, and G. W. Ford.

Solarsky-Ostrovsky Metal company, Chicago; capital, $2,000; junk; incorporators, M. Stolarsky, S. Ostrovsky, and A. Tsaac.

Phillip Lacy and company, Chicago; capital, $5,000; printing, publishing, lithographing; incorporators, Paul A. Hazard, Wm. A. Rogan, Phillip Lacy.

Jewett Bigelow & Brooks Coal company, Chicago; capital, $25,000; mine coal; incorporators, C. S. Jefferson, W. D. Millard, C. L. Warren.

Home Furnishing company, Freeport; capital, $2,000; house furnishings, merchandise; incorporators, August J. Stukenbusg, Samuel S. Jourdan, and Arthur J. O'Neill.

Havana Fishing company, Havana; capital, $5,000; fishing, operating boats, game; incorporators, John Dixon Jr., J. Howard Shaw, and Arthur M. Orman.

Oak Park Liquor company, Chicago; capital, $5,000; deal in liquors; incorporators, Louis H. Kuhlmann, Anna Kuhlmann, and Rilla M. Kuhlmann.

Brick Pavers' union, not for profit; mutual protection; incorporators, Ted. Scully, Lem. Chester, and Frank Smith.

White Hall Condensed Milk company, White Hall; capital stock decreased from $30,000 to $20,000.

Griffiths & Quinn company, Chicago; name changed to Quinn Supply company.

HEALTH DEPARTMENT ON WATER

USABLE LAKE VIEW — USABLE CHICAGO AVE. — USABLE 14TH ST. — USABLE HYDE PARK

Ashland avenue station, bad; all others, usable.

Lake View tunnel supplies territory north of Belmont avenue except Norwood Park and Rogers Park.

Carter H. Harrison tunnel supplies territory south of Belmont avenue to Forty-seventh street, west of Western avenue.

Chicago avenue tunnel supplies territory south of Belmont avenue to Forty-seventh street, east of Western avenue, except the area east of Canal street.

Four mile tunnel supplies area south of the Chicago river, east of Canal street, and north of Forty-seventh street.

Hyde Park tunnel supplies territory south of Forty-seventh street.

The boundaries of these areas fluctuate a few hundred feet, according to the varying pressure at the pumping stations.

UNDERTAKERS.

J. WHITTIER BUFFUM 120 YEARS WITH THE late C. H. Jordan; undertaker. 1722 Wabash-av. Tel. South 953.

POSTLEWAIT, UNDERTAKER, 322 OGDEN-AV. We don't say much; we just do business; 5 stores.

MONUMENTS.

CHAS. G. BLAKE & CO., 719 WOMAN'S TEMPLE, reliable makers of monuments and mausoleums.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—PURSE, WITH MONEY, KEYS, AND watch, monogram J. B. D. Return watch and keys to Auditorium Annex and receive $5 reward. No questions.

LOST—WATCH FOB; NEAR STATE AND JACKSON; monogram "D"; will pay reward more than value of same account associations; return to H. J. ELLIOTT, R. 203, Ry. Exchange Bldg.

LOST—SUNDAY, BROOCH CONTAINING DIAmond and 18 pearls, on Jackson-blvd. Central Park-av., or Congress. Phone Main 3675, or address S 375, Tribune office. Liberal reward.

LOST—BETWEEN MARSHALL FIELD'S annex and State, diamond stone; $10 reward if returned to 3300 State-st.

LOST—LADIES' GOLD WATCH; LETTER "F" on front; lost in Clark-st., between Goethe and Division; 6 p. m. Monday; reward. 392 N. State-st.

LOST—ON WEDNESDAY, JULY 5TH, LADY'S gold watch and fob. Liberal reward if returned to J. S. FILBERT, Room 1220 Tribune Bldg.

LOST—SMALL BROWN AND WHITE DOG with short tail; return 314 45th-st.; liberal reward. Phone Gray 5772.

LOST—WATCH, SAN SOUCI PARK, JULY 4; reward. 230 Bowen-av., Flat 21.

PERSONAL.

PERSONAL—XX.: YOUR LETTER, JULY 9TH, received. Want to meet you. Send word, time, and place. Box 71, Waukegan.

PERSONAL—REJECTED SUNDAY. CLAIM your own Jacob. RACHEAL.

BUSINESS PERSONALS.

DIAMONDS ON CREDIT

By the original Loftis way. Come today and open your account for what you want. You can take your selection on only a small first payment. Balance monthly or weekly. We have a large assortment of Watches on credit. Save a Diamond. Win a heart. Call or write for Catalog—1000 illustrations. Open daily to 6:30 p. m. Wednesdays and Saturdays to 10 p. m.

LOFTIS BROS. & CO.,

Diamond Cutters—Jewelers—Opticians.
Sd Fl. Stewart Bldg., 92 to 98 State-st.
Wilmer's Highest Award St. Louis Exposition.

PERSONAL—I KNOW!
Are you in need of information?
I will set you right.
Questions of all kinds answered promptly, accurately. Technical knowledge imparted.
Nothing too deep, too wide but that I can enlighten you on it.
Questions of a common nature answered—inclose 10c or stamps.
Questions of a technical character, 25c, or stamps.
Address EDWARD M. JACOBS, 124 Dearborn-st., Chicago, Ill.

PERSONAL—YOUR TENDER FEET WANT A square deal and a chance; that's all. You can do them justice by using PETERSON'S ANTISEPTIC TENDER-FOOT SHOES. Our catalogue explains. M. F. PETERSON & CO., 164 Fifth-av.

PERSONAL — WINES — LIQUORS — JOS. FREY'S stores are not saloons. They are strictly bottle and bulk goods shops. Ladies' patronage solicited as well as gentlemen's. 267 Wabash-av., 2d door S. Clark. 2187 S. 2187-ST.

PERSONAL—ROACHES, BUGS, RATS EXTERminated from your premises under guaranteed contract. Call, write, or Phone Wabash 1218. FREDERICK PERES & CO., 427 State-st.

PERSONAL—SUPERFLUOUS HAIR PERMAnently removed by the electric needle; 16 years' experience. ANNA BERT, M. D., 1407 Auditorium Bldg., theater entrance. Phone 4226 Harrison.

PERSONAL—SUPERFLUOUS HAIR PERMAnently and painlessly removed by the electric needle; scientific facial treatments. E. BURNHAM, 70 and 72 State-st.

PERSONAL—SUPERFLUOUS HAIR REMOVED permanently and without pain by the electric needle; years of experience. Hygienic Manufacturing Co., Suite 312 Republic Bldg., State and Adams-sts.

PERSONAL—$350—THERE WILL BE AN OPportunity within the next week or two to make from $300 to $400 on a small $15 capital; no canvassing, soliciting, or demonstrating required. Address O 341, Tribune office.

PERSONAL—WANTED — SUPERINTENDENT of a specialty manufacturing and selling corporation, having branch office in cities of the U. S.; must invest $3,000. P. O. Box 870, Chicago, Ill.

PERSONAL—MRS. SCOTT, HAIRDRESSER, manicuring, shampooing, facial massage, scalp treatment. Mr. Scott, Chiropodist, expert treatment, no pain. 604 Stewart Building, 92 State-st.

PERSONAL—DO YOU WANT TO ENJOY GOOD health? Then ask your druggist for Dr. Wonne's Gesundheits Tea; experience has built this. 4634 Ravenswood-av.

PERSONAL—EVA ALLEN MFG. CO., 147 State. Retailers everything ladies' apparel; special sale this week 2 piece house dress, 79c.

PERSONAL — DRUNKENNESS AND DRUG habit cured. DR. M. HARRIS, 2403 Main Sanitarium, Edison Park. Free booklet.

PERSONAL—HAIR, MOLES, RED NOSE, PIMples, scars, etc., a specialty. Electrolysis Dr. N. F. Electrolysis Co., 39 State-st., City.

PERSONAL—MANICURING, SCALP TREATment, superfluous hair removed. MISS DAVIS, R. 200, 26 E. Van Buren-st.

PERSONAL—SHOES FOR THE LAME. DOCtors recommend them. Send for catalogue. 54 Fifth-av., Chicago.

PERSONAL—E.&D. RODGERS, M. D., DEXTER Bldg., 84 Adams-st., specialist. Diseases and disfigurements of the skin. Hours 9 to 5.

PERSONAL—DR. DUNCAN, 180 DEARBORN-st., 36 Oct. throat, nose, eye, and ear; glasses at cost. Consultation free.

PERSONAL—WICKS. PRIVATE DETECTIVE. 1800 Wabash-av. Phone 614 South. Estab. 1871.

PERSONAL—MME. NORRELL, ELECTROLysis, facial, chiropody. 31 Dearborn.

PERSONAL—FISH, BIRDS, ANIMALS. REPAIR taxidermist, 89 Madison, R. 8. Phone Cent. 813.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN OF NINE years' experience in general office work as chief clerk for two corporations, wishes to better himself and will accept position on low salary to start with where there is future prospects; have lived in Chicago all my life and can furnish best of references. Address O 481, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—EXPERIENCED SECretary, manager, and expert accountant, 12 years in factory, railroad, advertising, and insurance, at present credit man in large corporation, with thorough knowledge of methods; wishes to connect with first class firm with opportunity of becoming permanently interested; salary $1225. S 73, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED — ENERGETIC, RELIable man, 29, at present employed as correspondent; capable of taking charge of all details connected with office work; 7 years' exp.; ref. and bond. Address O 349, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—OFFERING ADVANCEment, by young man; good penman; thorough knowledge of D. B. bookkeeping; mod. salary to start. Address S 83, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—HAVE YOU EMPLOYment for an experienced R. R. and gen. office clerk (age 23), foreman only? Highest references. Address P 225, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—MARRIED MAN, AGE 30, thoroughly experienced in grocery and cigars and general office work; can give A1 references; is accept any business offered. S 5, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN OF 24 desires permanent situation as assistant bookkeeper or office clerk; moderate salary; experienced; references. Address P 224, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN WISHES position as bookkeeper or assistant; 12 years' exp. Best references. Reasonable salary at start. Address M 318, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—EXPERIENCED MAN, 5 years old, wishes position as bookkeeper, cashier, credit man, or manager. C 435, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BOOKKEEPER DEsires clerical duties three evenings each week; honest and energetic; age 24; ref. S 295, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED — AS BOOKKEEPER, by clean, neat young man; also good salesman; will work reasonable. L 426, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—ORDER OR SHIPPING clerk, young man, 21 years old, 3 years' experience. Address S 202, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — BY EXPERT BOOKkeeper to write up, adjust, and audit books, temporarily. Address S 351, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—PERMANENT POSItion; experienced bookkeeper and office man; $12. Address O 408, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—ENTRY CLERK, A1 footer, extender, wants steady position; salary $15. Address S 300, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — FIRST CLASS BOOKkeeper, now employed; good reasons for changing. Address P 271, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN, 22, MARried; clerical work preferred; quick at figures; 5 years' experience; refs. S 257, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — BY YOUNG MAN AS bookkeeper or assistant, age 20; refs.; have had 3 years' banking exp. S 298, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BOOKKEEPER AND accountant wishes to make change about Sept. 1. Address S 96, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BOOKS OPENED, closed, kept weekly or monthly. S 94, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY BOOKKEEPER, evenings and Sundays. S 295, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—MIDDLE AGED MAN, general office exp.; steady habits. M 361, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—D. E. BOOKKEEPER; reliable man, 40. A1 ref. $12. M 450, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—CLERK AND STENOGrapher; 5 hours afternoons. O 206, Tribune office.

Accountants.

SITUATION WANTED—WILL AUDIT OR KEEP books. SPENCER, 571 E. 51st-st. Drexel 6355.

Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

SITUATION WANTED—A YOUNG MAN SPEAKing English, German, French, with finest city bank references and familiar with European trade conditions seeks position with large export firm as European salesman and is confident of being highly successful. Address P 117, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY COMPETENT, ENergetic, and reliable salesman with executive ability and A1 references, to represent manufacturer, wholesale or retail trade; has large department store following. Address O 301, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN, 25, OF good address, wants position with coal firm; 3 years' experience as traveling salesman; best references. Address S 82, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — AS TRAVELING salesman. Sold wagons for the last 18 years for a large factory. Good references. Address M 296, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS TAILORING SALESman; English and American experience; disengaged. Address L 367, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—EXPERIENCED SPEcialty salesman wishes to change position Aug. 1. 1814 Wrightwood-av.

SITUATION WANTED—6 YEARS' ROAD EXPErience, one firm; no objection to long trips; best of city references. Address S 295, Tribune office.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

SITUATION WANTED — I WANT TO MEET the individual or firm who require the services of a high class salesman, and who do not labor under the 20th century misapprehension that a man of 60 years, in perfect physical and sound mental condition, is "all in." If you want a man who can sell goods and to people who will meet their obligations, I can fill the bill. My many years of selling experience may save you money. Experience costs money and years to obtain. This I have; a young man may get his experience at your expense. Which is preferable? City or road. Highest references. Fair salary. J. M. BROWNE, 6243 Monroe-av.

SITUATION WANTED — TRAVELING SALESman, having 18 years' experience as patent medicine salesman, large acquaintance with retail druggists and jobbers through Ill., Ind., and Ohio, would handle a special line on salary, commission, and expenses. Address L 506, Tribune office.

Boys.

SITUATION WANTED—BRIGHT BOY, 17 YRS.; in real estate office. Address O 532, Tribune.

Trades.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A COMPETENT general electrician and dynamo tender; 8 years' experience. Good references. S. LUNDGREN, 3133 Wentworth-av.

SITUATION WANTED—BY HEATING ENGINeer with wide experience in steam and hot water heating, as superintendent of construction or draftsman; experienced estimater. P 425, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN WITH some experience at bricklaying; very interested and willing; would like work in suburbs. Address M 310, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—PAINTER, PAPER hanger, works reasonable for owner, and willing to do work in exchange for anything useful. 3208 Wentworth-av.

SITUATION WANTED—STRUCTURAL ENGINeer with executive ability; experienced detailer, checker, designer, estimator, contracting and correspondent; can take charge. P 72, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY FIRST CLASS NONunion painter, calciminer, paperhanger. Address M 475, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—ON PIECE WORK IN mechanical or patent office line by experienced draftsman. Address P 92, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—PRACTICAL PAINTER and paperhanger, well equipped with tools, will work reasonable for owners. O 278, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—MECHANICAL AND electrical draftsman, where ability and push are appreciated. S 81, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — AS DRAFTSMAN; INexperienced; money no object; age 23 years. Address W D 172, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—STATIONARY ENGIneer; A1 refs.; will leave city. M 432, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—PAPER FURNISHED, hung $2.50 room. SICKNER, 757 N. Park-av.

House Servants.

SITUATION WANTED—BY NO. 1 JAPANESE butler and valet or houseman in private residence; city or resort; good references. Address P 71, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — AS BUTLER, HOUSEman, and valet; experienced; in highly respectable family; references. Address L 588, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED — EXPERIENCED houseman and take care of garden, lawn, flowers; city references. Address M 117, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY RELIABLE COLored man as butler or valet. J. H. O., 2214 Dearborn-st.

SITUATION WANTED—BY FIRST CLASS JAPanese butler; completely experienced; best references. Address O 351, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY HIGH CLASS CHInese cook in kitchen only of private family; best of references. Address S 124, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—RELIABLE JAPAnese, houseman, care auto; good ref. 3906 Cottage Grove.

SITUATION WANTED — BY JAPANESE BUTler or houseman; trustworthy. L 427, Tribune.

Coachmen, Teamsters, Etc.

SITUATION WANTED — BY COACHMAN; A good, steady, sober man, who understands his business thoroughly; best city refs. as to ability and character. Address M 183, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—COACHMAN, SWEDE; first class; years' exp.; A1 refs. S 305, Tribune.

Stenographers.

SITUATION WANTED—OUT OF CITY BY young man; eight years' experience as stenographer, bookkeeper, and cashier; good references; bond if desired. Address O 366, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—TEMPORARY OR PERmanent; 3 years' experience; law, real estate, bank, general reporting; excellent English education; $100. Address M 374, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—PRIVATE SECRE-tary, expert stenographer; gentleman, 27; highest references from present employer and others. Address O 289, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BRIGHT YOUNG MAN, age 16, beginner in stenography; good handwriting; salary, $6. Address M 293, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—GOOD, RAPID, AND accurate stenographer; 5 years' railroad and mfg. experience; good refs.; age 23. O 243, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN, STEnographer and secretary; 3 years' experienced; capable. Address S 254, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—COMPETENT YOUNG man, three years' experience, college graduate, stenographer and bookkeeper. S 298, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED — STENO., CORSPNT., law stu.; college grad.; reliable; $10. M 194, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — STENOGRAPHER; 26 yrs.; 3 yrs.' exp.; refs.; $15. S 308, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—STENO. EXPERIENCED; references; $10 per week. P 66, Tribune.

Miscellaneous.

SITUATION WANTED—AS DAY OR NIGHT watchman, in a position of trust, by a strong, healthy man of irreproachable character and habits; can give best of references and bond if necessary. Address M 518, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — A HUSTLING YOUNG man, fine literary and legal education, desires position with real estate or law firm, with chance to advance; wages no object to start. Address O 398, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — EXPERIENCED JANItor wants position; married; no children; understands steam heat and hot water boilers; handy with tools; under $40 not considered; best reference. Address L X 298, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—ADV. MGR., WRITER with 10 years' experience in newspaper and trade journal business depts. and mfg. lines; good prospects considered better than present salary; interview will convince. Address P 144, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY CHAUFFEUR WHO knows how to run and repair gasoline machine; willing to do other work; best of references; city or country. Address O 349, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—DO YOU NEED YOUNG man who will prove a broadminded, hustling employe? Let me sell you my services. Unquestionable references furnished. Address S 294, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED — YOUNG MAN UNIversity education, well recommended, desires position with opportunity to study; wages no object.

WANT D—FEMALE HELP.

Stenographers.

STENOGRAPHER—UNDERWOOD MACHINE; must assist on books; good penman; permanent position if qualified; $8 to start. S 251, Tribune.

STENOGRAPHER—YOUNG LADY BEGINner, with some speed; short hours; $6 to start. French Flower Co., 146 S. Water-st., cor. Clark.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPEWRITER—LADY; in wholesale house; must be experienced. Apply 250 E. Madison-st.

STENOGRAPHER—LADY—EXPERIENCED; $8, advancement. 600, 108 E. Randolph.

Miscellaneous.

BRIGHT GIRL FOR INSPECTING UNDERwear; wages $4 per week to start. Colonial Knitting Mills, cor. Milwaukee-ave. and Division-st.

GIRLS OVER 16 YEARS OLD, TO WRAP candy; gum; quick wrapping can make good wages. Call at American Chicle Co., 1519 Wabash-av.

LADY'S MAID—WHITE OR COLORED; MUST know how to sew; take laundry home; hours, 9 a. m. to 6 p. m.; no Sundays. Inquire Clerk Union Hotel, 111 Randolph-st.

Employment Agencies.

STENOGRAPHERS — TWO, REM. $12
Stenographers, 4, Oliver, Rem., and Smith, $8, 10
Stenographers and bookkeepers, two.....$12, 15
Bookkeepers, two, good.....$12
Office ladies.....$8 Typewriters.....8
Merchants' Clerical Exchange, 903, 108 La Salle-st.

WE WANT SOME FIRST CLASS STENOGRAphers of neat appearance for temporary and permanent positions; $8 to $18.
UNDERWOOD TYPEWRITER COMPANY,
133 Wabash-av.

"LET MORRELL AGENCY HELP YOU" TO A good position. No job no pay. 48 S. Clark-st.

AUTOMOBILES.

30 H. P., $3,500. "AUSTIN" 35 H. P., $3,000.
AUTOMOBILE
4 speeds forward and reverse
Sliding gear transmission.
The ladies are enraptured with its beauty and the men are satisfied with its mechanical perfection.
Cars ready for delivery.
G. W. SEXTON,
CHICAGO AGENT.
247 Wabash-av. Chicago, Ill.

THE GUARANTEED TALE—16 H. P. LIGHT touring car, carrying 5 passengers; $850; speed, 35 miles per hour; 16 h. p. runabout, $650; it is guaranteed during summer season against repairs. Cars rented. Yale Automobile Co., 1413 Michigan-av. Phone S. 1278.

OBSERVATION CARS, FREIGHT TRUCKS, DELIVERY WAGONS FOR SALE, RENT, CARS STORED.
CHICAGO AUTO SERVICE CO.,
252-254 EAST OHIO-ST.

AUTOMOBILE TOPS.
Specialties also on Drip Aprons.
Tire covers. Lamp covers.
AUTO CAPE TOP CO.
Phone 4972 Harr. 241 Wabash-av.

FOR SALE — OUTSIDE OPERATED WOODS brougham, morocco trimmed; very fine; reason for selling, owner abroad. Apply Little Giant Storage Battery Co., 1255 Michigan-av., Chicago.

FOR SALE—40 H. P. THOMAS FLYER WITH top; 1905 model; bargain. Apply Little Giant Storage Battery company, 1255 Michigan-av.

FOR SALE—BEAUTIFUL POPE-WAVERLY electric sunshine. Call and see it. Hansel, 13 Eldredge-ct.

FOR SALE—HATNER-APPERSON, WITH TONneau; elegant condition. YALE, 1413 Michigan-av.

AUTOS To RENT
H. G. McGAUGHY
Phone Har. 1106. 1440 Wabash-av.

TALK TO GREER ABOUT RENTING A HIGH grade 1905 side entrance automobile, by the hour or day. Phone So. 507, 1421 Michigan-av.

INFLATE YOUR TIRES FREE; AUTOMOBILE supplies at right prices. The Motor Car Supply Co., 1437 Michigan-av. Phone Harr. 2500.

AUTO SUPPLIES AND ACCESSORIES OF every description. The Automobile Supply Co., 1239 Michigan-av.

HIGH GRADE AUTOMOBILES TO RENT BY the day. MOREY & CO., 1326 Michigan-av. Phone South 1042.

FOR SALE—4 CYLINDER 4 CYCLE 54½X6 GASoline engine for large touring car, auto boat, or launch; bargain. W. B., 122 S. Hoyne-av.

AUTOMOBILES, FLASH STEAMERS; NEW and second hand. Bargains. 1210 Michigan-av.

WANTED—TOURING CAR—CHEAP AND IN good condition. 452 60th-st. Phone H. Pk. 922.

ACCOUNTANTS.

JUDD, SCHMIDT, PALMER & COMPANY, 1008 ASHLAND BLOCK. CENTRAL 2500.

H. F. SPENGLER, 1461 MONADNOCK BLOCK—Accountant and auditor. Tel. Harrison 4686.

AUCTION SALES.

WILLIAMS, BARKER & SEVERN CO., 185-187 Wabash-av.; general auctioneers. Sales at store every Wednesday and Saturday, 10 a. m. Furniture, carpets, gen. household goods. Tel. 2109 Cent.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

South Side.

4707 VINCENNES-AV.—LARGE, AIRY, HANDsomely furnished rooms for gentlemen only; breakfast if desired; bath; electric running water in rooms; fine bathroom; 2 acres of lawn, with shade; wide porches, awnings, tennis court, and ground floor; reference. Tel. Kenwood 1067.

5146 EAST END-AV. NEAR CHICAGO BEACH Hotel—Neatly furnished rooms; good home table; modern detached house, overlooking lake; immense lawn; boat landing; express, 10 min. to city. Phone Hyde Park 1377.

5716 WASHINGTON-AV. — LARGE ROOMS, with board; choice locality, near park; golf and tennis; near station and cable; 12 min. to city; $6 to $8. Phone Hyde Park 1378.

4247 CALUMET-AV., FLAT 1—AIRY FRONT and side rooms with excellent table board; $4.50 and up; double rooms, $9; ½ block L station.

GREENWOOD-AV., NEAR 43D-ST.—ROOMS with or without board; private family for married couple or two ladies employed. Address S 139, Tribune.

1923 MICHIGAN-AV.—FIRST CLASS BACHEapartments for four; fine location; every convenience.

THE CRESCENT, 41ST AND ELLIS—ROOM AND board, $7 per week and up. The best family hotel in Chicago.

1801 MICHIGAN-AV. — HANDSOME RESIdence, elegantly furnished large rooms, with private bath; excellent board; references exchanged.

2107 MICHIGAN-AV., NR. AUDITORIUM—REST rooms, table, and references, for refined people.

2063 INDIANA-AV.—LARGE FRONT ROOMS with running water and phone; good board.

3405 WABASH-AV.—DOUBLE ROOMS; PRIvate family; good table; ½ block L station.

3502 MICHIGAN-AV.—ELEGANT RESIDENCE; double and single front rooms; fine board.

4275 ELLIS-AV.—LARGE FRONT ROOM; RUNning water; also single room; references.

5054 WASHINGTON-AV.—WELL FURNISHED rooms, with excellent board; near Ill. Cent.

2032 MICHIGAN-AV.—LARGE FRONT AND single rooms; first class home. 1132 South.

2936 PRAIRIE-AV.—ELEGANT LOCALITY; first class rooms, with board; reasonable rates.

3600 LAKE-AV.—FRONT RMS., UNOBSTRUCTed view of lake; good board; block to Ill. Central.

3037 LAKE-AV.—PLEASANT ROOMS WITH board; large grounds; near I. C. R. R.; refs.

1806 MICH.AV.—NICE ROOMS WITH BOARD, for gentlemen and husband; references.

5036 VERNON-AV., FLAT 3—TWO REFINED young people; room and board, $6; modern.

3142 S. PARK-AV. — NEWLY FURN. ROOMS; excellent table; private home; refs.

3400 INDIANA-AV.—NICELY FURNISHED front rooms; run it water; splendid home cooking.

4805 PRAIRIE-AV.—2 MODERN FURNISHED rooms, with board. MRS. SILVERMAN.

3660 ELLIS-AV.—LARGE FRONT ROOM, SINgle rooms with board, $5.50.

5510 WASHINGTON-AV.—BOARD WITH ROOM, single or en suite; private bath; I. C.

2940 MICHIGAN-AV.—ROOMS WITH BOARD; terms very moderate; cooking improves 3070.

West Side.

567 W. ADAMS-ST.—HAS EXCELLENT BOARD and room for business woman; private home; phone; 1st floor. J. L. CADY.

North Side.

670 FULLERTON-BLVD.—BEAUTIFUL ROOMS; excellent table board; fine location for summer; near north end Lincoln Park.

743-43 N. CLARK-ST.—LARGE DOUBLE FRONT rooms, overlooking Lincoln Park; first class board; gentlemen preferred.

519 LA SALLE-AV.—DETACHED RESIDENCE; elegant double and single front rooms; fine board.

549 DEARBORN-AV.—NEWLY FURNISHED rooms; board; private family.

526 WINTHROP-AV., N. E. COR. AINSLEE—Beautiful large room, board; private home; refs.

578 E. CHICAGO-AV.—DESIRABLE ROOM with homelike board; $5 per week.

676 LA SALLE-AV. — FRONT ROOM WITH board; overlooking so. end Lincoln Park. Refs.

440 LA SALLE-AV.—REFINED FAMILY, NEAR park, wish four roomers; excellent board.

852 N. PARK-AV.—ELEGANT HOME; FACING Lincoln Park; beautiful rooms; excellent meals.

432 NORTH STATE.—PLEASANT ROOMS, EXcellent table board; walking distance; phone.

Hotels.

THE NETHERLANDS, 1554 ASBURY-AV., EVANSTON, ILL.—Rooms, single or en suite; hot and cold water, electric light; fine table; spacious porch and lawn; ideal summer home; best service.

THE CRESCENT, 41ST AND ELLIS — NEW management; single rooms $7 per week; rooms and bath, $6; one meals optional; 1 block of lake; best residence district.

CONTINENTAL HOTEL, WABASH-AV. AND Madison-st., Chicago—Rates $2 per day. Special rates by the week to regulars.

HOTEL WYCHMERE (EUROPEAN), INDIANA-av. and 18th-st.—160 elegant outside rooms; reasonable rates. Tel. 1098 S. MRS. H. YORK, Mgr.

DEARBORN-AV. HOTEL, LEARBORN AND Chicago-av.—Rooms fr'm $2 week up; elevator, phone, etc.; walking distance.

WISCONSIN HOTEL, 22 WISCONSIN-ST., ½ block from Lincoln Park; permanent and transient guests; ideal summer resort. Tel. N. 1345.

HOTEL BARTEAU, 3800 LAKE-AV.—CLEAN, airy rooms, on lake, with or without first class board; summer prices.

HOTEL GRANT, 214 E. 53D-ST., NEW FAMILY hotel, 2 blocks from I. C. express train; 10 minutes to city, and moderate rates. Phone Hyde Park 509.

FOREST HOTEL, ROGERS PARK—DELIGHTful location; 1st class summer resort; mod. rates.

ARLINGTON HOTEL, 247 DEARBORN—TABLE supplied daily from our own farm.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

Hotels.

HOTEL DEL PRADO—A SELECT FAMILY AND transient hotel (400 rooms), occupying the entire block between Washington and Madison-ave., fronting on Midway-blvd. We have parlor and bedroom with private bath and board for two people, $25 to $40 per week.
TRANSPORTATION: Illinois Central Express trains to 60th-st. station, 1½ blocks away; only 15 minutes to city.

HOTEL WARNER ANNEX — NEWLY COMpleted and ready for occupancy; finely located; 100 rooms in 2 and 3 room suites, with bath, at very attractive rates; telephone in each suite; finely furnished. Groveland Park and Cottage Grove-av. Tel. 078 Douglas. McGUIRE & COBB, Props.

HOTEL HAYES, 647B-ST. AND LEXINGTON-av., one block from Lexington-av. L station, surface lines, and 5 minutes' walk from I. C. 63d-st. station—American and European plan; rooms single or en suite, with and without private bath. Telephone 655-657 Hyde Park.

HAYDEN HOTEL, 152 E. 36TH-ST.—A COMfortable home, near the lake; residential and transient; best meals and service in city for the price; I. C. and other good transportation; suites and single rooms; homelike. Phone Douglas 1440.

HOTEL HOLLAND, 58D AND LAKE-AV.—American plan; permanent, single room, $7.00 up; en suite, with private bath, for two, $16 up; ten minutes from city; I. C. suburban and express. Phone Hyde Park 2000.

HOTEL WARREN, 2427 MICHIGAN-AV.—DElightfully located, nice rooms; single and en suite; good board; moderate prices for summer months. Phone 1147 South.

Suburban.

1823 ORRINGTON-AV., EVANSTON, ILL.—Pleasant rooms, with board; $5-$7 per week.

Summer Resorts.

TO RENT—FIVE NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS; pleasant location, on Michigan; $25.00 to $30 per week. 140 Edwards-av., Bentch Harbor, Mich.

BOARD WANTED.

BOARD—AND ROOMS; BY COUPLE AND 6 YR. old child; north of 43d-st. Address E C 123, Tribune office.

BOARD—LARGE ROOM AND BATH, IN AUSTin; give terms. Address S 278, Tribune office.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

South Side.

TO RENT—MICHIGAN-BLVD. AND 13TH-ST. NEW SOUTHERN HOTEL.
EUROPEAN.
Everything new and up to date.
Electric light, hot and cold water in every room. Choice outside rooms, $5, $6, $7, and $8 per week.
Rooms with private bath, $10, $12, and $14 per week.
Our popular price cafe for ladies and gentlemen cannot be excelled.
Easy walking distance. Telephone South 262.

TO RENT—6243 MONROE-AV., LARGE, LIGHT, and clean alcove room in strictly private apartment; one block from South Side Elevated station and 1½ blocks from Ill. Central express; convenient to fine restaurant. MRS. BROWNE.
Phone Hyde Park 5410. 6243 Monroe-av.

TO RENT—5714-16 WASHINGTON-AV., ROOMS furnished to suit; all exposure; bright and clean; very near park, golf and tennis grounds; 3 modern, cosy houses, annexes, east front; yards, porches; strictly private home cooking; at 8:10. Phone Hyde Park, 1533.

TO RENT—3222 INDIANA-AV., 3 CHARMING rooms, front alcove; private home, running water; phone; heat transportation and neighborhood; reasonable.

TO RENT—FURNISHED HOUSEKEEPING and sleeping rooms, all light, second floor; breakfast if desired; gas, bath, hot water; phone; C. or cable one block; 62d & 36th-sts. Phone Hyde Park, 1535.

TO RENT—LARGE FRONT ROOM; ALSO SIDE room; modern; private residence; ¼ block from Grand-blvd.; 2 blocks from 43d-st. "L" sta.; reasonable. 461 Bowen-av.

TO RENT—3120 INDIANA-AV., ELEGANT front room and side room in newly furnished flat; steam, hot water, phone; breakfast if desired.

TO RENT—3 FURNISHED OUTSIDE ROOMS and bath for housekeeping, $7 wk.; 4 furnished, front, $10; steam heat, elevator; all conveniences. 3003 Wabash-av. Phone 639 Douglas.

TO RENT—BEAUTIFUL PARLOR ON VINcennes-av.; suitable for manufacturing now; tile bath. Phone Blue 908 or address S 261, Tribune.

TO RENT—3725 INDIANA-AV., VERY PLEASant furn. room, all conv.; private family; no other roomers; home surroundings. MAYER.

TO RENT—504 42D-PL., FURNISHED ROOMS; lavatory; steam heat; all modern conveniences; near Grand-blvd. 43d-st. "L"; owner's residence.

TO RENT—3269 RHODES-AV., HOUSEKEEPing rooms, front parlor, hall room; cheap; convenient.

TO RENT—NICELY FURNISHED, LIGHT rooms; housekeeping if desired. 2412 Cottage Grove-av., 2d flat.

TO RENT—ALLEN APTS., 145 OAKWOOD-blvd., 3 and 4 rooms, furnished and unfur.; excellent cafe in building.

TO RENT—2970 INDIANA-AV., DELIGHTFULly cool outside rooms that will please you; also pleasant home; meals if desired. Second floor.

TO RENT—BEST ROOMS IN THE CITY, $3 PER week; private baths; meals if desired. The Crescent, 41st and Ellis; 1 block from lake.

TO RENT—COOL ROOMS, HOT AND COLD running water, 2d floor, 10, 12, and 14 E. Harrison-st., 1 block south of the Auditorium.

TO RENT — NEWLY FURNISHED FRONT suite, also single room; modern conveniences. Call 2690 Wabash. Flat 8. Phone S492 Calumet.

TO RENT—3094-96 PRAIRIE-AV., FURNISHED rooms; running water, cold water; steam heat and bath. Phone Douglas 8786.

TO RENT—1843 MICHIGAN-AV., SINGLE rooms; good accommodations; hot water; walking distance; phone S. 1278.

TO RENT—4233 WABASH, ROOMS, $2 WEEKly; 50c daily; housekeeping suite, $5. Address P N 508, Tribune office.

TO RENT—3 ROOMS, FURNISHED, LIGHT housekeeping, near "L." 6235 Lexington-av., 2d flat.

TO RENT—2506 INDIANA-AV., FURNISHED rooms, with board; reasonable; basement for housekeeping also.

TO RENT—NEWLY FURNISHED MODERN rooms, single or double; good transportation. 3727 Forest-av.

TO RENT—261 63D-PL., FUR. PARLOR, MODers; 63d-st. station I. C., L. near entrance Jackson Park.

TO RENT—VERY DESIRABLE ROOM; ALL modern conveniences. Flat 3, 4648 Prairie-av.

TO RENT—3610 PRAIRIE-AV., LOVELY SUITE of rooms, and also single; steam heat.

TO RENT—LARGE FRONT ROOM; MODERN; I. C.; also side room; phone. 3613 Ellis-av.

TO RENT—2902 CALUMET-AV., FLAT A, NICE front rooms; 2; for light housekeeping if desirable.

TO RENT—2921 GROVELAND-AV.—NEWLY furnished rooms.

TO RENT—LARGE FURNISHED ROOM. 6231 Greenwood-av., 3d flat.

TO RENT—1710 MICH.-AV., ELEGANTLY FURnished room, one front, with private bath.

TO RENT—NEWLY FURNISHED ROOMS. 3023 Michigan-av., 2d floor.

TO RENT—FURNISHED FRONT ROOM; HOT and cold water. 1822 Indiana-av.

TO RENT—3 LARGE ROOMS, HOUSEKEEPING or single rooms. 5040 Washington Pk.pl., first floor.

TO RENT—PLEASANT, CHEERFUL ROOM, running water, private home. 3343 Indiana-av.

TO RENT—HANDSOME COOL ROOMS; PRIvate home; fine board. 2222 Prairie-av., 2nd. 20c. Tribune office.

TO RENT—74 44TH-ST., 1ST FLAT, SINGLE room; reasonable; I. C. trains; priv. fam. adults.

TO RENT—SINGLE OR DOUBLE; SEPARATE entrance; steam. Mrs. Coghlan, 38 Bryant-av., 2d.

TO RENT—LARGE OUTSIDE ROOM; MODERN; privilege breakfast; 51st L Sta. 5018 Calumet, 2d.

TO RENT—4329 CALUMET-AV., BEAUTIFUL front room, lavatory; also single room. Gray 2143.

TO RENT—TWO NICELY FURNISHED FRONT rooms, single or en suite. 3131 Vernon-av.

TO RENT—216 E. 31ST-ST.—FURNISHED front rooms; modern conveniences. Flat C.

TO RENT—FINE ALCOVE FRONT ROOM; 1 block from L. 3917 Indiana-av., Flat 1.

TO RENT—3914 ELLIS-AV., NICELY FURNISHed rooms; I. C. or cable; phone.

TO RENT—2244 MICHIGAN-AV., LARGE front and single rooms, with or without board.

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TO RENT—3420 INDIANA-AV., LARGE ROOM; running water, closet, phone; ref.; private family.

West Side.

TO RENT—3 FRONT ROOMS, BAY WINDOW, neatly furnished for light housekeeping, bath. 424 W. North-av., near Robey-st. "L" station.

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TO RENT—82 OGDEN-AV., STEAM HEATED furnished rooms; $1 upward weekly; modern conveniences.

TO RENT—641 WASHINGTON-BLVD., VERY clean, well furnished rooms.

TO RENT—290 ASHLAND-BLVD., LARGE front room; smaller room; modern conveniences.

TO RENT—170 ASHLAND-BLVD., NICELY furn. room, choice location; board if desired.

TO RENT—415 JACKSON-BLVD., NICELY FUR. front rm.; all conveniences; phone; prices reas.

TO RENT—FRONT PARLOR, BAY, $2.50; NEWly decorated. 442 Congress, 3d.

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TO RENT—66 RUSH! APT. 51, BEAUTIFUL, furnished suites; La Salle bread. Walking dist.! $3.

TO RENT—869 ELM, COR. DEARBORN-AV.—Beautiful front parlor room; modern; gentlemen.

TO RENT—332 LA SALLE-AV., 3D FLAT, A large front parlor, cor. room.

TO RENT—160 E. CHICAGO-AV., ONE LARGE clean front room; steam; telephone.

TO RENT—1260 SHERIDAN-ROAD, 2D—FINE outside room, near Sheridan express sta. N. W. L.

TO RENT—2 OR 4 UNFURNISHED ROOMS, all modern; first flat. 620 N. Clark-st.

TO RENT — 106 DEARBORN-AV.—FINE, large, front rooms; run. water; very reasonable.

TO RENT—20 ROSLYN-PL., SMALL FRONT room; private residence; half block Lincoln Park.

TO RENT—SEVERAL DESIRABLE ROOMS; MODern. Phone 3065 Black. 230 La Salle-av., Flat G.

TO RENT—CLEAN, LIGHT, FURNISHED front room. 624 La Salle-av.

TO RENT—PRETTY ROOM IN REFINED FAMily; walking distance. 443 La Salle-av., Flat 2.

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TO RENT—FURNISHED 2D FLOOR PORCH; lawn; Diversey-st. N. W. "L." 1543 Wolfram-st.

TO RENT—28 WALTON-PL.—NICE, COOL room; running water; all conveniences.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

North Side.

TO RENT—521 DEARBORN-AV., 1ST FLOOR, handsome single and double rooms; everything new; hot and cold water; brass beds; bath; tel.; strictly up to date; price no object if taken at once.

TO RENT—BUENA PARK, NEAR LAKE, 3 blocks from Wilson-av. express, nicely furnished room for single man; private family; references required. Address O 566, Tribune office.

TO RENT—IN ELEGANTLY FURNISHED MODern apartment, room, light, cool, airy; very desirable for party seeking refined home; boulevard, near Lincoln Park. Phone Irving 926.

TO RENT—TWO UNFURNISHED ROOMS; bath, hot and cold water; $6 mo.; call Sunday or week days from 2 till 4 p. m. BUTLER, 18 Pearson-st.

TO RENT—501 LA SALLE-AV., NEWLY DECOrated double and single rooms; running water, lavatories; all conveniences; reasonable. Phone Dearborn 1972.

TO RENT—TWO FRONT CONNECTING ROOMS, single or en suit, for party of gentlemen; modern, quiet, private. 270 Huron-st.

TO RENT—2 GOOD FURNISHED ROOMS; REAsonable terms; cool; near lake. Apply Flat 3, 421 E. Superior-st.

TO RENT—2 FURNISHED ROOMS WITH PRIvate family; gentlemen; near Buena-av. elevated station. 1032 Evanston-av.

TO RENT—HIGH CLASS ROOMS, EN SUITE OR single; breakfast if desired. 54 E. La Salle-av., near Schiller.

TO RENT—1946-8 KENMORE-AV., END N. W. "L"; new building, new furnishings; dining room service opt.; also h. k. suite. Phone Sheridan 6172.

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TO RENT—PRIVATE FAMILY; CHOICE LOCAtion, near Lincoln Park; all conveniences, telephone, etc. 1st flat West, 1814 Wrightwood-av.

TO RENT—150 N. STATE-ST., CLEAN, PLEASant outside rooms; day or week; always hot water; walking distance.

TO RENT—294 ERIE-ST., NEAR STATE, 1ST flat, furnished rooms; modern; hot water.

TO RENT—64 ST. CLAIR, NR. OHIO-ST., 10 minutes' walk, double front and two beds.

TO RENT—74 MAPLE-ST., HIGH CLASS MODern rooms.

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WANTED—TO RENT—IN AUSTIN OR OAK Park, two furnished rooms for light housekeeping or board and room for wife and small daughter. Address S 272, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—PLEASANT ROOM, BY young single gentleman, North Side, near Lincoln Park preferred. Address S 291, Tribune.

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PARTNER WANTED—WITH $5,000, TO EN large gents' furnishing, shoe, and dry goods store; best location and doing good business. Address, with references, O 313, Tribune office.

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ADAMS & FOSTER, 99 WASHINGTON-ST., have special fund to loan at lowest rates on Chicago real estate.

MONEY TO LOAN—HAVE MONEY TO LOAN on small mortgages from $1,500 to $5,000.
SOUTHARD & TRAINER, 142 Oakwood-blvd.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CITY REAL ESTATE AT lowest current rates. NEWELL & LEONARDSON, 1068 E. 61st-st. Open evenings.

CALLISTUS S. ENNIS & CO., 122 MONROE-ST. Money to loan on first mortgages at lowest rates. Mortgages for sale from $1,000 up.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE at lowest rates; building loans. W. C. KINNEY & CO., 189 La Salle-st.

SECOND MORTGAGE LOANS PROMPTLY made; easy terms; ½ regular rates. Henry & Robinson, Chicago Opera House, 112 Clark-st., R. 504.

MONEY TO LOAN AT CURRENT RATES ON Chicago improved real estate. FRED MILLER, s. e. cor. 8th-av. and Madison-st., Security Bldg.

LOANS MADE ON CHOICE REAL ESTATE AT lowest rates. Building loans made.
HENRY W. HOWE & CO., 146 La Salle-st.

EDGAR M. SNOW & CO., 101 WASHINGTON-st., loan on Chicago improved real estate at lowest current rates; no delay; we pass on security.

MONEY TO LOAN—
On city property at lowest rates; prompt service.
MADDEN BROS., 204 Dearborn-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON IMPROVED REAL ESTATE at current rates of interest.
WM. D. KERFOOT & CO., 86 Washington-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO AND SUBURban real estate; repayment monthly.
OGDEN, SHELDON & CO., 54 Clark-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CITY AND SUBURBAN real estate at lowest rates.
E. H. GARY & CO., 115 Dearborn-st.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES ON IMproved Chicago real estate security.
JOHN B. KNIGHT & CO., 90 Washington-st.

REYNOLDS & ROSE,
TRIBUNE BUILDING.
Make loans on Chicago real estate at lowest rates.

$200 TO $50,000 TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE, 5 per cent. First gold mortgages for sale.
A. C. TISDELL AND NEEL, 94 La Salle-st.

MONEY TO LOAN—$3,500 ON CITY IMproved. JAMES A. McLANE & CO., 100 Washington-st.

GEO. W. COBB & CO., 107 DEARBORN-ST.—Money to loan on mortgages at lowest rates.

I HAVE $50,000 TO LOAN AT 5%; ALL OR PART.
PHILIP H. TREACY, 145 La Salle-st.

WANTED—TO BUY—$2,000 MTG. ON SOUTH Side property. Address N A 169, Tribune office.

WANTED—$1,500 AND $2,500, BY OWNER ON North Side vacant. Address M 512, Tribune.

PRIVATE MONEY; LOW RATE; NO DELAY. H. S. PRESCOTT, 100 Washington-st.

REAL ESTATE LOANS.

PEABODY, HOUGHTELING & CO.,
Established 1865.
Room 1105.
179 Monroe-st.
First National Bank Bldg.

Real estate loans of every kind and size made without delay at low rates and best terms.

MONEY TO LOAN WITHOUT COMMISSION OR attorney's fees on Chicago real estate, with privilege of paying all or part of principal before maturity and stopping interest. Borrower sees payments credited on note and pays interest only on the balance due.
BUILDING LOANS made on short notice. Personal attention given to large and small borrowers.

THE COLONIAL TRUST AND SAVINGS BANK
(Formerly Ross & Co.)
N. E. CORNER LA SALLE AND ADAMS-STS.

WE LOAN ON VACANT AND IMPROVED REAL ESTATE.
Special inducements on building loans.
We have for sale high grade mortgages from $1,000 to $10,000, secured on new brick and stone homes, in the best residence streets of Chicago; suitable for trust funds. Send for list.
JOHN F. MARSH & COMPANY,
1030 TRIBUNE BUILDING.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

South Side.

TO RENT—126 BOWEN-AV., NEAR DREXEL-blvd., modern residence, 8 rooms, $35. Apply W. G. CARLISLE, 40 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—DWELLING, 2614 MICHIGAN-AV., to a private family only. SEYMOUR MORRIS, 132 Adams-st.

TO RENT—TWO 11 ROOM HOUSES, 4202 TO 4204 Calumet-av.; all improvements; in excellent condition.

North Side.

TO RENT—AT MODERATE RENTAL—
TEN AND TWELVE ROOM PRIVATE RESIDENCES IN THE
McCormick Theological Seminary grounds on Chalmers-pl., Belden and Fullerton-avs. between North Halsted-st. and Sheffield-av. Excellent location. Churches and schools in immediate neighborhood. Fullerton-av. station of the Northwestern Elevated railroad on west end of grounds. Lincoln-av., Fullerton-av., and Halsted-st. surface lines pass the property.
OGDEN, SHELDON & CO., RENTING AGENTS,
Clark-st. Telephone Main 1018.
Or at office of seminary. Telephone North 1008.

Suburban.

TO RENT—HOUSE, EVANSTON, FURNISHED, 11 rooms, until Sept. 15; best location on Lake Shore; large, shady lot. Address C O 176, Tribune office.

TO RENT—MAYWOOD, 6 ROOM MODERN COTtage, 31 min. to loop; large, shady lot; 20 to $25. BARKER, 808 Tribune Bldg. Cent. 3089.

TO RENT—FLATS.

South Side.

COLONIAL APARTMENTS

4313 to 17 GREENWOOD-AV., NEW 6 and 7 room apartments; handsomely finished; FLEMISH DINING ROOMS; every convenience; two blocks to Illinois Central station; half blk. to 43d-st. line; best service.

4310 and 18 LAKE-AV., 6 and 7 rooms, new colonial apartments; handsomely finished and decorated; one block to Illinois Central station and 43d-st. electric line; $47.50 and $50.

4119 and 21 ELLIS-AV., SOUTHEAST CORNER BOWEN-AV., 5, 6, and 7 room apartments; best transportation.

OPEN TODAY.
SOUTHARD & TRAINER,
3906 COTTAGE GROVE-AV., DOUGLAS 704 & 705.

TO RENT—N. W. COR. DREXEL-BLVD. AND 45th-st., exquisite new apartments of 7, 8, 9, and 10 rooms; 3 baths; solid mahogany finish; every modern convenience. Always attendant at building, or to
J. WORTHINGTON, 301 E. 45th-st.

TO RENT—6219 WASHINGTON-AV., 6 rooms, new building, just completed; large rooms; finest located flats in Woodlawn. $40 and $42.50. Open for inspection.

TO RENT—4 ROOM FURNISHED FRONT flat, $35; also 3 r. and bath furnished flat, outside rooms, $25; steam heat, elevator; all conveniences. 3403 Wabash-av. Phone 608 Douglas.

TO RENT—4500 VINCENNES-AV., 8 ROOM modern steam heated apartments, hardwood floors, gas range, etc., $30 to $37.50. See janitor. SHERIDAN-AV. and 45th-st.

TO RENT—THE MONTEREY, 63 E. 35TH-ST., 3, 4, and 5 rooms; steam; $16 to $22. W. P. PAINE, 217 La Salle-st. Tel. Harrison 1554.

TO RENT—FURNISHED; COOL 3 AND 4 RM. flats on short notice; wood; 1 or more months; $20 up. Call 4521 Lake-av.

TO RENT—FLATS, $10 AND UP; HOUSES, $25 to $200. Also bargains for sale. Call on E. D. BALDWIN & CO., 35th and Indiana-av.

TO RENT—FURNISHED FLAT, 629 W. 60TH-ST., 2d flat; 6 large light rooms; piano; $25 a month to desirable party till Oct. 1.

TO RENT—ELEGANTLY APPOINTED MODern apartments, single or en suite. Call after 2 p. m. 2324 Indiana-av. Phone Green 1791.

TO RENT—3 ROOM FLAT, STEAM HEAT, 6244 Madison-av. $18 per month. Inquire C. S. FIGOTT, 6220 Monroe-av.

TO RENT—6005 WOODLAWN-AV., 2D FLAT, 5 best rooms; 2 closets; 4 room and bath; all imp.; overlooking Midway; $30.

TO RENT—COOL, WELL FURNISHED FLAT; July, Aug.; near El. and I. C. 456 E. 65th-st.

West Side.

TO RENT—1ST AND 3D FLATS, 8 ROOMS AND bath; 3 flat, steam heat building, 9 Warren-av., opposite Garfield Park; at once; open for inspection; summer prices. Phone Central 3272.
JOHN T. BODDIE, 140 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—3D FLAT AT 474 W. NORTH-AV., 7 rooms and bath; light on 3 sides; near to Robey-st. station of Metropolitan elevated. Apply
GORDON STRONG & COMPANY,
Harrison 565. 209 State-st.

North Side.

TO RENT—THE BREWSTER—
1886 DIVERSEY-BLVD., corner Pine Grove-av.; location unsurpassed; one block from lake; one of the few absolutely fireproof buildings and thoroughly modern in every respect.
Now for sent only one 5 and one 6 room apartment. Beautiful roof garden cafe, overlooking the lake and Lincoln Park; excellent home table. To parties desiring a quiet home and freedom from household cares the Brewster offers unusual attractions. Special prices on these last apartments. Apply at office of building, 1886 Diversey-blvd., Lake View 870, or GORDON STRONG & CO., Harrison 565. 209 State-st.

TO RENT—IN THE NEW, ATTRACTIVE GISLESPIE BUILDING, Evanston and Wilson-avs., directly opposite terminal station N. W. El. Ry.; best transportation in city; 18 minutes to business center; 2 minutes to excellent 7 room flats, well lighted, steam heat and all modern conveniences. Special rates on these flats. Apply Flat 25, 1916 Evanston-av., or GORDON STRONG & CO.,
The Republic.
Harrison 565. 209 State-st.

TO RENT—1917 WRIGHTWOOD-AV.,
Near Pine Grove-av. and Lincoln Park.
Handsome three story stone front.
Twelve light rooms; two baths.
Steam heat; choice residence location; $100.
H. O. STONE & CO., 206 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—VERY DESIRABLE EIGHT ROOM apartment in The Walton, Clark and Locust-sts.
OGDEN, SHELDON & CO.,
54 Clark-st.

TO RENT—FINE 7 ROOM FLAT IN BUILDING, 232 Superior-st.; steam heat, janitor services, etc. See janitor on premises, or
F. H. BRAMMER, 70 La Salle-st., Room 35.

TO RENT—A 7 ROOM APARTMENT IN THE beautiful bldg., 171 Lake View-av., overlooking Lincoln Park and the lake, a house on one floor.

TO RENT—$75 BELDEN-AV., LIGHT 7 ROOM lower flat; $25; furnace.

WANTED—FLATS.

WANTED—TO RENT—4 ROOM FLAT NEAR Fullerton, Webster, or Center-st. L station. Address S 283, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO

RAILWAY TIME TABLES.

WESTERN ROADS.

*Daily. §Sunday. ‡Ex. Saturday. †Ex. Sunday. ‖Ex. Monday.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL R. R.

All through trains from Central Station, 12th-st. and Park row. City ticket office, 99 Adams-st. Phone Cent. 2705.

Leave.		Arrive.
*10:05 am	N. Orleans-Memphis Spec'l.	*9:45 pm
*6:30 pm	Limited, Memphis, New Or'leans, Hot Springs, Ark.	*11:30 am
*9:05 am	St. Louis and Springfield— Daylight Special	*7:45 pm
*3:15 pm	Diamond Special	*1:27 am
*8:30 am	Cairo Local	*5:30 pm
*1:00 am	Jackson'v'l, Tenn., Holly Spgs. and South—Fast Mail	*5:30 am
*6:25 pm	Champaign, Decatur, Pana and Mattoon Express	*1:20 pm
*8:00 am	Bloomington & Chatsworth	*9:45 pm
*5:20 pm	Bloomington & Chatsworth	*11:30 am
*10:00 pm	Evansville Express	*7:30 am
*9:00 pm	Evansville, Cairo & South	*7:05 am
*4:10 pm	Kankakee and Gilman	*10:00 am
*9:00 am	Minneapolis & St. Paul	*9:45 pm
*8:00 pm	Omaha-Council Bluffs Ltd.	*9:05 am
*5:00 pm	Dubuque, S. City & Wells	*9:45 am
*10:45 pm	Dubuque, Omaha, Pac. Jct.	*7:00 am
*8:00 am	Dubuque, S. City Fast Mail	*7:00 am
*5:00 pm	Minneapolis and St. Paul	*9:45 am
*1:10 pm	Rockford Passenger	*10:00 am
*8:40 pm	Rockford, Freep't, Dubuque	*12:25 pm

CHICAGO AND EASTERN ILLINOIS R. R.—La Salle Station, on elevated loop. Van Buren and La Salle-sts. Ticket office, 91 Adams. Phone C 4440.

Leave.		Arrive.
St. Louis Day Express	*10:27 am	*9:35 pm
St. Louis Limited	*11:23 pm	*7:45 am
N. Orleans Special, Montgom'y, Birmingham, Atlanta	* 1:15 pm	*4:50 pm
Evansville, Nashville, Knoxville, Atlanta, Jacksonville	* 6:40 pm	*9:30 am
Peoria, Ipava, Havana, Manito, Shelbyville, Marion	† 7:32 am	†7:22 pm
Attica and Vermilion	*12:25 pm	†1:35 pm
Peoria, Havana, Ft. Wayne, Shelbyville, and Toledo	*11:42 pm	*8:35 am

EASTERN ROADS.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL, N. Y. C. & H. R., AND L. S. & M. Rys.—"The Niagara Falls Route."

Ticket offices, 119 Adams St., Auditorium and Great Northern Hotels, and stations 12th St. and Park Row, 22d St., 39th St., Hyde Park, 63d St.

June 25, 1905.

Lv. Chicago		Ar. Chicago
* 8.45 am	Kalamazoo, Battle Creek, Jackson, Ann Arbor, Detroit, St. Thomas, Buffalo, Rochester, Syracuse, Utica, Albany, New York, Boston and Eastern Pts.	*z 7.50 am
* 10.30 am		*z 8.50 am
*z 5.00 pm		* 3.50 pm
*z 11.55 pm		*z 9.00 pm
	(Trains marked "x" pass Niagara Falls.)	
* 10.05 pm	Detroit Night Express	* 7.20 am
* 4.00 pm	Detroit and Limited	* 1.27 pm
* 7.10 am	Detroit and Main Line points	* 4.05 pm
* 10.45 am	Kalamazoo Accommodation	* 7.50 am
† 10.30 pm	Toledo, Detroit, Niagara Falls	† 7.20 am
* 10.00 pm	City and Saginaw Division	* 5.50 pm
* 11.55 pm	Points	* 3.50 pm
* 7.00 am	Kalamazoo, Three Rivers & Air Line Division points	* 3.50 pm
* 5.00 pm		* 4.50 pm
* 7.10 am	Chicago, St. Joe, and Benton Harbor	* 10.45 am
* 1.10 pm		* 1.35 pm
		* 7.40 pm
* 6.45 pm	Via Grand Rapids & Indiana Ry. Grand Rapids and Petoskey Harbor Springs, and Mackinaw	... 7.15 am
* 11.55 pm		† 12.35 pm
* 8.45 am	Grand Rapids and Traverse City	* 7.15 am
† 1.15 pm	Grand Rapids Express	* 4.50 pm

THE PENNSYLVANIA LINE—CHICAGO UNION passenger station, Adams, Canal, and Madison-sts. Ticket offices at station and at 248 S. Clark-st., corner Jackson, and at Auditorium Hotel. Through trains run as follows:

From Chicago to	Leave.	Arrive.
Fort Wayne and Alliance	* 7:00 am	*8:00 am
New York and Boston	* 8:00 am	*8:00 am
Pittsburg, Balto., Wash.	* 8:00 am	*8:00 am
Philadelphia, New York	* 8:00 am	*8:00 am
Indianapolis and Louisville	* 9:30 am	*5:30 pm
Clayton and Cincinnati	*10:00 am	*5:30 pm
Columbus, Balto., and Wash.	*10:05 am	*5:00 pm
Pittsburg and Cleveland	*11:00 am	*4:00 pm
The Manhattan Limited	*11:00 am	*4:00 pm
Pittsburg and Washington	*11:00 am	*4:00 pm
Philadelphia and New York	*11:00 am	*4:00 pm
The Pennsylvania Special	* 2:45 pm	*8:55 am
New York 18 hour train	* 2:45 pm	*8:56 am
Pittsburg, Cleveland & Air Line	* 3:00 pm	*8:45 pm
Philadelphia and New York	* 3:10 pm	*8:45 am
The Pennsylvania Limited	* 5:30 pm	*8:45 am
Pittsburg and Washington	* 5:30 pm	*8:45 am
Philadelphia and New York	* 5:30 pm	*8:45 am
Fort, Youngstown & N. Castle	* 7:30 pm	*8:00 am
Columbus, Pgh. and the east	* 7:30 pm	*8:00 am
Cincinnati and Dayton	* 8:40 pm	*7:10 am
Indianapolis and Louisville	* 9:00 pm	*7:10 am
Pittsburg and the east	*11:45 pm	*8:00 am
*Daily. ‡Except Sunday.		

PERE MARQUETTE—GRAND CENTRAL STATION, Harrison-st. and 5th-av. City office, 206 S. Clark-st. Ticket office in Auditorium Hotel and Annex. Great Northern, Palmer, and Sherman Houses. Automatic Ticket Agencies: Englewood (Union Station), 63d-st. and Wentworth-av.; South Chicago (Pennsylvania Station). Leave. Arrive.

Grand Rapids and Northern Express	* 7:30 am	† 1:15 pm
Michigan Express	*12:00 n'n	† 5:00 pm
Grand Rapids Flyer	* 4:40 pm	*10:30 am
The Resort Special—Via Grand Trav'se City, Charlevoix, Petoskey, Mackinaw City	* 7:35 pm	† 7:22 am
Grand Rapids Night Express	*11:55 pm	† 6:55 am
Parlor and cafe cars in all day trains. Sleeping car, Chicago to Petoskey and Mackinaw City. Seats in Reserve Special. Sleeping car to Grand Rapids in Night Express.		

LAKE SHORE AND MICHIGAN SOUTHERN Ry., N. Y. C. & H. R., and B. & A. Rys. Depot, La Salle and Harrison-sts. Ticket offices, 242 Clark-st. and 21st-st. City ticket office, 109 Clark-st.

Leave.		Arrive.
Day express	* 7:00 am	*4:00 pm
Buffalo, Albany & New York	† 7:30 am	† 7:50 am
Buffalo and Chicago Special	* 7:50 am	* 7:50 am
New York and Boston Special	*10:30 am	*4:00 pm
Twentieth Century Limited	* 2:30 pm	* 9:50 am
Buffalo & Pittsburg Expressed	* 4:00 pm	*11:45 am
New York and Boston Express	* 4:16 pm	*10:30 am
Fast Mail	* 5:00 pm	* 2:00 pm
Lake Shore Limited	* 6:00 pm	* 3:00 pm
Ohio Express	* 8:35 pm	* 6:40 am
Toledo, Cleveland & the East	* 8:30 pm	† 7:10 am
Lake Shore Limited	* 9:00 pm	* 7:10 am
Charleston W. V., New York	*10:30 pm	* 9:00 pm
Buffalo and Boston	* 3:00 am	
*Daily. †Daily except Sunday.		

GRAND TRUNK RY. SYSTEM—DEARBORN station. Phone Har. 703. City Ticket Office, cor. Clark-st. and Jackson-blvd. Phone Har. 1707.

All trains stop at 67th-st.		
New York and Philadelphia	*11:05 am	*7:45 am
New York and Boston	*11:05 am	*9:10 pm
Trunk-Lehigh Valley route	*10:30 pm	*9:10 pm
Toronto, Montreal, Portland	*3:00 pm	*7:45 am
Boston, Montreal, Portland	*10:30 pm	*9:10 pm
Detroit and Mt. Clemens	*11:05 am	*7:45 am
	*10:30 pm	*9:10 pm
Saginaw and Bay City	*11:05 am	*7:45 am
	*10:30 pm	*9:10 pm
Local, Michigan stations	*11:05 am	*7:00 pm
Local, Kensington and Harvey	*12:30 pm	*7:00 pm
Local, Valparaiso	*4:30 pm	*9:30 am

MONON ROUTE—DEPOT, DEARBORN STATION, Polk, Clark, and Harrison-sts. City and principal hotels. Phone Central 5467.

Leave.		Arrive.
Indianapolis and Cincinnati	* 9:45 am	*12:00 n'n
Indianapolis, Cincin. & Louisville	* 3:30 am	* 5:55 pm
Indianapolis, Cincin., Dayton	* 8:30 am	* 3:55 pm
Indianapolis, Cincin., Dayton	*12:00 n'n	* 5:55 pm
Lafayette and Louisville	* 3:00 am	* 7:10 am
Lafayette and Louisville	* 9:00 pm	* 7:10 am
Indianapolis, Cincin., Dayton	* 9:45 pm	* 7:10 am
Lafayette, Bloom. and Bedford	*12:00 n'n	* 5:55 pm
Lafayette, Bloom. and Bedford	* 5:00 pm	* 7:10 am
French Lick & W. Baden Spgs	* 3:00 pm	* 7:10 am

BIG FOUR ROUTE—DEPOTS, CENTRAL STATION, 12th-st. and Park row, and 22d-st. 39th-st. and 63d-sts. Ticket offices, 238 Clark and Auditorium. *Daily. †Except Sunday.

Leave.		Arrive.
Indianapolis and Cincinnati	* 9:00 am	*12:30 pm
Louisville	* 9:00 am	* 2:30 pm
Cincinnati and Washington	*12:00 pm	*5:40 pm
Lafayette and Louisville	* 3:30 pm	* 7:10 am
Indianapolis and Cincinnati	*8:30 pm	*7:10 am

NICKEL PLATE—NEW YORK, CHICAGO & ST. Louis R. R.—La Salle station, Van Buren and La Salle. Ticket offices, 111 Adams-st. and Auditorium Annex.

Leave.		Arrive.
New York and Boston Express	*10:30 am	*9:35 pm
New York Express	* 2:22 pm	* 5:25 pm
New York and Boston Express	* 9:15 pm	*7:40 am

COTTON PRICES SHOOT UPWARD

NEW YORK, July 10.—The cotton market was excited all day, and during the first of the session scored further sensational gains. Later there was heavy realizing, and prices lost about 14 to 17 points. The closing tone was steady at a net gain of 38 to 43 points for the day.

The opening was strong, at an advance of 20 to 21 points in response to higher cables. Reports of heavy rains in the western belt and a flood of crop damage reports from the southwest caused further excitement here and in New Orleans, while the idea that the June 1 report of the bureau of statistics had underestimated the reduction on acreage was probably the underlying influence in the big advance.

New Orleans opened 64 points higher on one month, and sent big buying orders to the local market, believed to be for the account of southern shorts. Liverpool continued to advance after the local opening until at the closing prices there were about 60 to 70.

The advance here carried October to 11.85c and January to 11.50c, or a gain of nearly $3.00 a bale before there was any reaction of consequence. Then, after a break of about 15 to 20 points, there was a quick rally of several points on a renewal of bull support and outside buying with later fluctuations irregular.

IN THE NEW YORK MARKET.

NEW YORK, July 10.—The dry goods market has advanced in many directions. Buyers appear to be awaiting developments, as, although many are in the market, the volume of business is not large.

Metals—Tin in London advanced with spot, closing at £142 5s 6d, and futures at £140 2s 6d. Locally quiet and strong, with spot quoted at $31.15@31.40. Copper—In London higher, closing at £66 2s 6d for spot and £66 5s for futures. Locally steadier. Lake and electrolytic stand at $15.00, and casting at $14.75. Lead was unchanged at £13 16 s in London. Locally, $4.50@4.60. Spelter—In London was unchanged at £24 2s 6d. Locally firmer at $5.35@5.40. Iron—In close at 49s 4d in Glasgow and at 45s 6d in Middlesboro. Locally unchanged.

Butter—Firm. Receipts, 8,527 pkgs; street price, extra creamery, 20½@21c. Butter—In Philadelphia, firm; extra western creamery, 21½c; do nearby prints, 23c.

Eggs—Firm. Receipts, 9,279 pkgs; state, Pennsylvania, and nearby fancy select white, 22@22c. Eggs—In Philadelphia, firm, with light supplies of good stocks.

Poultry—Alive, irregular; western spring chickens, 17c; fowls, 14½c; turkeys, 14½c; dressed firm, 17c; fowls, 14½c; turkeys, 14½c; dressed firm.

RAIN COOLS BEAR ARDOR.

WHEAT RALLIES ON COVERING ON WET HARVEST WEATHER.

Damage Reports Are Numerous from the Southwest and Rust Is Talked in Spring Wheat—Northwest Markets Are Heavy, However—St. Louis Cash Prices Rally—Corn Has a 2 Cent Break on Realising Sales—Oats and Provisions.

Rains in the southwest and the Ohio valley, reports of actual or prospective damage to wheat which covered pretty thoroughly the catalogue of possible disaster, and less weakness in cash wheat in the southwest brought about a change of heart in the wheat market. A rally amounting at best to 1@1½c, with July the strongest, was the result. From the high point, however, prices were given a setback by late weakness at Kansas City, lack of outside interest in the market, and the break in corn. At the close the July and December held ⅜c of the earlier gain, and September ¼-⅝c, the latter at 87½-⅝c and July at 90¾c.

Low prices were recorded at the outset on the absence of rain in the northwest. July selling off ⅛c to 80½c, and September to 86⅝c. Minneapolis was lower and there was some pressure on the market from Valentine and northwest houses. Reports of wheat sprouting in shock soon began to come, however, Kansas, Indiana, Illinois, Oklahoma, and Texas points all contributing news of that nature. The southwest also sent claims of damage by rain and hail, of fields under water, and the northwest continued to send indefinite news of black and red rust.

As the weather map showed heavy scattered rains, largely in the south and southeast, private messages reported more, and the forecast was for rains over the entire district except in the three spring wheat states and in Kansas and Nebraska, the damage talk received ready credence. An added danger was seen in the area of low barometer centered over the Canadian northwest.

St. Louis Cash Market Higher.

There were receipts of 336,000 bu at the two winter wheat markets, the amount equally divided between the two. But while Kansas City ruled weak under the larger offerings, prices off 2@3c, with weakness apparent even in the hard wheat, which has been held relatively firm by the demand from spring wheat millers, there was an access of demand at St. Louis, and higher prices resulted. Sales in that market were made 1@1½c over those of Saturday and all the offerings were reported cleaned up. At Kansas City demand improved on the decline.

In the local market premiums were slightly lower, but sales were made at about Saturday's prices, or 2c over the July, for both No. 2 hard and No. 2 red. Offerings on the tables were moderate, and acceptances were called fair by most houses. All the primary markets received 591,000 bu, compared with 327,000 bu last year, the figures of a year ago incomplete, because Kansas City sent no report then. Minneapolis and Duluth had 195 cars, against 301 cars last year. There was a decrease of 951,000 bu in the visible supply, a larger loss than last year, and local stocks decreased 74,000 bu. World's shipments were 10,480,000 bu, against 13,104,000 bu the week before, and wheat on passage decreased 1,400,000 bu. Foreign markets were irregular, Liverpool steady to ¼d lower, Paris ¼-1c higher, and Budapest 1¾c lower. Liverpool stocks decreased 72,000 bu. Clearances at the seaboard were 45,000 bu, all for Europe.

Valentine sold at the opening and later disposed of about 500,000 bu from 88c to 87⅛c. Daggett and Peavy also sold early. Wrenn, Kneeland-Clement-Curtis, Ware-Leland, and local shorts bought September and Valentine took 300,000 bu at the close. White and Wrenn bought December. July fluctuated ⅛c on the buying or selling of small lots.

Corn Market Turns Weak.

A breakdown occurred in corn prices, apparently due to selling by talkers rather than the leaders. The sharpest break was in the old July, which covered a range for the morning from 87¼c to 55¼c. After a 1c rally from this the close was at 56¾c, off 1c for the day. The weakness in the September was not so marked at the time of the worst break in July, but the disturbance of the cash month seemed to unsettle holders for the later months. September closed heavy at low point, showing 1¼c lose from previous close, at 55¼c for old and 55c for new.

There was do decided change in the routine news of the day. Leading bidders reported country offerings limited. Cash corn on the tables sold at steady prices early, and only ⅛c lower later, and the cash market was at its usual premium over the futures before the July and September prices weakened. Statistics were not remarkable in any way. World's shipments were 4,280,000 bu. Corn on ocean passage increased 422,000 bu. Visible supply increased 595,000 bu. Chicago shipped 643,000 bu. Corn from Saturday's close and stocks in public houses increased for the week 541,000 bu, and private stocks are estimated to increase as much. All the western markets showed receipts of 653,000 bu, and shipments of 810,000. Receipts were under the estimate, at 523 cars, and shipments were considerably larger, at 814 cars. New York reported 120,000 bu sold for export, and local shipping sales were 820,000 bu. Illinois points reported low reserves, and little probability of further important marketing, at least until harvesting is out of the way. The wet weather was not regarded by the trade with apprehension.

Early Strength in Oats Lost.

There was considerable strength in oats trade during the morning, when wheat was strongest and corn firm. The wet weather over the states where oats harvests should be in progress added to the buying force in the market. Reports were at hand from several states saying oats were falling down because ripe, and harvesting was made impossible by the continued rains, some of the worst reports from Illinois. On the other hand, Springfield wired that arrivals of new oats are expected early in the present week. Prices made ½c gain for July and ⅝c for later months early, but closed steady to ⅛c lower. Sample oats brought slightly higher prices. Local shipments were 163,000 bu, and stocks in public houses decreased 41,000 bu. The visible supply increased 235,000 bu. The estimate for today was liberal at 223 cars.

Cudahy Land on Tap.

Provisions gave an exhibition of strength on early trades. On September contracts prices went to $13.12½ for pork, $7.32½@7.35 for lard, and $8.00 for ribs. The pork and ribs were bought on liberal orders placed for execution at the opening. Hogs were higher, and as first offerings of products were light the advance was easily scored. On the swell there was enough reselling by local longs in pork and ribs and enough lard offered by the Cudahy packing interests to force prices back to about Saturday's closing level. It was near the close when a poorly supported market felt the selling of about 2,000,000 lbs of ribs and a liberal quantity of lard. The offerings were credited to the Armour people. The result was a sharp drop in prices, much under the ease of last week. Last prices for September were $12.85 pork, $7.22½ lard, $7.82½@7.85 short ribs. Hogs for today were estimated at 22,000.

Small Markets Unchanged.

Rye ruled steady. September sold at 65c, and was offered at that at the close. July was 69¼c bid. No. 2 was nominally 78½c. Receipts, 4 cars.

Barley was steady, malting grades, 42@51c; feed, 40@43c; and screenings, 36@42c. Receipts, 4 cars.

Flaxseed held steady; No. 1 northwestern was $1.44, and No. 1, $1.26. Receipts were 10 cars at Minneapolis, 8 at Duluth, and 90,000 bu here.

Timothy seed ruled steady; September was $3.45 bid, and March, $3.70. Country lots ranged from $2.50 to $3.30. July clover seed was $12.25@13.00, and bag lots, $10.00@12.50.

Range of Active Futures.

WHEAT.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Closing July 10.	Closing July 11.
July	88¾-90⅝	91¾	88¾	90¾	90¾
Sept.	86¾-.74	88¼	86¼	87¼-⅝	87⅛
Dec.	87-.79	90	87	87⅞	87⅞
May	89¼	90¾-⅝	89¼	90⅝	90⅝

CORN.

†July	57⅛	57½	55¼	56¾	57⅛
‡July	57¾-.58	57⅝	55¾	56	57⅛
†Sept	56⅝-.56	56⅝	55¼	55¾	56¼
‡Sept	56-.56	56⅝	55	55	56¼-⅛
†Dec	50-.49⅝	50	49¼	49¾	49¾
‡Dec	50-.49⅝	50	49¼	49¾	49¾
May	49	49¼	48¾	48⅝	49¼

†Old. *New.

OATS

July	35¼-⅝	35¼	33¾	35¼	35¼

INTERESTING TRADE GOSSIP ON 'CHANGE.

The northwest continued to talk black rust. G. H. Daggett of Minneapolis wired his brother: "Marfield is getting a good many reports of rust damage." A message from the same market to Milmine-Bodman said: "A good many bad reports are coming on wheat from this state and South Dakota, more than North Dakota. Claim red rust is bad and also some black rust reported." One to Bartlett-Frazier said: "The weather this morning is clear and hot. Not a breath of wind; just the kind of weather to blight. Heavy dew and fog." Others were of the same tenor. Others, however, were encouraging. One from Fargo, N. D., said: "We don't have summer weather in January or snow in July. Black rust does not show up till wheat is headed out. It will be a week or ten days before it reaches that stage. There is plenty of red rust. In fact a lot of it. We may have a good average crop in this county if the weather is favorable from now on, but no bumper." Another said: "Samples from Spink county, S. D., the section of the Jim river valley the first black rust reports came from last year, are clear and fine, free from any appearance of disease; taller than the wheat of average years."

Visible supplies of wheat showed a decrease of 851,000 bu for the week, compared with a loss of 1,114,000 bu the week before and 577,000 bu last year. The leading decreases were: Chicago, 74,000 bu; Fort William, 180,000 bu; Port Arthur, 100,000 bu; Minneapolis, 272,000 bu; Duluth, 64,000 bu; Buffalo, 195,000 bu. The best increase was on the lakes, 143,000 bu. The corn visible increased 893,000 bu, against 652,000 bu the week before and a decrease of 108,000 bu last year. Chicago increased 541,000 bu; Buffalo, 318,000 bu; New York, 147,000 bu; Montreal, 82,000 bu. There was a decrease of 210,000 bu on the lakes. Oats showed an increase of 225,000 bu, against 91,000 bu last year. Local stocks decreased 61,000 bu. Rye decreased 15,000 bu and local stocks decreased 1,000 bu. Barley decreased 15,000 bu. Totals at all points and in public houses follow:

Totals—	July 8, 1905.	July 1, 1905.	July 9, 1904.
Wheat	14,423,000	14,274,000	13,478,000
Corn	4,453,000	3,560,000	3,174,000
Oats	7,456,000	7,221,000	4,437,000
Rye	795,000	808,000	815,000
Barley	865,000	870,000	1,356,000
Local stocks—			
Wheat	505,000	579,000	1,197,000
Corn	529,000	288,000	2,764,000
Oats	1,021,000	821,000	456,000
Rye	69,000	70,000	452,000
Barley	1,000	1,000	72,000

There was a decrease of 74,372 bu in local stocks of contract wheat last week, an increase of 585,764 bu in corn and a decrease of 61,350 bu in oats. Of the wheat decrease 5,991 bu was in No. 2 red, 64,965 bu was in No. 2 hard, and 3,416 bu in No. 1 northern. Total stocks and comparisons follow:

	July 1, 1905.	July 8, 1905.	July 9, 1904.
No. 2 hard	289,915	224,950	86,504
No. 2 red	232,489	226,498	194,548
No. 1 northern	26,676	23,053	440,060
Totals	549,079	474,707	721,200
Corn	288,411	529,103	2,755,210
Oats	540,614	579,264	357,113

World's wheat shipments were smaller from all sources except America and Russia. Details follow:

	This week.	Last week.	Last year.
America	1,104,000	856,000	1,208,000
Russia	4,560,000	4,320,000	2,064,000
Danube	720,000	1,464,000	464,000
Argentina	1,656,000	912,000	912,000
India	2,968,000	2,192,000	1,696,000
Australia	440,000	584,000	456,000
Austro-Hungary	None.	456,000	None.
Various	32,000	96,000	160,000
Totals	10,480,000	13,104,000	6,968,000

Receipts of wheat at the two southwest markets were heavy, 166 cars at each of the two points, but prices at St. Louis advanced 1@3c under a good demand from millers, while Kansas City was off 2@3c. In the local market sales of new wheat were made at about Saturday's prices, the No. 2 red 2c over July. Local receipts were over 30 cars of new wheat, but part of the arrivals are going direct into store, the rest largely selling to millers. Sales of No. 2 red were from 92¼@93¼c, six cars of new No. 2 hard sold at 92¾@93c. At Kansas City No. 2 red sold from 86@87c, No. 2 hard from 95½@96c, and No. 3 hard at 94c. St. Louis quoted No. 2 red at 91@93¼c and No. 3 red at 89@90c. Baltimore had 40 cars of new wheat, and prices eased 1@2c. Local sales of old wheat were 10,000 bu No. 2 hard at $1.01 in store, and 5,000 bu on p. t. Minneapolis quoted No. 1 northern 3c over July, at $1.10 in store, and Duluth $1.09. Old No. 2 red at St. Louis was 89@89½c.

Southwest crop news was bullish. A message from St. Louis said: "At Union City, Tenn., it is raining and wheat is sprouting in shocks from the rain on top." Other messages from the southwest also mentioned sprouting in shock. St. Louis wired: "There is a good deal of apprehension here over continued wet weather in Missouri, Illinois, Indiana, Oklahoma, and Texas. Damage reports are coming fast." One from Kansas City, however, said: "Little damage to wheat in Kansas by the rains. The movement has been delayed some. Weather is clear in southwest now. Cash demand here shaky."

Eastern demand for corn was fair, total sales 280,000 bu, including 56,000 bu sold for direct export to Liverpool. New York export sales were made at a price equal to 56⅝@57c f. o. b. Chicago. Prices on the sample tables started steady to ¼c lower and closed ½c lower on the decline in futures. Eastern buyers took 225,000 bu oats in the local market, and prices were steady to ½c higher.

"Weather is fine in Kansas," said a Kansas City message to Kneeland-Clement-Curtis. "Fairly liberal purchases were made Saturday at stations, but few acceptances of bids. The Oklahoma report indicates 11 bu per acre."

There was a decrease of 1,400,000 bu in wheat on passage to a total of 44,920,000 bu, against 43,526,000 bu last year. Corn on passage increased 282,000 bu to 15,388,000 bu, against 15,242,000 bu last year.

The Michigan report, according to King of Toledo makes wheat yield per acre 19 bu and the acreage about 1,000,000. Yield last year was 8 bu and crop 600,000 bu. Corn condition 78. Oats 90.

A New York message to Love said: "Mail advices say that in the united kingdom the oats crop is the poorest of all cereals; also, French and German outlook less favorable than year ago."

The average weight of local receipts of hogs last week was 225 lbs, the heaviest of the year, compared with 223 lbs the week before and 226 lbs in 1904 and 233 lbs in 1903.

One to Shearson-Hammill from the same market said: "Lots of wheat is headed this way, one firm having twenty-one advices of consignment this morning."

Deliveries on July contracts were 170,000 bu corn, put out by Harris-Scotten and Armour and taken by Pringle-Fitch-Rankin.

Estimated receipts for today are: Wheat, 54 cars; corn, 614 cars; oats, 223 cars; rye, 2 cars; barley, 23 cars; hogs, 22,000 head.

There were charters for 100,000 bu corn to Buffalo at 1½c.

There was a sale of a membership at $3,300 net to the buyer.

Sept	81¾-.73	81¾-.74	81¼	81¼	81⅜
Dec	82¾-.74	83¼-.75	82¾	82¾	83⅛-.¼
May	83¾-.75	83¾	83¼-⅝	83¾	83¾-.⅞

MESS PORK.

July	12.80-.82½	12.90	12.62½	12.62½	12.75
Sept	13.02½	13.12½	12.85	12.85	13.00

LARD.

July	7.12½	7.15	7.02½	7.05	7.10
Sept	7.30	7.35	7.22½	7.22½	7.30

SHORT RIBS.

July	7.77½	7.77½	7.62½	7.62½	7.72½
Sept	7.90	8.00	7.82½	7.85	7.92½
Oct	7.95	8.00	7.77½	7.90	7.95

Price Range Elsewhere.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Closing July 10.	Closing July 9.
New York—					
July wheat	95	95⅝	95	95⅛	96
Sept. wheat	91¾	92⅛	91¼	91⅝	92
July corn	62⅜	62⅜	62⅛	62½	62⅝
Sept. corn	62	62	61¼	61¾	62
St. Louis—					
July wheat	84½	84⅞	84¼	84⅝	83⅝
Sept. wheat	84¾	85	84¼	84⅝	84
Sept. corn	54¾	54¾	54	54	54⅝
Dec. corn	46⅝	46⅝	46¼	46⅜	46⅛
Toledo—					
July wheat	89½	90½	89½	89⅝	89¼
Sept. wheat	88½	89¼	88½	88⅝	88¾
Kansas City—					
Sept. wheat	78⅝	79¼	78⅝	79	79
Dec. wheat	79	79⅝	79	79¼	79¼-.⅝
Sept. corn	49⅜	49¼	49¼-.⅜	49½	49¾
Dec. corn	45¾	45¾	45¼	45⅜	45¾
Minneapolis—					
Cash	1.09⅝	1.10	1.09⅝	1.10	1.09¼
July wheat	1.07	1.07	1.07	1.07	1.07
Sept. wheat	92¼	93⅜-.⅝	92¼	92⅝	93¼
Duluth—					
Cash wheat				1.09	1.09¼
Sept. wheat, old	92¼	93½	92¼	92—	92¾
Sep. wheat, new	86¼	87¼	86¼	86¾	87

GRAIN INSPECTION.

	No. 2 and better.	No. 3.	No. 2 red.	Low grade.	Total.
Winer wheat	18	7		2	27
Corn	192	204	120	127	643
Oats	24	46	92	22	195
Rye	1			3	4
Barley	1				1
Totals	253	46	303	151	753

Inspected out: Wheat—No. 2 hard, 1,675 bu; No. 2 red, 6,295 bu. Oats—Standard, 60,825 bu. Loaded from millsteed elevators: Wheat—No. 2 hard, 1 car. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 12 cars and 73,000 bu; No. 2, 110 cars and 59,000 bu; No. 3, 1 car and 250,450 bu; No. 4, 2 cars; No. 2 white, 50,000 bu; No. 3 white, 153,000 bu; No. 4 white, 1 car; No. 2 white, 4 cars; No. 3 white, 6 cars; No. 2, 6 cars and 30,000 bu; standard, 1 car; white clipped, 30,000 bu.

Cash Produce Transactions.

FLOUR—Firm; hard spring [favorite brands], $6.20@6.40; hard patents [in wood], $5.50@5.70; straight [export bags], $4.90@5.00; clear [export bags], $3.60@4.00; soft winter patents [export bags], $4.20@4.30; straight, $4.00@4.10; hard winter patents [export bags], $4.30@4.50; clear [export bags], $3.50@3.90; rye flour, bris, $4.00@4.35, sacks, $3.50@3.90.

BRAN—Weak. Sales on track: $14.50@15.00.

MIDDLINGS—Dull. Sales free on board, $16.00.

WINTER WHEAT—Steady. Sales in store and to go: No. 2 hard, 10,000 bu at $1.01. Free on board: No. 2 red, 92¾@93¼c; No. 4 hard, 80c; No. 3 hard, 79c.

SPRING WHEAT—Quiet and easy. No sales were reported.

CORN—Opened steady, but closed 1c lower. Sales in store and to go: No. 2, 58c; No. 2 yellow, 58@58¼c; No. 3 yellow, 57¾@58c; No. 3 white, 58c; No. 4, 56¾c. Sales on track and free on board: No grade sold 58¼@57c; No. 4, 54@57½c; No. 3, 57¾@58c; No. 3 yellow, 57¾@58c; No. 3 white, 57¾@58c; No. 2 white, 58@58¼c. Billed through: No grade, 54½c; No. 4, 55¾@56½c; No. 3, 56¾c; No. 3 yellow, 56¾@57c; No. 2, 56¾@57c; No. 2 yellow, 57@57¼c; No. 3 white, 56¾@57c; No. 2 white, 56¾@57c.

OATS—¼c higher early, but closed easy. Sales in store and to go: No. 3 white, 33¼@34c; white clipped, 150,000 bu on p. t. Sales on track and free on board: No grade, 28½c; No. 4 white, 32¾@33c; No. 3 white, 33¼@34c; standard, 34¼@34½c; No. 2, 34½c; No. 2 white, 34½@35c. Billed through: No. 2 white, 32@33c; No. 3, 33c; No. 3 white, 33¼@34¼c; standard, 34@34½c; No. 2, 31¼c; No. 2 white, 34¼c.

RYE—Dull. No sales reported.

BARLEY—Firm. Sales free on board: Screenings, 38@44c; barley, 43¼@50c.

PROVISIONS—Easy. Sales free on board: Screenings, 38@44c; barley, 43¼@50c.

PROVISIONS—Easy. Sales cuts: Mess pork, $12.65@12.70; lard, $7.05@7.05; ribs, $7.60@7.70, according to weight.

BEEF PRODUCT—Quiet and steady. Prices quotable as follows: Beef hams, $18.50@18.75; extra mess beef, $9.00@9.50; plate beef, $9.25@9.75; extra plate beef, $10.00@10.50. Tallow steady at 4¼@4¾c for edible, 5@5¼c for prime packers, 4¾@4½c for No. 1 do, and 3½@3¾c for No. 2 do; 4½@4¾c for city renderers, 4¾@4¾c for prime country, 3¾@3¾c for No. 2 do. Oleo-sterine moderate demand and quotably steady at 7¾@7½c.

GREASE—Quiet and steady at 3½@3¾c for brown, 3¾@3¾c for yellow, 3¾@3¾c for house, 4¼@4½c for B white, and 4¾@4¾c for A white.

COOPERAGE—Firm. Ash pork bris, 83@87½c; cut pork bris, 92½@95c; lard tcs, 11

REALTY SOLD.

APPROVES PRICE FORTY ACRES.

d by Ald. Bennett, of Third National's 125,000 in Spite of n Pearce That It Is ore—Site Purchased d School for New

filed by Myron Pearce, day confirmed the sale old Third National bank the syndicate headed by nett. Mr. Pearce was ney George E. Newcomb the sale was based on rice to be paid, $3,125 an low, it being asserted as worth in the neighborhood, and that it would n the entire tract of 100 be disposed of at that

Lyman in reply said d been made to sell the while the present price t been agreed to by the well as the controller of also that the improvements by the purchasing syndi pening of Jefferson ave ly enhance the value of acres, which will be this fall after the street nty-first street to Jack

urch Site Bought.

et, at the southeast cor nue and Thirty-second the same dimensions at of Thirty-second street re to form the site for a r a new Catholic parish avid's, with the Rev. D. tor. The land has just E. W. Bissell and others Crimmins was formerly le was negotiated by

ufacturing Plant.

as sold to Joseph C. Gale in Forty-fourth avenue, rado avenue, for $35,000. rty is to become the site ufacturing plant.

ord yesterday made pub purchase by the Colvin t off the rear of the Tay at the southeast corner nd Congress street. For ing back 100½ feet, $75. is at the rate of $3,750 a d a square foot. A trust secure $45,000 for five

den has leased to the rtment quarters for the stal station, 720 West t, for ten years, begin at an annual rental of

te Transfers.

S VIEW.

hool-st., w f, 25x123, hy to Jergen von ...$ 2,350
race-st., w f, 50x120, to Ernestine Wag- 2,000

PERSON.

allou-st., n f, 24x125, Augusta Grosch)... 1,700
of Milwaukee-av., a $2,500, July 7 [P. Lehmann]..... 2,650
Monticello, s f, 75x June 16 [S. R. Gross ed]..... 9,761

CHICAGO.

arfield-av., w f, 25x Wagner to Sophia 2,800
Clark, s f, 20x40, S [C. Helbig to Ar Garfield-av., w f, 25x Kaiser to August 4,500
chard-st., s f, 20x Hackel to Richard 16,500

CHICAGO.

Wabash-av., s f, 20x es of estate of Will sed], last of Brook harine, Jessie, and 75,000
and 24th-st., w f, 24x newics to L. Ruzzie- 2,800
tworth-av., s f, 25x isbore et al., by M. d L. Asst.)..... 4,645
ood-st., s f, 90x164½, ming to Thomas H. 6,500

E PARK.

et, s f, 150x120, sch to C. T. & T. Co.] or 50th-st., s f, 100x ariah Zeigler to Gar- [J. Bucyrus, Jr.]..... 20,000
of 46th-st., s f, 20x90 R. Bartlett to Clinton 10,500
72d-st., w f, 20x125, James K. Gordon]..... 1,500
of Washington, s w f, uly 5 [M. T. Irwin to 2,500
63d-st., w f, 24x170, e 29 [S. F. Jones to 1

LAKE.

and 23d, w f, 43x123, to Bertha Schaefer]... 1,600
e f, 25x124, June 20 rine A. O'Hern]..... 3,100

CHICAGO.

of Armitage-av., s e July 7 [L. Deutsch to 1,800
Jefferson-st., f, 20x hardt to Maria Miller] st., s f, 24x125, July 7 el Harbut]..... 10,800
ins, n f, 24x124, July 6 2,900
Wierenga]..... olorado, e f, 25x160', re fully described as C. G. W. R. R., 160 ch Taylor-st., thence by, being 133 s e of Col e 386.8, thence south L. Reichert to Laflin 25,000
of Wabansia, e f, 50x of M. Nalepinski]... 2,850
s, n f, 36x122, June 10 nael Kolasa]..... 2,000
Bickerdike, s f, 25x125, John Kasner]..... 1,625
of Thomas-st., w f, 25x Wendell to Minerva B. 1,850
day, n f, 25x125, July 7 ouis Gutter]..... 4,200

ng Permits.

frame cottage, 4037 ...$ 1,150
story frame residence, 1,300
frame cottage, 166 W. 1,100
story frame residence, 1,300
story frame flats, 5420 2,300
flats, 710 71st 2,000
frame rear addi- 1,000
tory brick ware- 25,000
brick store and 9,000
story frame flats, 5518 4,200
tory brick apartments, 20,000
brick flats, 1253 W. 10,000
flats, 1208 Ridge- 2,000
2 story frame 1,750
ne flats, 556 W. 2,000
story frame dwelling, 1,800
y brick warehouse, 235 2,000
ory brick flats, 960 W. 2,500
brick stores and 3,800
frame cottage, 1,000
stores and flats, 4,000
frame residence, 6,400
frame rear addi- 400
3 story brick addition 50,000
story frame cottage, 1,600
frame dwelling, 1,900
ick flats, 3067 N. 4,500
brick apartments, 12,000
brick rear addi- 800

Certificates.

y 10.—Petroleum easy.
ly 10.—Oil—North Lima, 86c; lana, 81c.
—Credit balances, $1.27; nents, 53,534 brls. aver- ts, Lima, 82,125 brls.

Stores.

Resin—Steady. Turpen-

10.—Turpentine—Steady Quote: A B C, $3.25.
July 10.—Spirits turpen- Resin—Nominal. Tar—Firm; Turpentine—Firm; $2.80, $4.25.

ON THE LOCAL EXCHANGE.

BOXBOARD BUYING IS OF AN INDIFFERENT CHARACTER.

Subway Stock Advances on Purchases Which Are Practically All from Inside Sources—Union Traction at 28 —Prospectus of New Japanese Bonds Issued—International Steam Pump Annual Report — Central Trust Directors Elect Officers.

Trading on the local exchange yesterday was in moderate volume, with Boxboard proferred the most active issue. The price showed considerable firmness, though no announcement concerning the property was made. The buying in this stock for a number of months has been of an indifferent character.

Those who have watched the disintegrations and reorganizations of the strawboard and boxboard business have reached the opinion that it is almost impracticable to conduct such business as a trust. The independents invariably destroy the business of the consolidated concern. The United Boxboard company has gone the way of the American Strawboard company, the Standard Strawboard company, the Selling company organized at Indianapolis, the Paper Products company, another selling agency, O. C. Barber, who was at one time president of the American Strawboard company, thought he could do something with the United Boxboard and Paper company, and went into the latter, buying Boxboard preferred at $30 a share. It closed yesterday at $10.50. The Diamond Match company, of which M. Barber is president, has managed to pay its 10 per cent dividend, but there are no longer any "melons" for Diamond Match shareholders.

Chicago Subway stock was advanced to 17¾. The buying practically all comes from one source, being the management of the company. One of the latter's responsible officers said not long ago it might be possible that a market for Subway was being made in order to induce the selling of $7,500,000 bonds of stock, which, the official let it be understood, the large insiders desired to secure. There is, of course, a humorous as well as a serious feature to such an announcement. Possibly the humorous predominates.

Support for Oak Park "L."

Chicago and Oak Park preferred firmed up, selling at 17¾c. Some of the holders of this stock who had it as collateral for loans approached the insiders with a view of selling it to them privately. The offer was declined. However, the stock had the appearance of being supported at 16. The First National is understood to have sold all its collateral. But there was a kind of pool in the stock, operating in Knight-Donnelley's office, and these shares have not yet been sold.

Twenty shares of Chicago Union Traction preferred came on the market at 28. This is the lowest price within a year. The low record is 25½. However, there has been nothing ahead for Union Traction since it became apparent a deal could not be made with the city on lines suggested by traction interests. The company is now in the position of finding year after year some part of its franchises expiring. It is simply in a state of disintegration.

The National Biscuit shares were steady. The common sold at 62 and the preferred at 117. The street evidently does not believe the statements in the circular issued by J. E. Smith. However, if the management is at war with the trade it is pursuing the same course that has brought about the troubles of the Corn Products company.

The market for Quaker Oats shares has been firm in the last few days, and the trading has been controlled exclusively by one broker, who has bought and sold for and to himself. He appears to have been able to get the asked price every time; and the stock has moved up without any reactions.

Western Stone stock was firm. The Can issues were moderately dealt in, and the preferred was weak at the close. Insiders are doing nothing in the market.

In the bond department prices were irregular, but fairly steady.

Japanese Bonds.

The prospectus of the new Japanese 4½ per cent loan was issued yesterday. Subscription books will be opened on July 12 and will be closed on or before July 17. Subscriptions must be accompanied by a deposit of $25 for each £100 sterling of bonds subscribed for. A second payment of $25 will be due Aug. 3, and the remaining $383.97 on each £100 bond on Oct. 16. Payments made in full Aug. 3 are accorded a discount of 3 per cent per annum. The subscription price is 87½ and accrued interest.

Interest on the bonds is payable semi-annually on Jan. 10 and July 10 of each year in London, New York, and Berlin at the fixed exchange of $4.87 a pound sterling. There will be allotted in this country $50,000,000 and a like amount in London and Berlin.

The bonds are similar to the previous issue of £30,000,000 sterling, and are a charge upon the annual net revenues of the Japanese government tobacco monopoly, subject only to the charge in favor of the prior loan of £30,000,000. Hence, this is of no consequence. It is all a matter of Japanese credit.

The subscriptions sold in New York yesterday at 88¼.

International Steam Pump.

Earnings of the International Steam Pump for the fiscal year just ended show a decrease of $135,156 compared with the previous year. After the payment of dividends there was a deficit of $17,961.

President John W. Dunn says the increasing demand for the company's products has taxed the various plants to their utmost capacity, so that they were unable to reduce the amount of unfilled orders on hand, which March 31, 1905, amounted to $4,510,000. Mr. Dunn points out that:

"Since the organization of the company, in 1901, there has been paid and distributed in redemption of bonds and in interest and dividends on the securities of the company and its constituent companies a total of $7,113,134 and $6,082,977 for new buildings and improvements, making a total of $13,196,131. The benefits of these improvements are expected to be hereafter reflected in the economy and increase of production."

The following are the financial statements for the fiscal year ended March 31, 1905:

	1905.	1904.	Decrease.
Profits from mfg. & trading	$1,617,435	$1,827,430	$209,995
Other income	124,147	109,308	*14,839
Total income	$1,741,582	$1,936,738	$195,156
Int., discr., etc.	82,276	36,065	*46,211
Balance	$1,659,306	$1,900,673	$241,367
Depreciation	326,371	294,056	*32,315
Balance	$1,332,935	$1,606,617	$273,682
Int. funded debt	334,499	304,512	*29,987
Balance	$ 998,436	$1,302,105	$303,669
Pref. dividends	708,800	708,800	.....
Bal. for com.	$ 288,636	$ 593,305	$303,669
Common divid's	306,597	490,661	184,064
Deficit	$ 17,961	Sur$101,644	*$119,605
Prev. surp., less adjustments	2,269,993	2,153,349	*86,644
Total surplus	$2,252,032	$2,284,993	$ 32,961

*Decrease.

ASSETS.	1905.	1904.	Increase.
Real est., inv'm's, goods, etc.	$26,358,218	$24,963,471	$1,374,747
Invest. on bonds	174,903	187,403	*12,500
Underwriters	4,633,486	4,092,757	540,729
Acc'ts and bills receivable	3,408,918	3,385,464	23,454
Amt'y on acc. bals	16,620	30,613	*13,993
Cash	121,068	184,531	*63,463
Miscellaneous	133,094	147,831	*14,737
Totals	$34,846,937	$33,012,170	$1,834,767

LIABILITIES.			
Common stocks	$12,287,300	$12,287,300	.....
Preferred stocks	11,335,000	11,335,000	.....
Funds and debentures			.....
Surplus capital	5,960,065	4,053,050	$ *72,085
Reserve from mfg.	1,116,399	1,116,399	.....
Int. accrued	147,105	64,384	82,721
Trade accounts	2,305,090	649,375	1,655,625
Miscellaneous	806,970	635,131	270,939
Dividends	213,760	205,461	8,299
Bills on contracts	195,117	255,536	*60,419
Surplus	1,213,190	145,541	*17,353
	2,252,031	2,284,993	*32,962
Totals	$34,846,937	$33,012,170	$1,824,767

*Decrease.

St. Louis Rocky Mountain.

Fisk & Robinson, on behalf of a syndicate, have arranged to finance the St. Louis, Rocky Mountain and Pacific company, which was incorporated not long ago in New Mexico as successor to the Raton Coal and Coke company. The undertaking includes the purchase of $1,000,000 first mortgage, fifty-year 5 per cent gold bonds. With the proceeds of the bond issue the company will proceed immediately to build 120 miles of railroad line and to increase its coal operations to large proportions. The coal field acquired by the company, known locally as the Raton field, is situated in Colfax county, N. M.

Moody's Manual, 1905.

Moody's manual of railroads and corporation securities for 1905 has been received. Each year the volume grows more pretentious and more useful. The 1905 edition has 2,580 pages, an increase of 30 per cent over the previous year. It covers fresh statistics of steam railroads, electric traction companies, gas and electric light companies, water supply companies, telegraph, telephone, and cable companies; the entire field of industrials, mines, banks, and financial institutions. There are actual statements of 14,000 corporations. In the several lists of absorbed corporations at least 20,000 additional titles will be found. The book is now the most comprehensive work on the market dealing with the subjects named.

It is perfectly indexed. The price is $10. The Chicago office is at 535 the Rookery.

Dividend Declared.

The Great Northern railway company has declared a regular quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent, payable Aug. 1. Books close July 19, reopen Aug. 2.

Central Trust of Illinois.

The annual meeting of the directors of the Central Trust Company of Illinois was held yesterday and the following officers elected:

President—Charles G. Dawes.
Vice presidents—W. Irving Osborne, A. Uhrlaub.
Cashier—William R. Dawes.
Assistant cashiers—L. D. Skinner, Dudley H. Rood, Harry E. Hallenbeck.
Assistant secretary—Malcolm McDowell.

General Financial News.

The production of gold at the Rand during June is officially announced as 412,817 ounces, against 416,393 in May and 308,219 ounces in June, 1904.

It seems probable no one will be named as president of the Chicago Title and Trust company until fall.

Wabash earnings for July were $425,888, a decrease of $33,481.

Illinois Central earnings for the month of June decreased $17,700. For the fiscal year there was an increase of $2,573,336.

It is rumored that the headquarters of the American Steel Foundries company will be moved from New York to Chicago.

C. G. Gates Bullish.

Charles G. Gates is quoted as saying: "I look for a creeping bull market all summer. Dividends will be increased on Baltimore and Ohio, Union Pacific, and perhaps some other issues, and Southern Pacific will get a common stock declaration. These developments will gradually affect the public, and by fall we should have a big, broad market on a much higher level."

New York Curb Transactions.

	Shares.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Am. Copper	100	69	69	69	69
B. C. Copper	770	7	7	6¾	7
Chgo. Sub	3,400	71¾	72¼	71½	72⅜
Cent. Leather	1,000	47¾	49½	46¾	47
Do pfd	4,190	105½	105⅞	104⅜	105¼
G. Gold	11,300	4⅝	5⅜	4⅝	5¼
G. Copper	4,900	22	22	21¾	21¾
Int. Marine	900	13½	13½	13⅜	13½
Do pfd	800	30⅜	30⅝	29½	30⅛
Interboro	700	200¾	202	200½	202
Mackay Co	700	39⅝	39⅝	39½	39⅝
Do pfd		73½	73½	73½	73½
Nor. Sec	200	167¾	168	166	166
Seaboard Co	100	26¼	26¼	26¼	26¼
Do 2d pfd	400	56	56¾	56	56¼
Stand. Oil	13	616	618	616	618
United Cop	2,700	25¾	24¾	23¾	24¾

BONDS.

$100000 Cent. Lea. 5s	99⅜	99⅜	99⅝	99⅝
7000 Jap. new 4½s	88½	88½	88	88

*And interest.

CLOSING BID AND ASKED PRICES.

	Bid.	Asked.
American Can	11½	12
American Writing Paper	7	8
Do pfd	29½	30
Bay State Gas	¾	¼
Am. Tobacco	270	280
Compressed Air	⅛	¼
Electric Boat	25	30
Do pfd	70	78
Electro Pneumatic	⅛	¼
Electric Vehicle	21½	22½
Do pfd	29	30
Havana Tobacco	25	29
Do pfd	33	39
Manhattan Transit	¾	1
Montreal & Boston	7	8½
N. Y. El. Veh. Trans.	8½	9¾
Otis Elevator	54	57
Do pfd	105	109
Pittsburg and Bessemer	83	88
Do pfd	108	112
Royal Baking Powder pfd	107	109
Standard Coupler	29	30
Do pfd	120	135
Tenn. Copper	25¼	25⅝
Beth.	28½	30½
Do pfd	76	80
Safety	250	260
Tonopah	13½	14

Foreign Exchange.

The market yesterday was dull and steady, with a slight decline in quotations. Actual rates for bankers' sixty day sterling bills were 4.8515@4.8525; demand, 4.8960@4.87; cable transfers, 4.8710@4.8720; sight francs, 5.16¼ less 3-64 to 5.16¼; short marks, 95¼@95⅝ plus 1-32.

Following are the posted rates of the principal drawers of foreign exchange:

London	4.88
Berlin, reichmarks	95⅝
Paris, francs	5.15
Amsterdam, florins	40.40
Zurich, francs	5.15⅝
Genoa, lire	5.15⅝
Antwerp, francs	5.15⅝
Vienna, crowns	20.40
St. Petersburg, rubles	51⅝
Stockholm, kroner	27

Approximate rates for demand drafts on the orient:

Hongkong	46⅝
Shanghai	65⅝
Yokohama	50
Manila	50
Singapore	50⅝

Sales on the Exchange.

The following were the sales on the Chicago stock exchange yesterday:

	Shares.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
American Can	200	11¾	11¾	11⅝	11⅝
Do pfd	319	69½	69½	68⅝	68⅝
Am. Radiator pfd	50	129½	129½	129½	129½
Am. Shipbuilding	115	55	55	55	55
Chicago Edison	20	159	159	159	159
Chi. Pneu. Tool	40	45	45	45	45
Chicago Subway	1,225	70¾	72¼	70⅝	72¼
Chi. Un. Trac. pfd	20	22⅝	28	28	28
Chi. & Oak Pk. El.	60	5	5	5	5
Do pfd	185	17	17¾	17	17¾
Diamond Match	60	139½	139½	139½	139½
Illinois Brick	60	59¾	60	59¾	60
National Biscuit	125	62	62	62	62
Do pfd	281	117	117	117	117
Quaker Oats	476	89½	92	89½	92
Do pfd	290	95¼	98	95¼	98
Street's S. C.	50	28⅜	28⅜	28⅜	28⅜
Street's S. C. pfd	75	98⅛	98⅛	98½	98½
Un. Box Board	50	1½	1½	1½	1½
Do pfd	1,150	9½	10¼	9½	10¼
Western Stone	5,000	31	31¼	30½	31¼

BONDS.

$5,000 Com Elec 5s	106¼	$1,000 Met El gold 4s		94⅞
1,000 Do	106⅝	5,000 N. W. El 4s		94⅜
1,000 Lake St. 1st mort. 5s	89¾			

CHICAGO EXCHANGE CLOSING.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Am Can	11⅜	11¾	Met L	25⅛	25½
Do pfd	68½	69	Do 4s	94⅝	95
Biscuit	61	61¼	Do pfd	65	67
Do pfd	117	117⅜	N W El	21½	22½
Bearboard	1½	1⅝	Do pfd	63	64
Do pfd	10¾	10⅝	Do 4s	94¼	94½
Carbon	63	64	North Chi	64	64
Do pfd	117	120	Pneu Tool x-d	43¾	44
Chi City Ry	72	187½	Quaker Oats	90	92
Chi Subway	72	72¼	Do pfd	96	98
Diam Match	139¼	139½	Swifts	107	107½
Edison	155	160	Title & Tr	102	104
K C Ry & L	42	43	Un Tract	6	7½
Do pfd	83½	85¾	West Chi	40	45
Lake St.	3½	4	Do con 5s	75½	80

Clearings in Chicago yesterday were $32,664,883 and a week ago $38,901,408.

New York exchange sold yesterday in Chicago before clearings at par and after at 20c premium.

IN FOREIGN MONEY MARKETS.

LONDON, July 10.—Supplies of money were scarcer in the market today. Trading on the stock exchange opened with prices fairly steady, the market inactive, and the tendency uncertain. Mining accounts absorbed attention and consols were a fraction higher. Americans opened firm. The movements mostly were above parity, but business was light and prices closed irregular. Russians were dull. Japanese were fairly steady. Kaffirs rallied. Japanese imperial 6s of 1904 were quoted at 103.

BERLIN, July 10.—On the bourse today the general tendency of prices was towards firmness.

The weekly statement of the Imperial Bank of Germany shows the following changes: Cash in hand decreased 4,700,000 marks; treasury notes decreased 260,000 marks; other securities increased 9,140,000 marks; notes in circulation decreased 114,560,000 marks.

PARIS, July 10.—Prices on the bourse today were firm. Russian imperial 4s were quoted at 86.50 and Russian bonds of 1904 at 89½.

Closing quotations of American securities in London:

	Saturday's latest.	Monday. 4 p. m.	N. Y. equiv.	Saturday's N. Y. close.
Atchison	87	87⅜	85⅝	85⅝
Do pfd	104⅜	104⅝	107½	102⅜
Balt. & Ohio	116½	116⅝	113⅝	114
Can. Pacific	155⅞	156⅛	152⅜	151⅞
Ches. & Ohio	55⅜	57	54⅝	53⅝
Chi. Gt. Western	21	20⅝	20⅜	20⅝
C., M. & St. Paul	184⅝	185	180⅜	180¼
Erie	48⅝	48⅝	47⅜	47⅝
Do 1st pfd	85	85⅜	83⅝	84
Do 2d pfd	75	74½	72⅝	72⅝
Illinois Central	172⅜	172⅜	168¼	167⅞
Louis. & Nash	153⅜	153⅝	150	149⅝
M., K. & T.	30⅝	30	29¼	.....
N. Y. Central	153⅜	153⅜	150	148¼
Nor. & West	88⅛	88¼	86	85⅝
Ont. & West	54⅞	54½	53¼	53
Pennsylvania	73⅜	73⅜	143¾	143
Reading	55⅛	55¼	107⅞	107⅝
Do 1st pfd	47⅛	48¾	94⅝	95
Do 2d pfd	47⅜	48⅝	93⅝	93
Southern Ry	33⅜	33	34¼	34
Do pfd	100⅜	100¼	98	98½
Southern Pacific	66⅝	66	64⅜	65¼
Union Pacific	133⅝	133⅜	130⅝	130⅝
Do pfd	100	100	97⅛	.....
U. S. Steel	34⅝	35¼	34¼	34⅝
Do pfd	105⅜	104⅝	102	102
Wabash	20⅜	20	19⅜	.....
Do pfd	41¼	41	40	.....

Consols, 90 1-16; New York equivalent, 90¼.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Prices of prime sort hog reached the top for the year as the result of strong demand. Sheep also were in good demand and one string of lambs was sold at $8.15, said to be the highest price ever paid. Cattle were steady with a good local demand for steers.

Cattle.

Rain interfered with cattle sales, but prices were steady. Receipts were estimated at 21,000. The best demand was for local trade. Quotations:

Choice to prime steers	$5.40@6.10
Common to good steers	4.15@5.15
Inferior to common steers	3.75@4.15
Good to fancy cows and heifers	3.60@5.00
Fair to choice feeders	4.00@4.65
Fair to choice stockers	3.00@4.25
Good cutting and fair beef cows	2.00@3.50
Common to good canning cows	1.40@2.00
Bulls, common to choice	2.00@3.75
Calves, common to good	3.00@5.25
Calves, good to fancy	5.25@6.75

Hogs.

Hogs were in good demand at top prices for the year. Receipts were about up to expectations, and the quality of the offerings generally was good. Quotations:

Good to choice shipping	$5.00@5.77½
Good to choice butcher weights	5.00@5.80
Good to choice heavy mixed	5.40@5.80
Heavy packing	5.30@5.50
Light mixed	5.45@5.77½
Good to choice 180@250 lb weights	5.65@5.80
Choice to prime heavy	5.00@5.80
Poor to choice pigs	4.00@5.25

TOTAL PURCHASES.

Packers bought hogs as follows:

Anglo-American	2,400	Swift & Co.	4,000
Armour & Co.	6,000	S. & S. Co.	2,500
Boore & Co.	400	Small packers and	
Boyd, L. & Co.	1,500	butchers	1,500
Continental	700		
G. H. Hammond Co.	1,200	Total	22,800
R. & C.	3,600	Shippers bought	11,000
N. Morris & Co.	1,500	Left unsold	2,000

Sheep.

With light supply lambs advanced to record prices. All good stock advanced 25@35c. Yearlings also advanced, some selling up to $6.50. Western wethers went up to $5.70, and ewes sold as high as $5.50. Quotations:

Export wethers	$4.85@5.25
Fair to export wethers	4.85@5.75
Fair to prime wethers	4.10@5.75
Yearlings, fair to fancy	5.35@6.50
Culls, ewes, poor to fair	3.00@4.00
Bucks and stags	2.00@3.00
Native lambs, medium to prime, shorn	5.25@6.75
Native lambs, culls and fair class, shorn	4.25@5.25
Western lambs, shorn	5.25@6.75
Spring lambs	5.00@8.15

Live Stock Markets Elsewhere.

NEW YORK, July 10.—Beeves—Receipts, 3,886; steers less active and lower. Calves—Receipts, 155; veals steady. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 14,390; sheep 10@25c lower; lambs 10@25c off; common lambs, 50c lower. Hogs—Receipts, 9,965; market strong; state hogs, $6.20@6.30.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 10.—Cattle—Receipts, 16,000, including 8,000 southerns; fed steers steady; others steady to 10c lower. Hogs—Receipts, 5,000; market strong to 5c higher; top, $5.50; bulk of sales, $5.42½@5.47½. Sheep—Receipts, 5,000; market strong to 10c higher.

OMAHA, Neb., July 10.—Cattle—Receipts, 4,800; market steady to strong. Hogs—Receipts, 5,100; market 5c higher; bulk of sales, $5.30@5.35. Sheep—Receipts, 2,300; market steady.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 10.—Cattle—Receipts, 5,500, including 4,000 Texans; market steady. Hogs—Receipts, 2,500; market higher. Sheep—Receipts, 2,000; market steady.

SOUTH ST. JOSEPH, Mo., July 10.—Cattle—Receipts, 2,620; steady to strong. Hogs—Receipts, 2,948; 5c higher. Sheep—Receipts, 105; steady.

FOLK SEES "CLEAN" ERA.

SAYS GRAFT PROSECUTIONS SHOW MORAL AWAKENING.

Public Conscience, Declares Missouri Governor, Has Been Sleeping, Although Rottenness Ever Has Been as Prevalent as at Present—America, He Thinks, Is Emerging from Commercial Age Into One of High Ideals and Honesty.

Jefferson City, Mo., July 10.—[Special.]—Gov. Folk was asked today his opinion of the significance of the boodle exposures being made so generally over the country, and whether it indicates a decadence in the moral tone of the American people. He said:

"The hunt for boodlers and grafters now going on from one end of the land to the other is an evidence not of moral degeneration, but of a moral awakening.

"Up to three years ago there had been only thirty-four cases of bribery reported in the books in the preceding hundred years of our country's history. This was not because the offense was uncommon, but because it was unusual for any one to be prosecuted for what was then termed a 'conventional' crime.

Great Is the Awakening.

"Men gave bribes and thought nothing of it. Men took bribes and boasted of the fact. Legislative halls became dens of thieves; the touch of the unclean dollar was over all, and the public conscience was asleep.

"Then came the revelations in St. Louis, followed by Minneapolis and other cities, and the people awoke to how they were being plundered by their trusted officials and to the fact that bribery, if allowed to go on unchecked, would mean a government not of the people but of the few with wealth enough to purchase official favors from city to city and state to state.

"The idea went on until many states and cities are waging war against the things that dishonor.

Beginning a New Era.

"This condition should encourage all lovers of good government, for the remedy for corruption in its last analysis is in the hearts of the people.

"We have passed through the commercial age when the chief end and aim was to acquire wealth; we are now entering into the age of high ideals. The question is now, not how to get rich, but how to do right. The rule of the dollar is not so potent as it was, and the reign of law is becoming more accepted. We are passing from evil to good, and from darkness into light."

NO LOCKHART WILL CONTEST.

Attorney for Mrs. Flower, Daughter, Left Only $300,000 of $60,000,000 Estate, Discredits Reports.

Pittsburg, Pa., July 10.—[Special.]—From a statement made this afternoon by John C. Haymaker, attorney for Mrs. W. S. Flower, daughter of the late Charles Lockhart, the Standard Oil man, who died leaving $60,000,000, of which $300,000 was left in trust for Mrs. Flower, there will be no will contest.

Mr. Haymaker said his client had not drawn the interest of the sum left her. Great pressure is being brought to bear on the other heirs to make a distribution of the wealth, so that Mrs. Flower may get her share.

Attorney Haymaker admitted there were but two alternatives, either for Mrs. Flower to accept the legacy or contest the will. One report has it Mrs. Flower will be given her share by the heirs rather than allow the exact amount of the fortune left by Mr. Lockhart to become public.

Elgin Butter Market.

ELGIN, Ill., July 10.—[Special.]—Thirty-five tubs of butter were offered on the board of trade this afternoon, but no sales were made. The market was quoted steady at 20c. The output for the district during the week was 996,000 lbs.

4.10 Per Cent

On First Mortgage Railroad Bonds

We offer subject to prior sale $157,000 Coal River Railway Company First Mortgage 4% bonds at 98 and interest.

The Coal River Railway Co. has been built as a branch of the Chesapeake & Ohio Railway **to open** up the **richest section** of the Kanawha coal fields. In addition to coal, the territory served is remarkably rich in timber, which will also be a large factor in the traffic of the road. These bonds are

unconditionally guaranteed

both as to principal and interest, by the

Chesapeake & Ohio Railway

The Chesapeake & Ohio is under the joint control of the Pennsylvania and Vanderbilt interests. Its statement for the nine months ending March 31st, 1905, shows a surplus of $2,116,000.

Call or send for special circular.

Rudolph Kleybolte & Co.

319-320 New York Life Bldg., - 171 La Salle St.

New York CHICAGO Cincinnati

SMALL INVESTORS

Will find safe and convenient use for their funds in our current offerings of

Bonds & Mortgages

IN AMOUNTS OF

$500 UP

NETTING

4½ to 6%

SEND FOR CIRCULAR 540.

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BONDS

First National Bank Bldg., Chicago.

HAMMOND ELEVATOR COMPANY

(INCORPORATED). Capital Stock $200,000. Fully Paid. Proprietors of the largest Steel Elevator in Indiana. Working capacity 75 cars per day. All Modern Improvements.

—DEALERS—

Grain, Provisions, Cotton, Stocks and Bonds and Other Securities.

We Have No Agents.....Grain in Car Lots.
BUYERS and SHIPPERS OF WESTERN GRAIN.
HAMMOND, IND.

JENNINGS REAL ESTATE LOAN COMPANY

BUILDING LOANS

FIRST NATIONAL BANK BUILDING

£30,000,000

Imperial Japanese Government 4½% Sterling Loan,

(SECOND SERIES)

DUE JULY 10, 1925.

WITH OPTION TO THE IMPERIAL JAPANESE GOVERNMENT TO REDEEM ALL OR ANY PART ON OR AFTER JULY 10, 1910, UPON GIVING SIX MONTHS' NOTICE.

SECURED BY A CHARGE ON THE TOBACCO MONOPOLY REVENUES OF THE EMPIRE, AS STATED BELOW.

CREATED UNDER THE AUTHORITY OF IMPERIAL ORDINANCES NUMBERS 194 AND 195 OF HIS MAJESTY THE EMPEROR, BOTH PROMULGATED JULY 8, 1905.

Coupon Bearer Bonds in the Denominations of £20, £100, and £200.

SEMI-ANNUAL INTEREST PAYABLE JANUARY 10TH AND JULY 10TH, AT THE OFFICE OF THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LTD., IN LONDON, AT ITS AGENCY IN NEW YORK, AND THROUGH THE DEUTSCH-ASIATISCHE BANK, BERLIN.

**PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST PA

FORGERY DENIED IN TUNNEL CASE.

Lawyer Sears Contends That It Is No Crime to Change Printed Report.

THINKS POINT IS STRONG.

Former Mayor Harrison Says Pamphlets Were Regarded as Official Papers.

Both the defense and the prosecution in the Illinois tunnel forgery case sprung "coups" at yesterday's hearing of the case.

The "coup" of the defense was sprung by Attorney N. C. Sears, who declared there had been and could be no forgery in this case, as the documents altered were not official in character, and had no "life." He spent the entire afternoon in reading supreme court decisions to uphold his contention. It is the hope of the defense that the case will be taken out of the hands of the jury and dismissed on the strength of this plea.

The "coup" of the prosecution was the introduction of former Mayor Harrison to combat the statements of the defense that the documents were not official. Mr. Harrison was conceded to be the best judge as to what the official records of the council were, and when he testified for the prosecution a profound sensation was caused.

Pamphlets Regarded as Official.

"Are these pamphlets I now show you the printed proceedings of the council?" asked Assistant State's Attorney Lindley.

"I assume they are the original records," said Mr. Harrison.

"What is the procedure of the council in approving of the minutes?"

"They are approved as found in the pamphlets, without being read."

"Did you ever see any other records, minutes, documents, purporting to be the records?"

"Only these pamphlets and the original documents."

After a few more questions regarding the pamphlets, which Mr. Harrison continued to call the only records of the council proceedings that he knew of, he was turned over to the defense for cross examination.

"Suppose there is a discrepancy between the minutes and the printed form, what did you do then?" asked Attorney Rosenthal.

"I do not remember that that question ever came up."

Mr. Rosenthal then dismissed the witness, but addressed him a moment later as he was leaving the witness stand.

Harrison to Be Recalled.

"We will want to use you as a witness for the defense later," he said, looking ominously at Mr. Harrison. When the former mayor said he was going on a hunting trip to the Huron mountains next Friday, he was promised that he would be called before that day.

City Attorney John F. Smulski was then called to the witness stand to testify as a former alderman. Mr. Rosenthal, however, said the defense would admit that the evidence of all of the aldermen, as far as the records were concerned, would be the same as Mr. Harrison's. This did not prevent him examining the city attorney.

"Do you know of a journal kept by the city clerk?" he asked.

"I do not."

"Do you know of a written record kept by the city clerk?"

"I do not."

"Have you ever been in the city clerk's office for the purpose of examining the council proofs?"

When Mr. Smulski replied that he had not, he was excused and the prosecution again took up affairs.

Bound Volume Is Missing.

During the examination of City Controller McGann it was discovered that one of the bound volumes of the unchanged proceedings had disappeared from the office of the commissioner of public works, and that search had been made for it within a month. The pamphlet, one of the few which were not destroyed when the first and "unchanged" edition of the proceedings were confiscated, is believed to have been stolen.

"How long were these pamphlets kept?" Mr. McGann was asked.

"They remained in the offices of the heads of departments as documents of the office," he replied.

He said he had attempted to find the missing volume, but without success.

Attorney W. S. Forest, armed with many volumes of authorities in substantiate his claims, then sprang to his feet and demanded that the pamphlet be excluded, as it was not the official records of the council. Attorney Sears appeared with more authorities, and the lawyers argued in relays throughout the afternoon.

Must Show Injury Done.

The contention of the defense was that, as a public record, the pamphlets in dispute were not effective, and therefore there could be no forgery of them. Mr. Sears further said in order that there be a forgery it must be shown that somebody is to be injured.

"If it can be shown that the changes said to have been made in these pamphlets have injured any person, corporation, or institution I shall be glad to hear of it," he said. "Another phase of the question that seems to have been forgotten is that it is impossible to enlarge or change an ordinance without passing a new ordinance. That would make any changed ordinance illegal and therefore ineffective."

Although State's Attorney Healy reserved the right to reopen the case of the state should it be necessary, the prosecution practically closed its side of the much contested case at noon. Mr. Healy said he thought he had conclusively shown that the pamphlets were the official records by the evidence of former Mayor Harrison, who for eight years used them as such. That other city hall officials, including the heads of the different departments of the city's government, took them as such was also shown.

The defense will resume the arguments for the exclusion of the "pamphlet documents" today, and on the result of their plea rests the case.

ALL RENTERS WILL BE WATCHED

Company Organized in Cleveland Will Supply Landlords with Information Concerning Them.

Cleveland, O., July 10.—[Special.]—The rent inquisitor is the latest. It is his business to look into the past, present, and future of all people in Cleveland who rent property. He will know the renters' records and keep track of the size of families for the benefit of the landlord.

The National Information bureau of Cleveland was incorporated at Columbus on Monday, with a capital stock of $10,000. This is the first institution of its kind in the country, and, if it is a success, offices will be opened all over the United States.

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CARTER H. HARRISON SAYS ASSESSORS OVERLOOKED STOCKS.

Former Mayor's Request That $12,241 in Negotiable Paper Held by Him Be Scheduled Is Granted by the Board—Reviewers Spend Busy Day in Annulling the Estimates Made Against Widows and Orphans—Many Complaints Are Heard.

When the board of assessors got busy making a list of taxable stocks held by Chicagoans they overlooked $12,241 in negotiable paper held by former Mayor Carter Harrison. There can be no doubt of this, because the man who held the wheel of Chicago's ship of state for eight years makes the assertion himself—and he ought to know. The board of review was busying itself cutting down estimates made against widows and orphans yesterday when the former mayor had his say. He did not come in person to ask an increase in his taxes. He wrote a letter in which he said his assessment was too low.

Harrison's Request Is Granted.

Mr. Harrison took no exception to the assessors' figures that he had only $2,996 in cash, but he did find that the assessment of $18,249 was $12,241.94 shy. He placed his holdings at $30,490.94, and he asked the reviewing board to accept his word for the increase in taxable property. It is seldom that the board receives such a request, and when they remembered who Carter H. Harrison was they unanimously decided to oblige him.

Mayor Harrison's letter came as a relief to the board. The day was set aside to hear complaints of widows and orphans. From early in the morning until 4 o'clock in the evening widows and mothers appeared to ask reductions. In nearly all cases the estimates of the board of assessors were reduced, and in many cases the names of the women were stricken from the tax lists. After the slaughter was over the board felt that it was nearer right than when it started in, and yet it congratulated itself on the final showing.

Widows' Assessments Annulled.

Among those whose assessments were annulled were:

Beasley, Mrs. M. G., 3028 Michigan avenue, $400.
Bolton, Mrs. Annie, 585 Ogden avenue, $500.
Cohen, Mrs. N., 3323 South Park avenue, $1,000.
Connelly, Mrs. N., with four children, 12 Ada street, $350.
Eaton, Mrs. Sarah J., 192 Twenty-fifth street, $500.
Kerr, Mrs. M. A., 30 Walton place, $300.
Strump, Mrs. Rose, 952 Taylor street, $350.
Von Boehetle, Mrs. L. R., 2312 Rhodes avenue, $400.

Old Soldier's Assessment Annulled.

Edward Jarvis, an old soldier living at 704 Jackson boulevard, said that any assessment against him was incorrect. He said his income was $8 a month. His assessment was annulled. Mrs. H. Ehlers, 562 Thomas street, was assessed $400. She said that she had little or nothing, that her husband was a bricklayer, and that he had lost a great deal of work in the last year through strikes.

Reviewer Upham declared that the board of assessors had put the names of 20,000 persons on the tax lists who have nothing that is assessable.

DEMOCRAT HEADS COMMISSION.

John Barnes of Rhinelander Is Elected Chairman of Wisconsin's New Railroad Rate Board.

Madison, Wis., July 10.—[Special.]—John Barnes of Rhinelander was elected chairman of the new railroad rate commission this afternoon. The salary of each commissioner is $5,000 a year. Barnes is a democrat and a prominent attorney of northern Wisconsin. He was one of the administration attorneys in the case before the Supreme court last year to determine the regular republican ticket. The secretary of the commission was not elected.

LAKE SHIPPING NEWS.

Vessel Movements.

ERIE, Pa.—Arrived—Eddy, Glasgow. Cleared—Coal: Marshall, Coburg; Orion, light, Chicago.

CONNEAUT, O.—Cleared—Coal: Carry, Superior. Light: Sill, Carnegie, Wilkinson, Duluth.

HURON, O.—Arrived—Siberia, Aurora. Cleared—Coal: Pawnee, Owen Sound. Light: Australia, Duluth.

PORT HURON, Mich.—Arrived—Saranac, Strathcona, Scott, Gebhart. Departed—Donnaconna, light, Duluth.

LORAIN, O.—Arrived—Mabel Wilson, Walker. Cleared—Coal: Osoko, Moore, Duluth. Light: Sahara, Duluth.

MARQUETTE, Mich.—Arrived—Livingstone, Ketchum, Presley. Cleared—Pontiac, Cleveland; Hawgood, Buffalo.

SOUTH CHICAGO, Ill.—Cleared—Grover, Escanaba; Gretiah, W. P. Palmer; E. M. Peck, Nicholas, Crescent City, Superior.

CLEVELAND, O.—Arrived—Cranage, Aztec, P. Foster, Agawa. Cleared—Coal: Cornberry, Duluth. Light: Bangor, Angeline, Checotah, Duluth.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—Arrived—W. L. Smith, Kensington, C. B. Hill. Cleared—Coal: Brazil, Sheboygan; Keefe, Chicago; Cartagena, Duluth. Light: Sinaloa, Galatea, A. E. Stewart, Superior; Wells, Duluth.

PORT COLBORNE, Ont.—Up—Ionia, Ashtabula; Annex, Fort William; Athemona, Birkhead and consorts, Buffalo; Simla and consort, Parent, Cleveland; Rosemount and consort, Port Arthur; Averrell, Chicago. Down—Vanessa. Cleared—Mary and consort, Buffalo.

DULUTH-SUPERIOR—Arrived—Weeks, Colonel, Sonora, Sultana, Jupiter, Donnconna, Saxon, Robert Wallace, Lindsay, Meyers, Winnipeg, Reed. Departed—North Star, Duluth, merchandise, Buffalo; Ball Brothers, J. Gilchrist, Pendelton, Big Wells, Moore, Taylor, ore, Lake Erie.

ESCANABA, Mich.—Arrived—R. Mills, Cumberland, Athens, Cuba. Cleared—Panther, South Chicago; Falcon, Boyne City; Winnebago, Elk Rapids; Niagara, Muthy, Grecian, Iron King, Iron Queen, Zenith City, Bath, Bay City, Hainesa, Cerrona, Martha, Clyde, Argonaut, Pratt, Erie ports.

ASHLAND, Wis.—Arrived—Monkshaven, Barlum, Stephenson, Wall, Grammer, Massachusetts. Cleared—Ore—Centurion, Gratwick, Spencer, Reis, Lake ports; Cargo, Morse, Chicago.

MACKINAW CITY, Mich.—Up—Helena, 3 Monday morning; Raleigh and consort, 5:10; Sacham and consort, 9:40; Republic, 7:30; Farmer, St. Marie, 1:50; John Duncan and consort, 6; C. C. Barnes, Commodore, 10; Clement, 11:30; Three Brothers, noon; Binghamton, 12:30 p. m.; Alfred Mitchell, 2:20; Lewiston, Montesano, 2; Robert Rhodes, Mahoning, 2:30; McVittie, 3; America, 6:10. Down—Hard, Rochester, Zenith City, Guild, 12:30 Monday morning; Lake steamer, 2:20; Lake Shore, 2:30; Maryland, 2:40; Poe and consort, 2:50; Corona, 3; Clyde, 3:50; Flower, 4:40; Superior, 5:20; Omaha, Bay City, and consort; Talbaska and consort, 1:50 p. m.; Chicago, 3; Wyoming, 5:15; Ramapo, 6:40; Scranton, 8; Conemaugh, 9. Wind southwest, 8 miles; clear.

DETROIT, Mich.—Up—Richardson, 9:20 Sunday night; London, 10; Fulton, Martha, Ralph, barge, 12:20 Monday morning; Wright, 2; Utica, 6:40; Hines, barges, 10; Farrell, 10; Chamberlain, 2 p. m.; Norseman, 4; Tuscarora, 7. Down—Lafayette, 9:30 Sunday night; Parks Foster, 11; Helen C., 2:30; Sheila, Carroll, 11:40; St. Louis, 1 Monday morning; Lansing, Ends, whaleback, 2; Toltec and consort, 2:30; Marube, Adams, 3:30; Corsican, Holden, 4:20; Matthews, 5:10, 6:20; Rees, 6; Northern Wave, 6:30; M. C. Smith, 7:50; Rallyuga, 8:40; Kirby, Hartnell, 9; Sewona, Charlton, 9:40; Paul H. Carnahan, 10; Cuyler, 10:15; Hanna, 11; Robbins, 11:15; Vance, W. W. Brown, 11:40; Thomas Davidson, noon; Wisconsin, 12:40 p. m.; Harvey Brown, 1; Maumee, Aurania, 2; Whitaker, Warmington, 3:40; Harlow, Niagara, 4:15; Vermillion, Bacon, 5:15; Empire City, J. Gilchrist, 7; Arabian, 7:20; Imperial and consort, 9.

SAULT STE. MARIE, Mich.—Up—J. R. Ketchum, Frank Gilchrist, 9:30 Sunday night; Colborn, 10; Brown, midnight; Monday morning; George Peavey, 3; Gilbert and consort, 4; Corelia, 4:30; Schuck, Theano, 5; Osborne, Parker, 6; Walda, 6:30; Lake Spalding, 7; Japan, 7:30; Steel King, Argo [passenger], A. E. Stewart, 8; Matsafa, 8:30; Presque Isle, Edenborn, 9:40; Yosemite, 10:20; Black Rock, Wade, Bill, Black, 11; Merida, 11:30; Pushaw, noon; D. C. Whitney, Saunders, 1 p. m.; Neff, 1:30; Chisholm, 2:30; Houghton, Corliss, Warren, Crosthwaite, White and Priest, Erie, Lester, Uranus, 3; L. C. Hanna, 4:40; Colgate, Carrington, Fox, Smeaton, Stephenson and whaleback, 5; Trevor, Marijana, Linn, Lyman Smith, 8:30; Saturn, Spokane, Northwest, 9:30; N. Mills, Anderson, 8:30. Down—Cornell, Choctaw, 11 Sunday night; Shaw, W. H. Mack, 11:30; Wm. Finland, Wawatam, 1; T. Hutchinson, 2:30 Monday morning; Van Hise, Marsala, 4; Northern Light, 6; Howe Corsica, Thomas, Yuma, 8; Haddington, Athabasca, 9; Bryce, Bryan, 9:30; Hart, Ambrig, 10; Tacoma, Georger, 11; Carl, Magna, Cowle, 11:40; Pioneer, Chattanooga, 12:30 p. m.; Nye, 1:30; Anna Minch, Monona, 3; Pathfinder, Yasmore, D. M. Miley, Tyrone, Clemson, 3; Bay State, Bombay, Berkshire, 5:30; Sawyer, Redfern, Tuxbury, Bocapa, Iroquois [wooden], 8.

Port of Chicago.

Arrived—Merchandise—Rome, Chemung, Muncy, Buffalo. Coal—W. H. Egan, Buffalo; Britannic, Madagascar, Mackinaw. Lumber, etc.—Pine Lake, Albana, J. Mee, Sturgeon Bay; C. B. Packard, Copper Harbor; C. H. Starke, Rogers City; E. Buckley, Hampton; N. Nesmith, Traverse City; Gettysburg, Grand Marais. Light—Minnehaha, Muskegon; G. N. Orr, Manitowoc; Pueblo, Milwaukee.

Cleared—Merchandise—R. Langdon, Ogdensburg; Lehigh, Erie. Grain—Cadeo, Buffalo; George Stone, Owen Sound; Osceola, Montreal; Minnehaha, Muskegon. Light—C. Buckley, Empire; L. Nau, Cecil, Bay; N. J. Nessen, Wells; C. H. Starke, Detroit; Normandie, Manistee; Butcher Boy, Cockburn Island; J. Mee, Boyne City.

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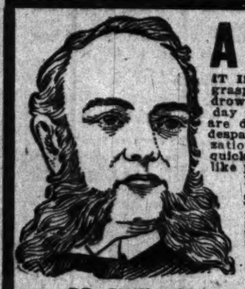

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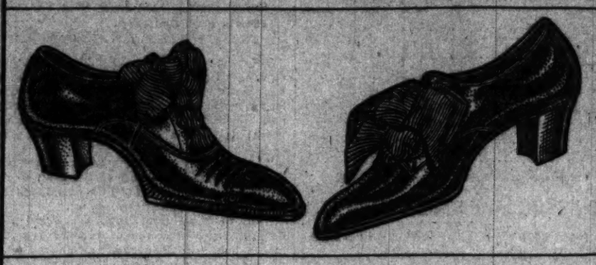

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THE TRIBUNE will keep constantly on hand a large supply of literature concerning resorts advertised in its columns; also time cards, special rates, and other printed matter of interest to resorters.

Special information regarding particular resorts, distance from Chicago, rates and transportation, will be furnished on request.

Inquiries should be made by mail, stating as fully as possible location and nature of resort about which information is desired.

Address:

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Forest Park & King's Highway, St. Louis, Mo. A SELECT FAMILY AND TRANSIENT HOTEL. A Summer Resort within 20 minutes' ride of all the theater, business and shopping districts. Take Laclede electric cars that pass the Union Station. Only 15 minutes' ride to the hotel. Attractive rates made for the summer.
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Located on the east shore of Lake Michigan. One mile from Grand Haven. Reached from Chicago by the Goodrich Line Steamers and Pere Marquette Railway. A ride of 14 hours from St. Louis. A Summer Resort delightfully located and well conducted. For rates and other information address
MANAGER, Spring Lake, or E. C. DYER, The Buckingham.

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American and European Plan.
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Out of the city, yet within ten minutes of it. Has 1,000 feet of broad verandas; 450 handsomely furnished outside rooms with a lake view; 250 private baths. Automobiles and other guests should visit
New European Dining Room
overlooking Garden, Beach and Lake, where they will find perfect service & receive every attention.

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FRUIT FARM AND RESORT
So. Haven, Mich. F. C. Taylor, Prop.
Two miles north of city; first bus free. 80 rods from lake. Fine bathing. Can accommodate 100. Lots of shade, ample grounds for outdoor sports. Finest table in Michigan. Dancing and reception halls. Write for particulars.

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Hotel and Cottages on the bank of the Wisconsin river in the center of upper "Dells." Now open. Write for booklet and rates.
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Benton Harbor, Mich. for health. Park—20 acres. Hotel, cottages, baths. Take electric cars. Finest mineral waters; strongest natural lithia waters, medinal qualities unequaled; cool and quiet. $8 to $10 per week. For information regarding hotel address MRS. R. R. SHEPARD. Address inquiries regarding waters to W. HAROLD WOODRUFF, Benton Harbor, Mich.

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Largest and highest lake in Indiana. The Wawasee Inn now open. Write for booklet.
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European and American plan. Okauchee Lake, Okauchee, Wis. Cleethorpe's Villa to rent in part or whole; furnished or unfurnished. Hotel, $1.50 per day, or $7 to $10 per week; best and cheapest in locality; livery and barber shop in connection; boats, bait and fishing tackle. W. A. LACY, Prop.

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Good fishing, boating and bathing. Home cooking. Beautiful scenery and trails. Health restoring place.

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At Kenilworth, Ill., on the North Shore, half hour ride from the city. Pleasant rooms. Tempting table. A delightful place to spend the summer months.

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McEWAN'S FRUIT FARM RESORT,
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